

HEAVY COUNTER ATTACKS BY RUSSO-RUMANIANS IN RUMANIA

The Russo-Rumanian defense of the Sereth line in northern Rumania has turned to the form of heavy counter attacks, which are being delivered both along the Moldavian frontier and between Pokshani and the Danube. Berlin today announced two such attacks, each driving in strong force and each without permanent advantage.

It is admitted that in assaults between the Kasino and Suchitza valleys in the Moldavian mountains the Rumanians penetrated the German position at one point but this success is declared to have been but temporary, a counter attack expelling the entire forces.

Attempt to Push Back Teutons

The most ambitious attempt to push back the Teutonic front was made along the main Sereth line between the mountains and the Danube in the vicinity of Rumania. Russian troops in mass formation were thrown into a storm attack yesterday afternoon and evening after violent artillery preparation. Here, too, the Teutonic lines were reached, during the second effort, but could not be held by the attacking forces. The deadly Austro-German counter attack, however, drove the main Russian attack, Berlin declares.

Elsewhere there has been little fighting, so far as the current official statements reveal. There are signs of possible impending activities of an important nature, however, along the front in Macedonia.

German General in Greece

In this connection interest attaches to a news agency report of the presence in Greece of Gen. von Falkenhausen, former chief of the German general staff and latterly in command of important forces in the Rumanian campaign. He is said to have reached Larissa after having travelled in a submarine from Kavala.

A report sent from Saloniki by the correspondent of a Paris agency says the Greek government is in constant communication with Berlin by means

LAWSON FURNISHES MORE THRILLS AT

"LEAK" INQUIRY

Says "Unless Chairman Henry Said What I Say He Did, I Am Guilty of Perjury and Unfit to be Anywhere Outside Bars of Prison"—Morgan and Other Big Bankers Subpoenaed

Thomas W. Lawson, the Boston financier, who yesterday, while testifying before the house rules committee, sprung a sensation by stating that Chairman Henry of the committee was the congressman that first mentioned a cabinet officer's name in connection with the alleged leak on President Wilson's peace note, also told him of other high officials, who, he said, were involved, again occupied the witness stand today. He gave more sensational testimony, which resulted in the issue of subpoenas for men high in the official and business world.

LAWSON CULLED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—With administration officials, bankers and other well known men waiting to testify on Thomas W. Lawson's testimony that he had heard they were connected with a stock market leak on President Wilson's peace note, the house rules committee today resumed its hearings with Lawson on the stand.

McAdoo and Tumulty to Testify

Secretary McAdoo, who Lawson said he was given to understand was the mysterious cabinet member involved in his statements, Secretary Tumulty, who Lawson said one of his informants told him was connected with the alleged leak; Paul M. Warburg of the federal reserve board who Lawson said had knowledge of the leak machinery and half a dozen other well known men were waiting to testify under subpoena, or had come before the committee voluntarily. Before Lawson had been on the stand an hour today the scope of the investigation broadened to take in some nationally known names not hitherto mentioned.

Morgan Subpoenaed

On motion of Representative Harrison, democrat, the committee subpoenaed J. P. Morgan, J. S. Bache, Henry P. Davidson, Frank A. Vanderlip, Arthur Lipper and Sol C. Wexler, all prominent bankers. Mr. Harrison did not disclose his reason for asking for the appearance of the witnesses.

Reiterates Charge Against Henry

At the outset of today's hearing Lawson went over his recital of how he said Chairman Henry himself told him a cabinet member, a senator and a banker were a stock gambling ring.

Referring to Henry's denial that he ever told Lawson such things, Lawson dramatically declared: "Unless your chairman said what I said he did, I am guilty of foul perjury and unfit to be anywhere outside the bars of a prison."

Lawson Takes Stand

Thomas W. Lawson was called to the witness stand again today when the house rules committee resumed its hearing on the alleged leak to the stock market on President Wilson's peace note.

Mr. Lawson testified that when he left Washington after talking with Chairman Henry he went to New York and talked with several publishers. Will you state the substance of what you told them?

"When was the interview of what had happened in Washington," Lawson began slowly, "and told them I would like to get their advice on whether I should go further or drop the entire matter. I said much more than I related here yesterday. I told them that morning and called their attention to what appeared to be an unfair slant that it took."

"After I left Henry's office I went to New York and first called on John O'Hara Cosgrave in his editorial rooms in the New York World on the following morning."

"I asked them the interview with Erman J. Ridgeway."

"Tuesday, Jan. 3."

"Where did you see him?"

"At my rooms in the Belmont hotel, New York."

"You spoke of seeing Donald McDonald?"

"In the early morning of Jan. 3, I came right from the train and sat down in the Belmont hotel breakfast room, when Mr. McDonald came in and sat at a table across the aisle. He spoke to me. I hadn't spoken to Mr. McDonald for probably 15 years. But he spoke to me and asked me what was going on in Washington. I told him of these things that happened in New York and said I would like

GARDNER ON JOB BUT HAS NOT QUALIFIED FOR THE POSITION

Commissioner Brown said this morning that Robert Gardner had not qualified for the position of superintendent of water works, but that he was going to take the job. Mr. Brown stated as a reason why Mr. Gardner had not qualified, that he did not wish him to lose his civil service rating before the outcome of the Thomas case becomes known. Mr. Brown, however, assured the newspapermen that Mr. Gardner would take the position.

It has been noted about that Mr. Gardner did not intend to take the office and, in fact, when asked yesterday if he intended to qualify, he replied that he did not know.

The house in West Sixth street, owned by the city, and which is for the occupancy of the water superintendent, is still being occupied by Mr. Thomas.

City's Gross Debt

The total gross debt of the city is \$5,176,837.60 and the total borrowing capacity for 1917 is \$801,105.13, according to the financial statement of the

Stock Market Notes

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—United States Steel, the shipping group and Industrial Alcohol, were the strongest issues at today's opening with gains of 1 to 2 points on moderate dealings. Mexican also were firm on the dissolution of the joint commission. Equipments, notably Baldwin Locomotive, General Electric and Westinghouse, were higher by material fractions and rails manifested a better tendency, especially coals. Coppers also made further responses to favorable trade conditions and leather issues were in better demand.

The market broadened considerably before the end of the first hour, embracing many inactive specialties and calls. Motors were among the strongest issues at gains of 2 to 3 points. Equipments, munitions and oils increased initial quotations and shipments and sugars also advanced. Cotton advanced from 1-1/2 to almost 4 points. Reading, Norfolk & Western, Lehigh Valley and Canadian Pacific were among the strong and active calls. Bonds were firm.

Further advances were made by railway shares in the afternoon. Reading gained almost 3 points and Norfolk & Western 2. Among industrials and specialties realizing sales caused minor recessions. Steel, however, advancing to 114.

Exchanges

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Exchanges, \$716,209,437; Baltimore, \$33,411,633.

Boston Market

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—After an irregular opening metal shares were stronger in the early trading on the local exchange today. Fractional gains were recorded in most instances. Trading was light.

Cotton Futures

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Cotton futures opened in steady trading. January, 17.10; March, 17.14; May, 17.63; July, 17.61; October, 16.40.

City Council Holds Brief Meeting

A session of the city council which was conducted with calmness and despatch and which was productive of no thrills whatsoever for the handful of spectators in the gallery, was held this morning. The meeting convened at 10 o'clock. Commissioners Morse and Donnelly being absent as Clerk Flynn called the roll, but they both came in shortly afterward.

A petition of Mary N. Wiggins for a garage license in Belmont avenue was referred.

The N.E.T.&T. Co., through J. W. Hammond, petitioned for authority to erect and maintain three poles in Warren street, east from Billerica street, to supply service to John O. Burman at 20 Warren street. It was referred.

A petition of Nellie T. Hayes, who sought to recover from the city for bodily injury, was referred to the law department, as was the petition of Archie Lacey, 138 Pleasant street, who represented his wife, the latter seeking recovery for personal damages received in Andover street.

The mayor announced the receipt of communications addressed to the municipal council from Robert J. Thomas and Edward H. Foye and they were ordered placed on file.

Garage and gasoline licenses were granted Charles A. Cote of Coral St.; Abraham Gustaf, Worcester street; R. R. Park, Varnum avenue; Patrick Conner, Riverside street, and the Bay State drive house in Howe street.

Commissioner Morse reported on the petition of D. A. Lambert and others for the construction of a sewer in Christian street for a length of about 300 feet. Mr. Morse said that this matter was feasible at this time and that the construction of a sewer there would cost as much as the Oakland sewer. The petition was ordered placed on file.

Commissioners Brown and Warnock offered the following motion:

"Whereas, the city of Lowell by action of its municipal council made an order of taking, Dec. 26, 1916, for various purposes on the southerly side of Park avenue, over and through certain property and more particularly described in said order, it is hereby voted that the commissioner of public works and hereby is authorized and instructed to enter and take possession for the purposes of constructing a park upon the premises so taken and to cause a record of such entry to be made in the files of his department and in the office of the city clerk."

The motion was unanimously voted. The mayor asked Mr. Morse if it was too early to ask for the plans for paving city streets this year.

"We will do all that we can," said Mr. Morse, "but I can't get labor or stone. I put five more men at work on the Appleton street sewer job this morning, making a total gang of 25. We will get out a paving schedule. Market, Appleton, Crosby streets and Broadway will come first. I also have petitions to pave Lakeview avenue from Bridge to Aiken streets; Chalmers street from Westford to Plain, and the farther end of Bridge street. I have in the neighborhood of \$20,000 now. Broadway ought to be paved from one end to the other. I may have to drop all macadamized work because I can't get stone, and go on block paving work."

Mr. Morse spoke for a few minutes on the shingle ordinance and then moved adjournment until Tuesday, Jan. 23, at 10 a. m. Adjourned at 10:20 o'clock.

A delegation of scholars from the Charles W. Morse school, with the master, W. W. Dennett, were present at the meeting. The boys are members of an applied civil government class being taught by Mr. Dennett at the school. The boys were afterward shown about the building.

Mathew Minstrels, Thurs., Associate.

PROVISION DEALERS IN POLICE COURT

Seven local provision dealers were arraigned before Judge Burgett at this morning's session of the police court on complaints charging them with unlawfully exposing for sale cold storage goods. All pleaded nolo contendere, and in each case a fine of \$5 was imposed. Another merchant charged him with unlawfully exposing for sale cold storage

Continued to last page

CALENDARS

regularly each year.

If you will come to the Bank or send your address by mail, your name will be put on its mailing list.

THE LOWELL INSTITUTION

For Savings

18 SHATTUCK STREET

Will be pleased to have you receive one of its

CALENDARS

regularly each year.

If you will come to the Bank or send your address by mail, your name will be put on its mailing list.

CHALIFOUX'S

ON THE SQUARE

KEEP THE SNOW BALL ROLLING

There's a big snow ball rolling around your town, picking up all the time, growing larger and larger. It's something to be in on the rolling of this ball. It is called Good Report. We have been serving our customers to the best of our ability for a long time now and people are talking favorably about us everywhere.

This helps us to the farther you push the ball of Good Report the easier it will become. It stimulates us to the effort that means saving to you.

THE LOWELL INSTITUTION

For Savings

18 SHATTUCK STREET

Will be pleased to have you receive one of its

CALENDARS

regularly each year.

If you will come to the Bank or send your address by mail, your name will be put on its mailing list.

ADMIRAL DEWEY NEAR DEATH AT HOME

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Admiral Dewey's condition at 8:30 o'clock this morning was said by his doctors to be "distinctly worse" and it was feared he would not live through the day.

Dr. Paunier issued this bulletin: "Admiral Dewey has slowly declined during the night and early morning. His lungs are beginning to become affected. Temperature by axilla, 102; pulse, 120; respiration, 22. His breathing is more labored and his kidneys depressed. Swallowing is very difficult and his general condition is distinctly worse."

Another statement issued by Dr. Paunier at noon said: "The admiral is slightly worse than at the time the first statement was issued today."

At 1:10 p. m. Doctors Paunier and Sheldon issued this statement: "The admiral is slowly sinking. The end may come at any time."

Mathew Minstrels, Thurs., Broderick's.

BENJAMIN BUCK CASE LISTED FOR TRIAL TODAY

The case of Benjamin Buck of Taunton, charged with assault and battery on Capt. James Brosnan, Patrolman James Cassidine and Clyde R. Aldrich, which was scheduled to go on trial today at the criminal session of the superior court in East Cambridge, had not been called at the time of going to press this afternoon. Buck is the man who fired on the three officers when they attempted to place him under arrest at or near the plant of the Avery Chemical Co. in Weymouth a couple of months ago. He used a shotgun and Capt. James Brosnan was quite seriously wounded, shot taking effect in his face, arms and hands. Buck had been drinking and liquor was said to have been responsible for his action.

DANIEL H. EAMES DEAD

WORCESTER, Jan. 16.—Daniel H. Eames, 60 years old, for sixty years engaged in the clothing trade in Worcester died today. He was a native of Hopkinton.

MORE SHIPS SUNK

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The British steamship Martin of 1940 tons gross, and the Swedish steamer Norma of 1557 tons, have been sunk, according to an announcement made today at Lloyd's shipping agency.

FARRELL & CONATON

PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS

243 DUTTON ST. Tel. 1513

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

OF RECOGNIZED VALUE

The evening newspaper is the recognized advertising medium that reaches the home and is read and discussed not only at the dinner table, but throughout the evening, when the whole family can study the advertisements and leisurely make plans for the next day's shopping. Successful merchants realize this and make their announcements through

THE SUN

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

THE MORRIS PLAN

TO BORROW

\$50 costs \$4 per year, payable \$1 a week for 50 weeks.

\$100 costs \$8 per year, payable \$2 a week for 50 weeks.

\$200 costs \$16 per year, payable \$4 a week for 50 weeks.

Smaller or larger amounts if needed

"CHARACTER IS THE BASIS OF CREDIT."

We will appreciate an opportunity of explaining the plan.

THE LOWELL MORRIS PLAN CO.

18 SHATTUCK STREET

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

BOY WOULD GO WITH "MR. BUFFALO BILL"

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 15.—The editor of the Denver Times received the following letter yesterday:

"Mr. Buffalo Bill, Denver: Dear Sir—My grandpa told me this morning we were ready to start for the happy hunting grounds. He said a long time ago they had perhaps given you the end of a golden string and told you to wind it into a ball and after you had it most all wound up and it led you to the happy hunting grounds and after you got there they would lock the gate and throw the key away as you were the last one they had been waiting for. Mr. Buffalo Bill, I want to go to the happy hunting grounds too. It looks to me like a nice place that just heaven, where they have only gold streets and harps and angels and things. Mr. Buffalo Bill, will you please take the key and hold the gate and make room for just me. I am a little fellow and don't take much room now and I will come as soon as I get through here. Then they can lock the gate and throw the key away forever and ever.

(Signed) "Robert Curless Talbot, 4500 West Willow St., Gatewood, Seattle.

"P. S.—Mr. Buffalo Bill my grandpa says you may have left so I send this letter to a man who works on a big paper and lives there, so if you have started he may know how where to find you, for I know he was the only man who knew where the west began.

"Bob."

WIFE SLAYER SENTENCED

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—J. Maurice Pettit, who killed his young wife, Katherine Pettit, by cutting her throat in their home last August, "to keep her pure," as he said, was sentenced to life imprisonment by Judge Barrett in the criminal court yesterday. Pettit pleaded guilty. The argument of his counsel was that Pettit was unbalanced mentally.

GIRLS! WOMEN! TAKE CASCARETS IF CONSTIPATED

They live your liver and bowels
and clear your
complexion.

Don't stay headachy, bilious
with breath bad and
stomach sour.

Get a 10-cent box now.
Tonight sure! Take Cascarets and
enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and
bowel cleansing you ever experienced.
Cascarets will live your liver and
clean your thirty feet of bowels
without griping. Your head will be
feeling grand. Your head will be
clear, bright, right, tongue clean,
stomach sweet, eyes bright, step
elastic and complexion rosy—they're
wonderful. Get a 10-cent box now
at any drug store. Mothers can
safely give a whole Cascaret to chil-
dren any time when cross, feverish,
bilious, tongue coated or constipated
—they are harmless.

Big Sugar Special All This Week

10 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar .59
With a pound of High Grade
Baking Powder .50
Both .50

5 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar .29
With a pound of Fresh Roasted
Coffee .35
Both .34

100 Green Stamps with a
pound of High Grade Tea .60
Another Big Special This Week
—A Double Boiler with a
pound of High Grade Tea .60

If you have not already received
a Calendar, it is not too late to call
for one.



68 MERRIMACK STREET

SAVE TIME

When you want one of the
medicinal preparations that is ad-
vertised in this or other papers,
don't go from store to store,
come here.

Freezone, Plant Juice, Pinex; all
the newest as well as the old, re-
liable remedies are to be found
here. Phone us and we'll send
anything.

Two Phones, 1962—82573

HOWARD The Druggist,
197 Central St.

8 Ozs.
FINEST
VANILLA
EXTRACT

For 65c

**TALBOT'S
CHEMICAL STORE**
40 MIDDLE ST.

BOY BURGLARS' LOOT FOUND UNDERGROUND

NEW LONDON, Conn., Jan. 15.—After a series of mysterious burglaries in the Pequon summer colony and along the river front to Gates Ferry, police men Beebe, Sheehan and Kavanaugh last night arrested three boys, who are believed to be guilty of the wholesale looting.

The boys are Maurice Glazer, Ellis Schaffer and Everett Bolton, all about 15 years old, of respectable families.

It is reported one of the boys confessed and "squealed" on his associates. In addition, he piloted the officers to woods adjacent to the Pequon colony and several hundred dollars' worth of jewelry, silverware and household furnishings were found buried deep in the ground.

SAYS EDISON CO. COULD HAVE SAVED MILLIONS

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—The Edison company might have saved millions of dollars in the construction of power plants, purchase of equipment, making of coal contracts and other operating expenditures, according to testimony given to the gas and electric light commission yesterday by Reginald J. S. Pigott of New York, expert on mechanical and electrical engineering.

So much time was taken up by expert Pigott's arraignment of the business methods of the Edison company that the commission was unable to begin its examination of President Edgar as to the expenditures to the low firm of Burdett, Wardwell & Ives, which was scheduled for yesterday.

Beginning with his assertion at the morning session that \$2,468,723 might have been saved if the company had been careful in its expenditures for construction of the L street plant in South Boston, Pigott devoted the balance of the day to a discussion of coal contracts and expenses connected with the purchase and operation of equipment.

Raps Coal Contracts

Mr. Pigott said he examined a coal contract made for one year by the Edison company with C. L. Sprague & Son of Boston, beginning March 1, 1912. In that contract the Edison company paid \$2.75 a ton for coal, L. O. Newport News or Sewell's Point, Va., and in Mr. Pigott's opinion it was not a favorable contract because the coal was to be so-called "run-of-mine" coal, in other words, not selected. There was a provision in the contract which allowed for a certain premium if the coal came above the standard.

In another contract which he examined, Mr. Pigott said a five-year contract, beginning Sept. 1, 1915, allowed for a charge of \$2.75 for coal and a charge of \$2.85 a ton for not and slack coal. This also was unfavorable to the company, in the opinion of the expert.

Further criticism of the Edison management was made by Mr. Pigott regarding the purchase of two turbine engines. The Edison company paid \$100,000 for each of the turbines, while under the same conditions the Commonwealth Edison company of Chicago paid \$55,000 each for theirs.

Moreover, there was a lack of efficiency in operation of the turbines, according to Mr. Pigott. The combined operating cost of four Edison company turbines was, according to their own figures, \$722 per horsepower. The figures of Expert Pigott showed that the combined cost should not be more than \$275 per horsepower.

The so-called 41 plant of the Edison company at L Street, South Boston, was unnecessary in 1915, the date of the company's figures given to the commission, and is not necessary now, according to the expert. The total capacity of that station, 105,000 kilowatts, should be reduced to 10,000 kilowatts, he said.

"My investigation shows me," the expert said, "that the charge of the L street station was \$750,000, while I have figured out that a fair investment charge, figured on the basis of an 8,000 kilowatt station, is \$525,000. The accounts of the company are so involved that I have to accept these figures. I never saw such a confused set of accounts to get at the real life. Most heating and railway companies adopt a standard method of keeping such accounts, but the Edison accounts, so far as I can find out, are not kept according to any standard method.

Among the items which Expert Pigott told the commission he found listed on the cost of the power eliminated from the cost of the power was the cost of installing the No. 1 turbine. This turbine he would have excluded from the station.

He would also have eliminated the cost of the station 41, which the company places at \$1,255,000.

"The station 41 is not used for generating purposes and certainly is not needed," the expert said. "Further, I find that the kilowatt cost is \$68.60, which I find somewhat high for a power station of that size."

"PROVIDENCE KID SENTENCED

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—John Russell, known as the "Providence Kid," was sentenced to the house of correction for six months, yesterday, on a plea of guilty, on a charge of delivering drugs. He was arrested in Hamilton place, where a crowd of drug users

assembled, the police say, to get the drugs from Russell.

Josephine Harris, sentenced on a charge of larceny to the house of correction for six months, was given an additional month in the superior criminal court for having a drug in her possession.

Dr. James W. Stevens, whose case in Middlesex county for violating the drug law was not passed, pleaded guilty before Judge Morton, yesterday, to a charge of conspiracy to sell drugs and John P. Smith, a West End druggist, on the same charge entered a like plea. Both will come up for sentence later.

Dr. Samuel F. Noble of Massachusetts avenue was held in \$2000 bail on an indictment containing 91 counts alleging that he unlawfully prescribed to 13 persons known to be drug users at different times. He pleaded not guilty. His offices were raided a short time ago.

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GEN. VON FALKENHAYN SAID TO BE IN GREECE

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The presence in Greece of Gen. von Falkenhayn, former German chief of staff and late in command of part of the forces engaged in the campaign against Rumania is reported in French official quarters at Saloniki, according to a Reuter despatch from that point. Gen. von Falkenhayn is said to have embarked on a submarine at the Greek port of Kavala, now in the hands of the Germans, and to have landed at a point on the Greek coast, whence he made his way to Larissa.

Previous messages from Saloniki said it was General Baron von Falkenhayn, a member of the German military commission that went to Greece in 1915, who made the trip in the submarine.

MANY VOLUNTEERS FOR GERMANY'S HOME ARMY

REPORTING SO STEADILY THAT
COMPULSION WILL NOT BE
RESORTED TO

BERLIN, Jan. 15, via London, Jan. 15.—Volunteers for Germany's "home army" are many in number and are volunteering so steadily and so fast that compulsion under the terms of the civil service law of November will not have to be resorted to in the future and may never be necessary, according to Dr. Kurt Sorge, civil chief of staff in the war bureau. The volume of volunteering has come, frankly, as a pleasant surprise to the officials. The country has gradually realized that the war bureau intends to enroll civilian workers only by slow degrees so as to disturb legitimate business as little as possible.

Women, though unaffected by the civil service law have volunteered in great numbers and the bureau has even had to exert a strict check on the youthful volunteers so that they should be the number wanting to leave school in order to work in some way for the fatherland. Only a small percentage of volunteers have been definitely accepted so far but the aggregate is already large enough to replace several thousand soldiers weekly who have been engaged in interior garrison duty, bridge watching service and on posts. These soldiers have been sent into administration districts close behind the front and in turn have many more thousands for actual service on the battle line.

According to Dr. Sorge, the opposition which the war bureau anticipated from the start from various sources such as labor unions has failed absolutely to materialize. On the contrary, he says, the unions are aiding the civil service plan enthusiastically as well as a number of branches of the Reich. Dr. Sorge says that the percentage of strikers has been growing smaller from week to week and has now dwindled to such an extent that compulsion is not even being considered.

RAILROAD NOT HELD RESPONSIBLE

JUDGE PICKMAN REPORTS ON IN-
QUEST INTO DEATH OF JEREMIAH MOYNIHAN

Associate Justice John J. Pickman, who held an inquest on the death of Jeremiah Moynihan, killed by a train on the Boston and Maine railroad on the South street crossing, June 2, 1915, has reported. His report deals with the death was not caused by the negligence of the railroad or its officers, agents or servants.

The finding concludes as follows: "For a number of years prior to the day of the accident the defendant was in the employ of the Boston & Maine railroad and about two months before the accident to him he was appointed assistant foreman. Two or three weeks before the date of the accident to him there had been a strike of a number of train hands that were employed by the railroad on the division where said Moynihan was employed and at the time of the strike he left his work with a number of others of his fellow employees.

"On the Monday prior to the accident he went back to his work and on Thursday night, the day before the accident his foreman told him to go home and stay until the conditions were safe for him to come back to work.

"I find that Jeremiah Moynihan was not at work for the railroad, engaged in his ordinary duties, nor doing any work for the railroad on the day of the accident, and that he went to the crossing for reasons personal to him-

self and not in connection with the railroad as an employee.

"I find that while he was not in the ordinary sense of the word a trespasser, yet in legal effect he was such."

"I find that on Friday afternoon, the second day of June last past Jeremiah Moynihan, while upon or near the railroad tracks on the railroad crossing of the Boston & Maine railroad on School street, in the city of Lowell, was run over by cars that were a part of a railroad train that was upon a track on said crossing, and sustained injuries thereby that caused his death."

"I find that the death of said Jeremiah Moynihan was not caused by the criminal negligence of said Boston & Maine railroad or of its officers, agents or servants."

"Respectfully submitted,

"John J. Pickman,
"Senior Special Justice of the Police
Court of Lowell, and Acting."
"Lowell, Mass., Jan. 15, 1917."

TROY, N. Y., ARMORY
DESTROYED BY FIRE

TROY, N. Y., Jan. 15.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the armory of the Second regiment, New York National Guard early today.

\$500,000 LOSS

The armory was valued at \$500,000. The equipment of the various organizations occupying it was destroyed and will raise the total loss close to half a million dollars. The explosion of some 200,000 rounds of small arms ammunition was a danger feature of the fire.

Dr. Rice returned to the medical school last Friday. Dr. Watson stepped from his laboratory into a nearby clinic, where a group of sophomores were attending a lecture, and briefly informed them of the case, asking who would volunteer to give his blood. Every man volunteered. Seven were finally chosen and one by one submitted themselves to Dr. Watson. Four ounces of blood were taken from each student.

Part of the blood was injected into the child Friday night. There was immediate response. The remainder of the blood was injected Sunday. Last night every indication of hemorrhages had disappeared and the pulse, which only Thursday had been 140, had dropped to 80.

ed today that but for the presence of the apparatus Mr. Jalbert would not have been able to perform the rescue. This information comes from Mr. Howe of the waterways committee.

The little chap, who it is said, resides in the vicinity of Cheever street, was skating on the river and ventured upon a section which had been recently cut and broke through. His shouts attracted the attention of Mr. Jalbert who, seizing a long pole, presumably the pole that is part of the life saving apparatus, rushed to the lad's rescue, placing his own life in peril by venturing onto thin ice which cracked under his weight. He managed to push the pole to within reach of the boy. The lad grabbed it and was pulled to safety and later removed to his home.

As a result of the accident Supt. Welch has detailed an officer to the scene today as an extra precaution against a repetition of the near fatal-ity. Jalbert was warmly congratulated for his heroic act.

MURDER DEFENSE VICTORY

Court Rules Letters of Anarchist Telling of California Plot, Are Public Property

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 15.—Seized letters of Alexander Beckman, an anarchist, on which the district attorney's office based charges that Berkman and associates plotted to destroy government in California and assassinate Gov. Hiram W. Johnson, were declared public property yesterday by

Judge Franklin A. Griffin in superior court.

The ruling was a victory for the defense in the trial of Thomas J. Mooney for murder in connection with a bomb explosion here last July, costing 10 lives.

W. Bourke Cockran of New York, chief counsel for Mooney, began a fight for a right to inspect the letters after several had been published by the district attorney's office.

LOWELL BAPTIST UNION

The Lowell Baptist union, 172 members strong, met last night at the First Baptist church. Supper was served at 6:30 o'clock and at the close the business meeting was called to order by the president, Rev. W. E. Woodbury, pastor of the Worthen Street church. Reports of committees were submitted, the most important being that of the improvements needed in the French mission church. Basement rooms are needed for social purposes and the cost was estimated at \$750. It was voted to appropriate \$200 from the treasury of the union for the work and \$150 was raised last evening on pledges. The French people have already pledged \$100 toward the work, and a committee will endeavor to secure the remaining \$300.

The principal speaker at the meeting was Rev. Isaac Ward, a member of the staff of Rev. William A. Sun-din. He gave an address of interest and helpfulness.

IN BOSTON

The Sun is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

Choice of the House Sale

All Women's and Misses' Suits

All Women's and Misses' Suits

TOMORROW, WEDNESDAY

We Offer Every Suit in Our Store, Without Reservation, That
Has Sold at \$25, \$29.75, \$35 and \$39.50

Choice of the House Sale Price \$15 Sale Begins at 9 O'Clock

NO RESERVE

Our entire stock is at your disposal. The original tickets remain the same. Whether you select a suit that is marked \$25.00 or one marked \$40.00, the price is just the same. \$15.00

THE FABRICS

Never such a beautiful display of fabrics. Hundreds of Suits in finest of broadcloth, wool velours, whipcords, gabardines, fine poplins and serges. Sizes for everybody. Misses', ladies' and stylish stouts.

REGULATIONS FOR THIS SALE

Owing to the extraordinary low prices we are obliged to enforce the following regulations. Every sale absolutely final. No Suits credited on charge accounts. No refunds. No exchanges. No Suit held on deposit. No Suit sent C. O. D.

WHAT THIS SALE MEANS TO YOU

In many cases the price does not fully represent the cost of cloth alone. In many cases you will find \$12 worth of fur in trimming many of these models.

THE TAILORING AND WORKMANSHIP

This is one of the wonderful features of this gigantic sale. All our Suits are purchased from the highest grade tailors in the fashion centers. Every Suit will bear the closest scrutiny. The smallest detail has not been overlooked. Every Suit made in the best manner.

Cherry & Webb

12-18 JOHN STREET

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IN BOSTON

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PRINCE'S January Clearance Sale

Hundreds of Genuine Bargains Throughout
Our Store at 25% to 50% Discount.

MAGNOLIA LINEN PAPER

Special at . . . 23c lb.

Envelopes 10c pkg., 3 for 25c

This cannot be duplicated after this special lot is gone.

Framed Pictures

Our entire stock of beautiful Framed Pictures at liberal reductions. Some as low as half price.

TOYS, DOLLS and GAMES

—AT—
25% to 50% Reductions
Toy Dept.—Basement Floor

Come to Our Sale and Get the Pick of the Bargains While They Last.

PRINCE'S — 106-108 Merrimack Street

The Bracelet Watch

IS EXTREMELY POPULAR

We carry a full line in HAMILTON and WALTHAM 14k Solid Gold and Gold Filled

Millard F. Wood, Jeweler

104 MERRIMACK ST. FACING JOHN ST.

WOMEN'S SHOES

Women's Gun Metal Calfskin, Kid-skin and Bronze Kid Boots in lace and button, narrow and medium width, mostly all sizes; regular \$4.00 and \$4.50 values. Pennant Day \$2.95

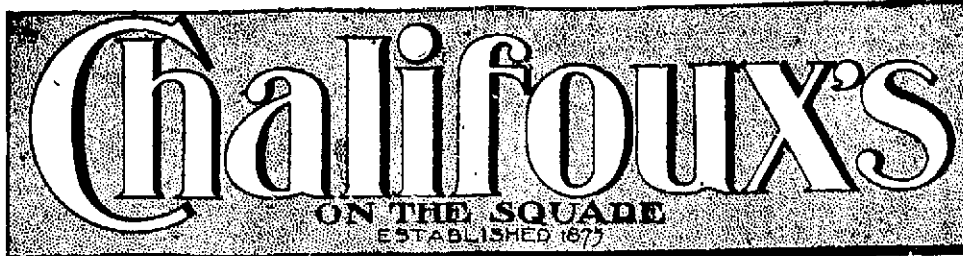
Women's Satin and Kidskin Slippers in plain and fancy colors, all sizes in the lot; regular \$2.50. Pennant Day \$1.95

\$3.00 and \$3.50 values. Pennant Day \$1.95
Street Floor

FURNITURE DEPARTMENT

40 Telephone Stands with Chairs, in turned oak only; regular \$2.00 value. Pennant Day, while they last \$1.00

Oak Rockers with cobbler seat; extra good value at \$3.75. Pennant Day \$2.49



WOMEN'S GLOVES

Women's Tan Cape One-Clasp Gloves, all sizes; regular \$1.00 values. Pennant Day 69c

Women's Mended Kid Gloves, only five dozen in the lot, not all sizes; regular \$1.00 and \$1.50 gloves. Pennant Day 69c

Women's Jersey Fleece Lined Gloves, in black only, all sizes; regular 35c values. Pennant Day 25c

Women's Chamollette Gloves, in gray, tan and chamollette color; sizes 7 1/2 to 8 1/2 only, either silk lined or without; regular 75c value. Pennant Day 50c

Street Floor

Prices
Quoted
Below
Are For
Tomorrow
Only

PENNANT DAY

These Goods on Sale One Day Only, Wed., Jan. 17

WEDNESDAY, January 17th, is our first Pennant Day of the year. A sale that adds prestige to the CHALIFOUX Store and acquaints many more men and women with the advantages offered here. The goods are on sale at prices quoted below for this one day only. Values are as stated, not exaggerated. Goods are priced lower than they can be bought elsewhere.

Prices
Quoted
Below
Are For
Tomorrow
Only

Women's and Misses' Dresses

Gingham and Percale Dresses, guaranteed, fast color; good value at \$3. Pennant Day \$2.29

Just 18 Silk Dresses in shades of navy, rose, gray and black; values up to \$22.50. Pennant Day \$10.00

Second Floor

Women's and Misses' Skirts

New Style Skirts of serge and mixtures; worth \$2.38. Pennant Day \$1.69

All Wool Poplin, Serge and Mixture Skirts; regular \$5.00 value. Pennant Day \$3.69

Second Floor

Women's and Misses' Coats

A Small Lot of Mixture Coats, full flare models, velvet trimmed; regular \$7.50 value. Pennant Day \$4.75

This Lot of Coats is not large but splendid values at \$14.50, the sizes are broken and are of good wool mixtures and plain colors. Marked for Pennant Day \$9.75

Lot of Coats in wool velours, heavy cheviot, broadcloth and mixtures; regular \$20.00 values. Pennant Day \$14.50

Second Floor

Women's and Misses' Suits

Small Lot of Poplin Suits; regular \$20.00 value. Pennant Day \$9.75

Suits in broadcloth, wool poplin and serge; values up to \$25.00. Pennant Day \$12.50

High Grade Suits of chiflon broadcloth and serge; values to \$40.00. Pennant Day \$15.00

Second Floor

Children's Dept.

Children's Heavy Chinilla, mixture and zibeline coats, sizes 8 to 14 years; regular \$7.00 to \$8.50 values. Pennant Day \$5.00

FURS

Lot of about 30 Pieces in Muffs and Scarfs. Priced for Pennant Day \$7.50

Second Floor

SMALLWARE DEPT.

Silk Finished Lingerie Tape, warranted 10 yd. pieces; regular 10c value. Pennant Day 6c

Clark's 10 yd. Buttonhole Twist, assorted colors; regular value 5c. Pennant Day 3c

"Sister Susie" Human Hair Nets, best quality, cap shape, assorted shades of brown; regular 12 1/2c and 15c values. Pennant Day 3 for 25c

Silk and Ribbon Novelties, priced 25c to \$1.00. Marked to close. Pennant Day 10c, 25c and 50c

"Pennant" Sewing Cotton, full 200 yd. spool, black and white, all numbers; regular 3c value. Pennant Day 5 for 9c

C. W. C. Hair Wavers, live on a card; regular 10c value. Pennant Day 7c

Fancy Trimming Buttons, suitable for coats and dresses; regular 12 1/2c to 25c values. Pennant Day 5c Doz.

Grosgrain Collar Sets, black and white, six on card; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 1c Card

Real Baste Cotton, all numbers, 50 yd. spools; regular 3 for 10c. Pennant Day 3 for 10c

White Bias Seam Tape, widths 2, 3 and 4 yd. pieces; reg. 15c value. Pennant Day 8c

White and Colored Pearl Buttons, assorted sizes; regular 5c and 10c value. Pennant Day 1c Card

Street Floor

HOUSE DRESSES, APRONS AND BATH ROBES

Lot of Good Percale House Dresses in black and white patterns; regular 75c value. Pennant Day 54c

Good Quality Gingham, Chambray and Percale House Dresses, sizes to 46, all fancy makes; regular \$1.25 value. Pennant Day 75c

Fancy House Aprons, made of best quality percale in all styles and colors, also a few bungalow aprons; regular 30c value. Pennant Day 21c

Allover Bungalow Aprons, made of good quality percale, fancy trimmed neck and cuffs; regular 60c value. Pennant Day 54c

Blanket Bath Robes in heavy quality; regular \$2.98 value. Pennant Day \$1.69

Carduroy Bath Robes in pretty shades of blue, rose and lavender; regular \$3.98 value. Pennant Day \$2.69

Second Floor

KNIT UNDERWEAR DEPT.

Women's Flat Wool Vests and Pants, in broken lots; regular \$1.00 and \$1.19 values. Pennant Day 69c

Children's Wool Pants, in broken sizes; regular 50c and 75c values. Pennant Day 29c

Misses' White Fleece Lined Union Suits, (slightly soiled), all sizes; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 39c

Women's White Fleece Lined Vests and Pants. Regular 50c and 59c value. Pennant Day, 35c, 3 for \$1.00

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR DEPT.

Children's Wool Scarfs and Cap Sets, in green and navy only; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 39c

Lot of large Georgette Crepe Collars, lace trimmed; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 25c

Wool Skating Caps, in red, white and blue only; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 25c

Fibre Silk Scarfs in rose, white, green, blue and black; full length, extra wide; regular \$1.50 value. Pennant Day \$1.35

Muslin Vests with large collar, lace trimmed; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 39c

Large Handkerchief Tie for Middy Blouses, in red and black only; regular 60c value. Pennant Day 55c

Street Floor

TOILET GOODS

French Wool Puffs; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 18c

Emery Boards; regular 10c value. Pennant Day 6c

Black and White Dressing Combs; regular 10c value. Pennant Day 6c

Palm Olive Talcum Powder; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 17c

Camphorase; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 17c

Lustrite Face Powder; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 17c

LEATHER GOODS DEPT.

Women's All Leather Hand Bags, fitted with mirror and small purse; regular \$2.00 to \$5.00 values. Pennant Day \$2.69

Women's Leather Hand Bags with leatherette lining; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 39c

Street Floor

JEWELRY DEPT.

Men's Cuff Links and Tie Pins; regular 25c and 50c values. Pennant Day 17c

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR DEPT.

Second Floor

Corset Covers, made with lace yoke back and front; regular value 50c. Pennant Day 29c

Envelope Chemise, Combinations and Night Gowns; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 55c

Night Gowns, Envelope Chemise, Camisoles and Combinations, counter soiled; regular value \$3. Pennant Day 89c

Night Robes, Envelope Chemise and Long White Petticoats; regular value \$2. Pennant Day \$1.19

Crepe de Chine and Silk Envelope Chemise; regular value \$3.00. Pennant Day \$1.69

Envelope Chemise, made of the best quality crepe de chine with embroidered Georgette and lace yoke; regular value \$5.00. Pennant Day \$3.00

Crepe de Chine and Washable Satin Night Gowns; regular value \$5.00. Pennant Day \$3.00

Pennant Day Law

- 1—Goods must be priced lower than they can be bought elsewhere.
- 2—The prices are the lowest of the month.
- 3—Values are as stated, not exaggerated.
- 4—The goods on sale that one day only.

KITCHEN WARE DEPT.

Clothes Wringers, Horse Shoe brand, 14 inch, guaranteed rolls, wood frame; regular \$3.50 value. Pennant Day \$2.50

Garbage Cans, 14 inch top, 5 1/2 gallon, deep tight fitting cover, galvanized; regular 75c value. Pennant Day 69c

Green Border Decorated 6 and 7 inch Plates, sauce dishes, pickle dishes, small after-dinner cups and saucers, subject to imperfections. Pennant Day 2 for 5c

Fibre Chair Seats, 10c value. Pennant Day 7c

"Wizard" Oil Polish, 25c value. Pennant Day 12c

3-inch Green Band Yellow Mixing Bowls, 19c value. Pennant Day 15c

La Batiste Lamp Chimneys, two sizes 20c and 25c values. Pennant Day 10c and 15c

8-piece Kitchen Sets, cleaver, knife, sharpener, can opener, bread, cake, paring and slicing knives and fork; 75c value. Pennant Day 49c Set

Fifth Floor

Set of six Teaspoons, "Oneida" Community Par Plate, \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 59c Set

Street Floor

Underpriced Basement Section

Children's Drawers, made of good cotton, size 2 to 12 years; regular value 19c. Pennant Day 10c

Corset Covers, lace and hampburg trimmed; regular value 30c. Pennant Day 19c

Long White Petticoats and Night Gowns; regular value 50c. Pennant Day 29c

White and Colored Waists, counter soiled; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 29c

Colored Striped Middy Blouses; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 29c

White Voile and Organdy Waists; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 49c

Black Poplin Waists, sizes from 38 to 50; regular value \$1.25. Pennant Day 69c

Children's Sleeping Gowns and Bloomers, made of good quality flannellette; regular value 50c. Pennant Day 25c

Women's Short Flannellette Kimonos; regular value 39c. Pennant Day 15c

Women's House Dresses, all sizes; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 49c

WAIST DEPARTMENT

Second Floor

White and Colored Waists, counter soiled; regular value \$2.00. Pennant Day 89c

White Corduroy Sport Waists and Middy Blouses; regular value \$3.00. Pennant Day \$1.00

Colored Striped Taffeta, Washable Silk and Crepe de Chine Waists, sizes 36-38; regular value \$3.00. Pennant Day \$1.00

White and Flesh Georgette Crepe and Crepe de Chine Waists, made with and without ruffles; regular value \$1. Pennant Day \$2.00

All our discontinued numbers of \$5.00 Waists. Pennant Day \$3.69

Colored Silk Petticoats; regular values up to \$5.00. Pennant Day \$2.39

Women's Fibre Silk Sweaters; regular value \$5.00. Pennant Day \$3.00

Women's All Wool Sweaters, made with large sailor collar and belt; regular value \$7.50. Pennant Day \$5.00

Children's All Wool Sweaters; regular value \$4.00. Pennant Day \$2.79

Women's and Children's Hosiery

Women's Pure Thread Silk Hose in high spliced heel and double sole in black, white and a few colors, seconds of \$1.00 grade. Pennant Day 59c

Women's Fibre Boot Silk Hose in black only, double heel and sole and garter top of lisle; seconds of 25c quality. Pennant Day 17c

Children's Fine Quality Cashmere Hose in black and a few colors; seconds of 25c quality; imperfections are very slight. Pennant Day 10c Pair

RIBBON DEPT.

Ribbons in lengths from 1 to 5 yards, 1 to 1 1/2 inches wide; regular 5c value. Pennant Day 3c Yard

Ribbons in lengths from 1 to 5 yards, 1 inch to 3 inches wide; regular 8c value. Pennant Day 5c

Taffeta Hair Bow Ribbon, 5 inches wide; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 15c

Street Floor

CORSET DEPT.

Corsets with 4 hose supporters, elastic gorges, median bust, sizes 24 to 32; regular \$2.00 value. Pennant Day \$1.39

Corsets in broken sizes of P. N. R. & G. and C. B.; regular \$1.25 value. Pennant Day 79c

Corsets, sizes 18 to 30; regular 70c value. Pennant Day 67c

Brassieres, lace and hampburg trimmed. Pennant Day 25c

Sanitary Napkins, 25c doz. Pennant Day 25c doz.

Second Floor

Drapery Department

2000 Yards of Serim Remnants in lengths from 1 to 10 yards; regular 15c to 25c yard values. Pennant Day 8c Yard

1000 Yards of Cretonne in remnants, from 1 to 14 yards; regular 17c value. Pennant Day 9c Yard

150 Fibre Carpet Remnants, bound on both edges; regular 10-19 and 25c values. Pennant Day 29c, 39c and 59c

Domestic Department

All Linen Napkins, fringed and colored borders; regular 10c value. Pennant Day 10c Each

4x7 1/2 White and Gray Blankets; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 89c

Huck Towels, small sizes; regular 8c values. Pennant Day, 5c Each

DAYLIGHT BASEMENT SHOE DEPARTMENT

Women's Shoes, made of gun metal and patent leather with high cut button tops and high lace in patent leather, all sizes; Goodyear welts; regular \$3.50 values. Pennant Day \$2.45

Women's Overshoes, two and three buckle, high jersey tops, narrow widths; regular \$2 value. Pennant Day \$1.49

Women's Party Slippers in black and bronze kid, open-work with beaded vamp, covered kidney heels; slightly factory damaged. Special for Pennant Day \$1.49

Odd Lot of Women's Shoes in small and large sizes, lace and button, some are cloth top, some flannel lined. Pennant Day 87c

Women's Satin Slippers, assorted colors; slightly soiled; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 49c

Women's House Slippers, crocheted and felt with lamb's wool soles; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 33c

Women's Bouclé Slippers, felt, ribbon and non-point trimmed, in red, blue, gray and pink; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 59c

Women's Indian Moccasins, made of Elk skin with pink flannel lining, all sizes; regular \$1.50 value. Pennant Day \$1.19

Children's Shoes in black and tan, velvet, button style, sizes 6 to 8; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 75c

Girls' Slippers in heavy felt with felt soles in red, black, gray and purple with beaded design on vamp; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 31c

Girls' Indian Moccasins, made of deer skin with blue fleece lining; regular 75c value. Pennant Day 57c

Girls' Storm and Low Cut Rubbers, broad last. Special for Pennant Day 35c

Men's Silk Four-in-hand Ties, open end with slide easy band; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 12 1/2c

Men's Neglige Shirts in percales, madras and seersuckers, made corset style, with double soft French cuffs; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 59c

Men's Heavy Domee Neckties, 58 inch with collar on, cut big and long, sizes 15 to 20; regular 60c value. Pennant Day 55c

Men's Pure Thread Silk Half Hose, double heel, sole and toe, in black only, seconds, 50c value. Pennant Day 29c Prs, 4 for \$1.00

Men's Blue Jersey Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, all sizes; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 29c

Men's Heavy Fleece Lined Shirts and Drawers, sizes in shirts 38 to 44, drawers 32 and 34; regular 35c value. Pennant Day 29c

Men's Heavy Sweaters in oxford gray, all sizes; regular 60c value. Pennant Day 50c

Men's Plain Edge Rubbers, in all sizes up to 6; regular 60c values. Pennant Day 45c

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MEN'S CLOTHING DEPT.

Annex Main Store Main Store

Men's Suits and Overcoats, fancy mixtures in brown and gray, plain or patch pockets; regular \$15.00 value. Pennant Day \$10.75

Men's Fancy Vests in regular or stout sizes; regular \$2.50 to \$3.00 values. Pennant Day \$1.00

Men's Suits in dark blue serge, well tailored and good venetian lining sizes 31 to 42; regular \$8.00 value. Pennant Day \$5.00

Students' Bags in heavy corduroy, size 15 only; regular \$4.00 value. Pennant Day \$3.00

Men's Bath Robes that sold for \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00. Pennant Day \$5.00

Men's Overcoats in plain oxford gray, also fancy mixtures, plain or velvet collars, in conservative or box models; regular \$10.00 value. Pennant Day \$5.98

Men's Corduroy Pants in mouse color, fine rib, finished plain or cuff, none rib, hip straps and belt loops; regular \$3.00 value. Pennant Day \$2.00

Men's Pants in blue and gray serges, fancy mixtures in worsted or heavy woolsens, sizes 31 to 42 only; regular \$3.50 value. Pennant Day \$2.39

Men's Mackinaws in wool fancy plaids, sizes 34 to 44; regular \$5.00 to \$6.50 values. Pennant Day \$4.19

Street Floor

BOYS' CLOTHING DEPT.

Boys' Overcoats in blue and brown chinilla, sizes 3 to 7 years; regular \$3.00 value. Pennant Day \$1.98

Boys' All Wool Mackinaws in gray and dark red plaids; regular \$5 value. Pennant Day \$4.79

Boys' Norfolk Suits in dark mixtures, sizes 7 to 15 years; regular \$5.00 value. Pennant Day \$3.98

Boys' Corduroy Pants in dark brown shade, sizes 6 to 10 years; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 69c

Daylight Basement

MEN'S FURNISHINGS DEPARTMENT

Men's Heavy Fleece L

UNIQUE SONG RECITAL TOMORROW NIGHT

The program of the song recital by Prof. Albert E. Brown at Colonial hall tomorrow evening is by far the most pretentious this accomplished vocalist has ever attempted. It is a portrayal of the rarest gems of song that have won popularity for the last 500 years. The program gives a sketch of each, its author and its origin. In variety and classical character, it is one of the best programs ever offered to the Lowell public. Mr. Brown's rendition of Schubert's ballad "Erlking," considered by many the best ever written, will be worth the entire price of admission, yet it is but one of nearly twenty celebrated songs that make up the program. Coming down to modern times from the classical selections mentioned, Mr. Brown will give the following songs in their finest settings: "Traditional"—The Banks of Allan Water (Old English); "My Love Nell" (An Ulster Ballad); "Loch Lomond" (Old Scotch); "Deep River" (Traditional American Negro Spiritual).

KEEP A JAR OF MUSTEROLE HANDY

It Quickly Loosens Up Coughs and Colds in Throat or Chest

Just a little Musterole rubbed on your sore, tight chest before you go to bed will loosen up congestion and break up most severe colds and coughs. Musterole is a clean white ointment made with oil of mustard. Simply rub it on. No plaster necessary. Better than mustard plaster and does not blister. Thousands who use Musterole will tell what relief it gives from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frostbitten feet and colds. (It often prevents pneumonia).



Ladies, Listen!

Will you buy a Fall and Winter Suit at less than half price? Here's the opportunity. Today we offer the balance of our Fall and Winter Suit Stock (including Woolltex) at less than half price in many instances. There are just 122 Suits left from the season's selling and they go on sale, beginning Wednesday morning, at the prices printed below:

38 SUITS

That Were Priced Up to \$50, Marked

\$21.50

48 SUITS

That Were Priced Up to \$35, Marked

\$16.50

36 SUITS

That Were Priced Up to \$25, Marked

\$12.50

On account of the low prices put on these Suits, for quick clearance, there will be no charges, no memos, none reserved or exchanged. We will also have to make reasonable charges for alterations.

Merrimack Clothing Company

ACROSS FROM CITY HALL

OPEN FRIDAY EVENINGS

Sullivan. "Ho! Jolly Jenkin." (Friar's Song from the Opera "Ivanhoe"); Amy Woodforde-Pinder, "Far, Far Across the Desert Sands," ("From the Song Cycle—A Lover in Damascus"); Mr. Edward Elgar, "The Pipes of Pan"; Frederic H. Cowen, "Border Ballad."

The song recital is to be given under the auspices of the School and Society League of the Normal school. Mrs. Brown will be the accompanist. Concert at 8 o'clock. Tickets at Steinert's and Kershaw's.

LEAK INQUIRY

Continued

Again repeating what he alleged Henry had said to him about Secretary Lansing, and Ambassador von Bernstorff, Lawson added that upon repeating the rumor about the ambassador, Henry had said: "Do you think that is possible?"

An extended discussion over whether Henry had said the rumors had come to the committee or to him personally followed, and Lawson said he was not certain how the chairman had expressed it.

Representative Garrett then requested Lawson to detail just what he said the chairman told him about Secretary McAdoo, a banker and a senator. Lawson insisted that the impression that he had coupled their names with Chairman Henry's statement was erroneous. That information, he said, came from another source which he did not name.

"Henry mentioned only Baruch, Lansing and Count von Bernstorff," Lawson declared.

Representative Leavitt, republican, said he thought it only fair to state that in the prepared questions agreed upon by the committee and handed to Chairman Henry the names of the cabinet member and the banker had not been asked for, but that they had been included in the questions by the chairman when he propounded them to Mr. Lawson.

This led up to Mr. Leavitt asking for a detailed account of Mr. Lawson's alleged conversation with Archibald S. White about Pliny Fiske's alleged relations with Secretary McAdoo.

Lawson testified he met White at a hotel in New York some time late in December and spoke to him about the rumors of "leaks."

"I said to White," Lawson testified, "they tell me your friend Fiske is engineering or superintending this leak stock gambling affair; that Harvey Fiske & Sons are handling this in connection with C. D. Barney & Co. and that Pliny Fiske is doing the steering. The story is that he (Pliny Fiske) is working with McAdoo and that it's a terrific affair. Do you know anything?"

"White said: 'You asked me just in time. I talked with Fiske the other night, down at the club. I think he said, "I've got on this subject and he wanted to show me how he controlled McAdoo, and he almost insisted that I go to the telephone with him while he called McAdoo out of bed and maybe ask him to come to New York."

"I asked him: 'Didn't you go' and he said 'no.'"

Further questioning by Representative Leavitt led Lawson to say he understood Fiske had been out late that night and was feeling "quite jolly."

"White did say," Lawson continued, "of course I couldn't go to the phone with a friend when he was in his cups."

"As a matter of fact," suggested Representative Leavitt, "Fiske was drunk, wasn't he?"

"No, I wouldn't say that. He probably had been to his club late and had eaten and smoked a good deal."

"And his tongue got to running," suggested Mr. Foster.

"Yes, I guess that's it," said Lawson. "Many a man has had the same experience."

Representative Foster questioned Lawson closely about the letter he produced yesterday from Mrs. Ruth Thompson Visconti, who offered to give him information about a "White House official" in connection with the alleged leak.

"My only reason for putting in that letter," Lawson said, "was because I was asked flat-footedly if I had any other information that had been referred to in questions asked me at the previous hearings."

Being under oath and having the letter, I produced it. I had no intention of using it and would not have used it had I not been asked that direct question. I almost regretted that I had the letter with me."

Says Tumulty Got Over \$5000

Representative Garrett then asked about the amounts which Mrs. Visconti told him at his hotel here on Jan. 16 which W. W. Price and Secretary Tumulty were reported to have received. Lawson said as he recalled it Mrs. Visconti said Price had received \$5,000 and Secretary Tumulty a much higher sum.

Representative Patten asked Lawson if at this conference with Congressman Henry the latter volunteered to mention the name of Ambassador von Bernstorff.

"Yes, he volunteered it," said Lawson. "I didn't ask him for it."

Representative Henry, referring to Lawson's reference with Cosgrave, Ridgway and others to whom Lawson related the substance of his alleged interview with the chairman, asked Lawson if he thought that was the way to keep a confidence.

"You refused to give those names and your information to this committee and yet you already had told it to several newspapermen and others," said Henry.

Henry Questions Lawson

"Yes, in confidence," Lawson replied, "because I wanted their advice, and yesterday I begged their committee to take it in confidence and then to judge whether it was worth being made public."

"The chairman did not want anything given in secret," rejoined Henry, "and the house had prepared papers to give information to the committee to take it in confidence and then to judge whether it was worth being made public."

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THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

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Member of the Associated Press

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RACE WAR IN CONGRESS

The effort of the democratic party to pass a Corrupt Practices law with teeth in it, has stirred up the republican leaders to such an extent that they have raised the race issue in a manner such as it has not ranked in congress for many years.

Perhaps it would be well in dealing with this republican spirit, to state the steps by which the row in congress has been precipitated.

In 1910 the republican congress passed a so-called Corrupt Practices act providing that only the national campaign committees report their expenditures, and that after the election. This law was a palpable evasion inasmuch as it left so many loopholes that it did not change the pre-existent situation in the least.

President Wilson favored the passage of an act that would in reality put a stop to the vast expenditure of money by which the republicans had repeatedly attempted to carry the country in presidential elections.

Accordingly on July 15 of last year the democratic house passed a Corrupt Practices act that went much farther than any republican measure. It provided that before both nomination and election, candidates for president, vice president, senators and representatives, shall make reports of their campaign expenditures and the source of their contributions. The measure came up in the senate previous to adjournment last summer but was pushed aside for one cause or another.

The fact that it limited candidates for the presidency to an expenditure of \$50,000 and those for vice president to \$25,000 was too much for the republicans who had been in the habit of raising two, three, four, five and even six million dollars to elect their candidate.

The bill is now up in the senate and Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire has started a filibustering movement to have it defeated unless it be amended to reduce the representation of southern states where, as republicans allege, the negroes are denied the right to vote.

On this point the New Hampshire senator takes up the role of former Senator Chandler who spoke with an air of authority on this and similar questions. He was the commissioner who was sent south in the Hayes-Tilden fight, to secure the vote of the southern states for the republican party. Whatever he did is not historically clear; but anyhow his mission was a pronounced success from the republican standpoint.

Mr. Chandler came out with a statement claiming that the election of President Wilson should be contested on the ground that the negroes in certain southern states were denied the right to vote and that the representation of such states had not been reduced in proportion as required by the fourteenth amendment to the constitution. Apparently the republican leaders did not see any prospect of success in that direction and the matter was dropped.

The solid democratic south, however, is a great harbor to republicans and it is not surprising that Senator Gallinger, who, like his party, is strongly opposed to the Corrupt Practices act, should bring up this racial question in an effort to defeat the measure.

The south naturally feels sensitive on the matter; and there is reason to believe that some states do impose restrictions that deprive many of the negroes of the right to vote.

One method formerly resorted to by some of the states and said to prevail still in a modified form is the "grandfather law" which provides that the grandfather of the would-be voter must have been a property holder or a voter in that state, such a law, if it really exists at the present time, must certainly offer a great barrier to the enfranchisement of the negroes; and it would be only just and fair to have such laws repealed or else have the representation reduced in proportion.

But assuming that some such injustice is practised upon the negroes in a few southern states, why should there be made a pretext for opposing the passage of a law to prevent the corruption of the ballot all over the country by the purchase of elections?

Let the republicans push their campaign for a reduction of the representation in congress from the corrupt states, but let them not try to disguise their opposition under a mantle of hypocrisy. It is worse to defeat the will of all the people than to prevent some of the southern negroes from voting. Senator Gallinger will not strengthen his party by opposing a measure intended to prevent loafing in elections, and to restrict the control of national elections by the money power of the country. His counter move on the alleged disfranchisement of the southern negro will not deceive anybody as to his real purpose or that of his party.

ENGLAND'S MUNITIONS OUTPUT

At the opening of the war in 1914, England was found wholly unprepared. She had been fooling with Sir Edward Carson's threatened rebellion to such an extent that she neglected her im-

perial interests and her preparedness for war.

The Teutons, however, thought her hands were tied and that she could not afford to enter the war. It took a year to convince the average Englishman that England would have to fight for her very life. Not until Lloyd George took hold, was there any adequate attempt to put the country upon a real fighting basis or in a position to grapple with the real situation. Here is a statement of the progress made in the munition factories in England which shows a wonderful contrast with the situation at the beginning of the war.

In 1914 the British army numbered 275,000; today it numbers more than 500,000.

In 1914 the number of workers engaged in war industries was 1,950,000; now it has risen to 3,500,000.

The weekly output of machine guns during 1914-16 was more than 14 times what it was during 1914-15.

In high explosives the production is now 66 times what it was in January, 1915.

Before the war there were three national factories working for the land service; today there are 95.

The monthly output of heavy guns during 1915-16 was more than six times what it was during 1914-15.

Between May, 1915, and May, 1916, the output of bombs was increased 32 fold.

By the creation of new factories and the adaptation of the old factories to war purposes the output of munitions in the British Isles has been increased more than 50,000 per cent.

In the last week of June, 1916, a quantity of light and medium munitions was consumed by the British army in the western front alone, greater than that produced in the whole of Great Britain during the first eleven months of the war.

Great Britain is now manufacturing and issuing every week to her armies on the western front an amount of munitions equal to the total stock available for her entire land service at the outbreak of the war.

HIGH SCHOOL COMMISSION

As a result of the controversy over the new high school, the school board, supported by Mayor O'Donnell and Commissioner Donnelly, has petitioned the legislature for the appointment of a commission to take charge of the work and carry it through to completion.

With such a commission as petitioned for in charge of the construction, the city would be assured of getting its money's worth whatever the cost of the building might be.

In view of the wrangling over the matter and the prospect of further complications arising from the biennial changes in administration at city hall, the building commission, if allowed by the legislature, should give the city the best building possible for the amount of money to be expended.

The work of the city hall commission so far surpassed anything that could have been accomplished by the city council, that there is a very strong feeling among our citizens in favor of a commission to take charge of constructing our new high school which, according to some estimates, may cost a million dollars. It is certainly an undertaking in which the interests of the city should be fully safeguarded against any possible mismanagement due to political changes or political rivalries.

LIBRARY EMPLOYEES

It would be just as well to exempt library employees from the operation of the civil service law. Such employees require special training for positions in the library and once they have such training they are not likely to be removed if the librarian knows his business and is honest. Nothing is more unbecoming to people who call at a library than to be waited upon by attendants who do not know much more about the routine of finding what you want than the average patron.

We do not intimate that any such condition has existed at the local library, but under civil service employees it might be the fixed condition.

At certain seasons and in rush hours high school boys are employed at city libraries, to assist in the general work of the library. This would not be allowed under civil service regulations.

Not for a long time has Lowell lost a more determined or a more successful

Gasolene

BLOW TORCHES

For thawing out frozen water pipes

Always Reliable.....\$5.30

Dreadnaught.....\$5.90

Free City Motor Delivery

C. B. COBURN CO.

63 MARKET ST.

business man than the late Charles M. Williams. Always unassuming, genial, and obliging, yet discreetly conservative in business, he prospered because of the confidence placed in him by all those with whom he came in contact. The soul of honor and probity, he was most zealous to guard and protect every trust confided to his care. The passing of such a business man after a long and honorable life naturally leaves a void that it will be very difficult to fill.

Although not all will agree with everything that Mrs. J. Sheehy Skeffington may say, yet none can refuse her the sympathy due a refined lady whose husband was brutally murdered without cause by a British captain in Dublin, during the Sinn Fein rebellion. It was a costly blunder for England and one for which there was no excuse, although the perpetrator of the crime was declared insane. Very few people are convinced that he was more insane than some of the other military captains commissioned to deal with that trouble.

Greece has again accepted the ultimatum of the allies, but the king will soon find another way to make trouble. He is strongly pro-German and would apparently enter the war on behalf of the Teutons if he were not held in passive subjection.

Lowell is to get some unsavory advertising in the courts over the removal of two municipal officials. When that question is settled there will probably be others awaiting attention and equally undesirable as a municipal advertisement.

Seen and Heard

Some wag suggests that to make more room for the strap-hangers on the seats in the street cars should all be removed. Strange the street car companies haven't thought of this before.

Wasn't She a Robber?

A girl was required to write a brief sketch of Queen Elizabeth. Her paper carried the following sentence: "Elizabeth was a dishonest thief who stole her soldiers' food."

The teacher was puzzled and called the girl.

"Where did you get that notion?"

"Why, that's what it says in the history."

The book was brought forth and the passage was found. It read:

"Elizabeth was so parsimonious that she even pinched her soldiers' rations."

—Exchange.

The Amateur Militant

He was a "bookie" on his first sentry duty at the training camp. The corporal told him what to do when the officer of the day appeared, which should be about 5:30. The sentry was to notify the corporal when he passed.

to feel Fresh and Fit

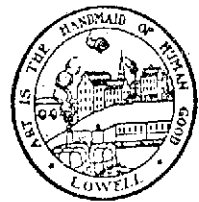
—you must keep your stomach well, your liver active, the bowels regular, and your blood pure. Your physical condition depends on the health of these organs. When anything goes wrong

just take

a few doses of Beecham's Pills and avoid any serious illness. They are a fine corrective and tonic for the system, and a great help in maintaining good health. A single box will prove the remedial value of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.



Notice to Water Takers

All persons paying their January, 1917, water bills previous to February 1, 1917, will be allowed 10 per cent discount on their bills. All who have paid will be allowed credit on their next bill for amount of discount on January 1st.

J. W. CRAWFORD, Clerk of Water Works.

HON. GEO. H. BROWN, Commissioner, Water Works and Fire Protection.

January 13, 1917.

KRYPTOK

GLASSES

THE INVISIBLE BIFOCALS

CASWELL OPTICAL CO.

39 MERRIMACK ST.

Established 1829

FELT LIKE A NEW PERSON

After Taking Only One Box Of "Fruit-a-lives"

EAST SHIP HARBOR, "It is with great pleasure that I write to tell you of the wonderful benefits I have received from taking 'Fruit-a-lives'. For years, I was a dreadful sufferer from Constipation and Headaches, and I was miserable in every way. Nothing in the way of medicines seemed to help me. Then I finally tried 'Fruit-a-lives' and the effect was splendid. After taking one box, I feel like a new person, to have relief from those sickening Headaches."

Mrs. MARTHA DEWOLFE.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ogdensburg, N.Y.

but at 10 had made no report. The corporal investigated.

"I haven't seen him, corporal," said the sentry.

"Well, keep me posted; he's mighty late."

Twenty minutes later the officer appeared.

"Who goes there?" challenged the sentry.

"Officer of the day," came the reply.

"You're late, you are," replied the sentry. "Just wait, you'll catch it when the corporal sees you!"—Exchange.

The Giant Operator

"About a year ago while I was working on Circuit 55 at Manchester, N. H.," says J. H. Johnson, Jr., Associated Press operator at Boston, "a discussion arose one morning after closing hours as to which man on the paper worked the hardest for some time. It was only a matter of conjecture and argument, but the final decision was in favor of one of the stereotypers who lifted the galley of hot lead for the plates. My claims, as telegraph operator, were laughed to scorn. Without trial by jury I was declared to have the toughest job in the office. I determined to find out just how much work I really did do. By means of a contrivance, the principal element of which was a postal scale and which I rigged up in conjunction with the office boy, I found that it took ten ounces of pressure to print each letter and that in the course of the night, after an average report of 14,000 words and following five letters to the word, the pressure I exerted lifted 700,000 ounces, or 21 2/3 tons. I submitted my tabulations to the jury and was declared without a dissenting vote to be the hardest worked man in the place."

Egg as Cupid's Aid

The sequel to this story is yet to be heard. Stuffed as a pleasantly it has developed into what bids fair to be a real romance.

A certain young man is employed on a counter where eggs, now a valued commodity ranking with gold and precious stones, were sold. Business was slack, the price of hen fruit having risen to war-time prices, and the clerk looked around for something to pass the time away. Not being in immediate line for the position of general manager of the store or president of the company he did not seek for something that would be beneficial to himself or the concern.

Looking across the store he saw a young man he knew hanging over a counter talking to a clerk. That suggested borrowing a pencil and printing the name and address of the visitor in large letters on an egg. Then he put the egg back in the dish and on the next sale the customer being an attractive looking girl, he slipped it in with her purchase. The incident was then dismissed from his mind.

About two weeks later a young man

DANDRUFF GOES! HAIR GETS THICK, WAVY, BEAUTIFUL

Save your hair! Double its beauty in a few moments. Try this!

Hair stops coming out and every particle of dandruff disappears.

Try as you will after an application of Danderine, you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most, will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first, yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and frizzy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time, the effect is immediate and amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; and incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

Get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

Devine's Trunk Store

Removed to

156 Merr'k St., Opp. Bon Marche

BEST LINE OF LEATHER GOODS IN LOWELL

and young woman, the former the previous visitor, the latter the customer, walked into the store, very much engrossed in each other. They asked to speak with the head clerk. When he came forward he recognized the pair and blushed.

"You needn't feel offended at what you did the other day," remarked the caller. "If it hadn't been for you perhaps I never would have met Miss Blank. When she found my name on the egg she looked me up and I suppose was satisfied, else I would not have received an invitation to her home."

"I suppose there is no need to thank you, either," put in the gentler of the two.

"That was a short time ago. Now it looks as if City Clerk Barrett might be filling out a license for the pair before many months have elapsed."—Brookton Enterprise.

Seventeen Remember when you write the date, it's Seventeen. Resolve you never will be late.

Seventeen Make up your mind to do your best. To try to meet me up every test. And leave to heaven all the rest, In Seventeen.

Seventeen Perhaps the great world war will end In Seventeen. Who knows what great things now impending

Seventeen? Armies may cease to fight and kill, Sweet peace may give the world a thrill. But Mr. Bryan won't keep still, In Seventeen.

Seventeen The cost of living may decrease In Seventeen. If so, will all complaining cease In Seventeen?

Seventeen This world of ours is going some. But through some wondrous things may come, Don't look for the millennium In Seventeen.

Seventeen —Somerville Journal.

They Do Say

That collecting old bills is no joke. That the ice is smooth at Shedd park.

That a bold front is almost as good as a strong arm.

That the tightwad is the firm-flammer's easiest mark.

That political positions are mostly "in again, out again."

That every joke takes a post-graduate course in vaudeville.

That some of the New Year's resolutions are still holding good.

That the man looking for trouble can close his eyes and find it.

That it's a whole lot safer to "sit in" at home than at the "club."

That the triumvirate at city hall is not as triumphant as it might be.

That some of the city hall departments are running in double harness.

That the Kirk Street church has lost its roof and is coming down gradually.

That when street car companies fall down on service the jitneys get their dues.

That "I'll thump you on the nose" was always more or less an idle threat.

That the Lowell Morris Plan Co. is proving a big help to many Lowell people.

That the high school officers' ball on Friday night promises to be a great success.

That the lads and lassies are taking advantage of the good skating at Shedd park.

That those who gambled on the green Saturday night were assessed \$5 in police court yesterday.

That when the average man attempts to live by his wits he is inviting a dog bite.

That there may be another duplication at city hall next Saturday when the new treasurer arrives.

That the same of success is attained by combining speed with good judgment and good plans.

That the fellow who mounts the pedestal of fame by the skyrocket route is liable to come down with the stick.

That the ideal husband is the man who remembers his wife's birthday without being reminded to remember it.

That if it were possible to grow hair on a bald head do you suppose John D. Rockefeller would be wearing a wig?

That a man can be pleasant when out in company and still act like a drove boss carman when around home.

That a rolling stone may not gather moss but a rolling oyster button generally collects its full meed of profitability.

That success is usually with the man who works his own business for all it is worth and doesn't try to beat down his competitors.

That walking two miles for gasoline at midnight when the thermometer registers close to zero is a good reason for a man to place his automobile on the market.

RAILROAD'S BEST ANSWER

Good Passenger Service and Hearty Co-operation of Personnel Acclaimed by F. A. Ogden

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—Good passenger service is a railroad's best way of advertising itself to the potential freight shipper. Florence A. Ogden told 150 big business men associated with railroads at the dinner of the Traffic Club of New England last evening in the Coppley-Plaza grill. A former official of the Pennsylvania railroad, Mr. Ogden is now freight agent of a steel company.

"Passenger traffic used to be considered a joke by railroad men," he said. "It has improved since the time, 21 years ago, when the passenger manager of the Baltimore & Ohio said every passenger hauled over his road was a new customer, because they never would ride on the new famous B. & O. again after one experience."

"Nowadays we are a traveling public, not for pleasure but for business, and we all prefer to pay high and get the best service, with stenographers and telephones and hotel food aboard trains, than pay less and get commensurate service. It is the same way with freight traffic."

Required for getting freight traffic, according to Ogden, are the two by-words of co-operation and loyalty that must be upheld by everyone "from the stockholders of the railroad down to the water boy on the tracks."

An unkind word by a train conductor, the refusal of a yard master to do some favor can turn away more traffic than the traffic department can get in a month, although the traffic department is the salesman of the railroad's service," Mr. Ogden said and the last advised that agents of the

Young Men's Very Smart Overcoats



—"Pinch-back" Belters, brown, blue and oxford coatings, velvet collar, satin yoke and facing and satin sleeve linings—sold up to \$18.00, now

\$14.50

Men's Fine Dress Overcoats—

Conservative model, the single breast Chesterfield, in oxford and blue velours, and a few very smart fancy box overcoats that sold for \$25.00—all today together for

\$20.00

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 CENTRAL STREET

MORE LAW ON FENCING OF WATERWAYS

traffic department be stationed in all the larger cities of the country to solicit shipping. "But if all the rest of the departments don't co-operate," he continued, "all the solicitation will be wasted."

"Loyalty must be cultivated, too, between superiors and men and men and superiors, and if there is any one trait I would have you inspire in the young railroad men of today it is that. My advice to young men is: If Mr. Jones wants you to clean out the spittoons and empty the waste-baskets, do it. Do anything that is honorable. Subordinates not only for the satisfaction of giving aid, but so they will themselves 'get a sunny room with southern exposure' when they begin to get old. Mr. Ogden argued.

Meanwhile, if the youngsters would get along, they must lay off drink, meet every man in their territory pleasantly, if they are traveling salesmen; boost their own line, not knock the others; and don't forget the little things."

REINFORCE ALLIED ARMY ON SALONIKI FRONT

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The allied army on the Saloniki front will be reinforced as a preliminary to an effort to reach the Berlin-Constantinople railroad.

According to a despatch from a British correspondent with General Sarraute's forces, the writer says it down as the most urgent task of the Saloniki army to cut the railroad and shut off Germany from the supplies of foodstuffs and men which she is drawing from Asia Minor. He describes Asiatic Turkey as a granary which Germany is developing on scientific lines while it also the home of 2,000,000 magnificent fighters who, he says, are being trained and drilled under German instructors.

Only by cutting the railroad, the correspondent writes, "can this process be stopped and this is the only justification for maintaining our expensive but hitherto inadequate force in Macedonia. It can only be hoped that reinforcements that will arrive in 1917 will make it possible by next week's day to have got astride of the vital trans-Balkan railway."

The checking of German expansion in the near east is specified by the correspondent as an even greater end to be aimed at by the allied army. He declares that the Germans plan to establish themselves at Saloniki as a stepping stone to a near eastern empire and that the entente powers must fashion the Balkans so as to "build a Slav dam across the highway of German ambition."

VON HINDENBURG ILL

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg is rumored on the Berlin boards to be laid up at headquarters with a severe chill, according to an American despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co.

CHIEF AND 11 FIREMEN OVERCOME AT BLAZE

BROCKTON, Jan. 16.—Fire Chief William F. Bailey and 11 other Brockton firemen were overcome by smoke and charcoal fumes in a two-alarm fire in the basement of the Hotel Georgian on High street last night, and occupants of the hotel were driven to the street in a throng of confusion.

Chief E. P. Raymond, one of the hotel guests, fainting when told to leave hurriedly and was carried through the smoke-filled building to the street by Fireman George Greener.

The fire raged two hours and destroyed the lower part of the building before it was under control.

The greatest damage was done by smoke and water, several stores on the ground floor suffering the heaviest.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

Net Contents 15 Fluid Ounces

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for
Simulating the Food and Regulating
the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Prepared by J. C. FLETCHER
Manufactured at the FLETCHER MANUFACTURING CO., NEW YORK.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Facsimile Signature of J. C. Fletcher

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK.

AT 6 months old 35 DROPS—35 CENTS

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of J. C. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK OFF.

STATE AIDED 34,496 OLD PEOPLE DURING YEAR

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—A report of a special inquiry relative to aged and dependent persons in Massachusetts, prepared by the state bureau of statistics, was made public yesterday. Although the investigation was made by order of the 1914 legislature it is of considerable interest at this time because of Gov. McCall's inaugural recommendations concerning social insurance.

The inquiry was ordered to aid the general public in considering the subject of old age pensions and the bureau of statistics was directed to ascertain the number of persons 65 years of age and over, length of residence in the state, number of dependent persons and the number receiving aid from state sources.

The bureau explains that it was impossible or impracticable to obtain certain classes of information implied by a literal construction of the legislature's order, but offers much, including the following:

The total number of persons 65 years of age and over in the commonwealth, as determined by the decennial census, April 1, 1915, was 189,017. The number of dependent persons 65 years of age and over in the commonwealth, as ascertained by a canvass of 5,071 institutions, organizations and other sources of such aid, for the year ending March 31, 1915, was 34,496 (14,672 males and 19,824 females).

Granted \$3,233,949 Aid.—"The amount of aid granted these aged dependent persons aggregated \$3,233,949, the amount granted males being \$1,444,712 and the amount granted females being \$1,789,236. This amount is exclusive of United States pensions, but includes aid dispensed by public correctional institutions, hospitals for the insane, state pauper institutions, overseers of the poor, state and military aid, and soldiers' relief, private relief rendered by benevolent homes, private medical and insane institutions, G.A.R. posts, churches, trust funds and miscellaneous sources into public and private relief, we find that of the total number of age 65 and over given aid, 26,403 were given public relief to the amount of \$2,250,586 and 8882 were given private relief to the amount \$883,363. The amount of aid dispensed from all sources to persons 65 years of age and over amounted to an average, or per capita, of \$93.75.

By a special tabulation it was determined that 73.02 per cent of the total number of aged dependent persons covered by this inquiry received aid amounting to less than \$100 in 1915, while only 2.77 per cent received aid amounting to \$300 or over, which facts have a bearing upon the important consideration, namely, the amount of annual pension, if any, which should be established as a standard.

More Foreign-Born Helped.—"Of the total number 65 years of age and over (189,017), 114,858, or 60.8

per cent, were native born, and 74,409, or 39.2 per cent, were foreign born; of the native born, 73,372 were born in Massachusetts and 41,331 were born elsewhere in the United States. But of the 34,496 persons 65 years of age and over who were aided, the native of only 1,414, or 4.1 per cent, were born in Massachusetts, 3368, or 18.3 per cent, were born elsewhere in the United States; and 9570, or 52.2 per cent of the whole number whose country of birth was ascertained were foreign born.

Of the total number 65 years of age and over for whom the length of residence in Massachusetts was known (157,500), 178,023, or 94.9 per cent, were found by the census to have been residents of Massachusetts for 10 years or over; and of this number 65,495, or 36.4 per cent, were of 20 years or over; of this latter number being 8049, or 23.3 per cent, of the total foreign-born population (73,673) of age 65 or over for whom the length of residence in Massachusetts was known. Of the 34,496 dependent persons of age 65 and over, it was possible to ascertain the period of residence in Massachusetts of 8049, or 23.3 per cent, and of this number 50.3 per cent had been resident in the state for 20 years or more, while 232, or a little less than 3 per cent, had been resident for less than 10 years; whereas for the general population 65 years of age and over, the percentage of dependency, 51 per cent, had resided in the state less than 10 years.

Of the 34,496 dependent persons of age 65 and over covered by this inquiry, 4156 were single persons, 5108 married, 11,893 widowed, 415 divorced, or separated, and the conjugal condition of 12,619 was unknown. Of the aged dependent women whose conjugal condition was reported 66.2 per cent were widows, while of the aged dependent men only 35.5 per cent were widowers.

Gifts to Charity \$1,750,790.

"In this connection it is of some collateral interest to note that a tabulation, made by the bureau of statistics, of the receipts of 305 incorporated charitable organizations which filed returns with the state board of charity during the year ending Nov. 30, 1915, and whose reports were accepted as suitable for tabulation, shows that a total of \$1,750,790 was received by these organizations during the year for dispensing aid to persons of all ages.

"If to this sum, dispensed by various private incorporated charitable organizations to persons deemed to be in need of aid, we add \$1,614,339 (the amount, as computed for this report, expended during the year as public relief to persons of all ages, granted through state public institutions, overseers of the poor, state and military aid, and soldiers' relief), we have a total of \$3,365,139.

"In view, however, of the fact that

the returns to our state board of charity of aid rendered by private incorporated organizations are not complete and that the tabulations for the several sources of aid do not cover precisely the same period of time and that for these reasons a statistically accurate aggregate cannot be given, it would, nevertheless, probably be well within the truth to assume, on the basis of all available data, that there is annually expended for charitable purposes in Massachusetts, exclusive of United States pensions, at least \$23,366,138, of which apparently about \$12,725,598 is derived from taxation, leaving about \$10,640,540 as the amount derived from private contributions.

NEW HAVEN DIVIDED TO AID SERVICE

SYSTEM NOW UNDER TWO GENERAL SUPERINTENDENTS—TO SPEND \$300,000.00

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—In compliance with the order of the public service commission relative to an investigation of the passenger train service on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, President Howard Elliott has designated certain officials of the road to take up the questions of service, and to expedite matters has divided the system into two parts with C. N. Woodward, general superintendent, in charge of the eastern territory, and J. A. Droege, general superintendent, looking after the divisions that reach Springfield, Northampton and Pittsfield.

Mr. Woodward is general superintendent for the Boston, Old Colony, Midland, Providence and New London divisions, which cover Eastern Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Eastern Connecticut. Mr. Droege is general superintendent for the Hartford, New Haven and Highland divisions. These officials have been instructed to pay particular attention to all suggestions made by the public service commission and to consider more carefully than ever all questions of service.

Owing to the complications and intricacies of the service such general superintendent will have the assistance of a committee of experienced officials. To assist Mr. Woodward, Pres. Elliott has appointed E. L. Woodward, assistant general superintendent, G. M. Wood, assistant general freight agent, W. H. Wright, manager of the terminal station and E. M. Willis, assistant to Pres. Elliott.

Mr. Droege will have his headquarters in New Haven and will have in charge E. C. Conley, first assistant general passenger agent, J. E. Clifford, assistant superintendent of transportation, and Richard Hackett, chief clerk to Vice Pres. Campbell.

To Meet Daily in South Station

General Superintendent Woodward and his staff will have their offices in the South Terminal station, where they will meet daily when practicable. They will take up the questions of service in the territory assigned Mr. Woodward, who is fully authorized, subject to the physical capacity of the road, to change working forces and requirements for caring for the business of the public, subject to the regulations of the interstate commerce commission and other laws of the company. Mr. Droege's committee, meeting in New Haven, will act in a similar manner and has positive instructions to consider service first of all.

In his letter to the public service commission, in which Pres. Elliott acknowledges the need of their order, he states that the company will be glad to have one or more representatives of the commission meet with the "service committee" in Boston at frequent intervals so as to get the viewpoint of the commission as to details, give the commission information as to what is being done and to obtain suggestions as to remedial measures.

Mr. Elliott informed the commission that the company would comply with its order calling for a monthly statement of train delays at Boston.

Plan \$300,000.00 Improvements

Some idea of the improvements under way or proposed by the company is given in Pres. Elliott's communication to the commission. These approximate \$300,000.00 and to complete them will depend, in part, upon the amount of earnings of the company to pay for them out of earnings, the sale of property and the issue of new securities.

The legislation now asked for in Massachusetts will, if passed, settle finally the legal status of the company in this state, according to the plan, and he adds that the friendly cooperation of the commission in having these bills become laws at an early date will be of assistance to the company in formulating any plans for obtaining money.

Many of the improvements will directly benefit the Boston service. On Nov. 30 of last year, the unexpended balance for improvements already authorized and based on definite plans was \$7,247,024.50. Some of these items are:

Signals for Boston territory—	\$ 175,000.00
Improved signals between Boston and New York—	364,435.23
South Boston engine facilities—	512,253.68
Dover street engine facilities—	108,672.45
Four tracks through South Boston cut for freight—	716,612.58
Two new yards, Providence engine houses—	118,894.50
Midway—additional tracks—	57,290.93
Groton and Midway, four tracks—	281,144.42
Bridge over the Thames river at New London—	1,174,213.79
Additional main tracks through New Haven—	175,452.27
Total—	\$3,682,869.78

The following improvements have also been authorized by the board, and detailed plans are being perfected:

Improvements and additions Boston freight terminal—	\$500,000.00
Additional facilities for handling, storing and carling for passenger equipment, Boston—	300,000.00

Has 608 Steel Cars Now

President Elliott reports that on July 1, 1913, the company had in its passenger train service 45 steel, or steel underframe, cars, and on Oct. 31, 1916, there were 608. There are 32 cars due in the 1916 order for 100 steel cars, and 100 steel cars are ordered for 1917 delivery. In addition, 50 heavy steam freight locomotives have been ordered, but delivery cannot be obtained before the latter part of the year.

It is said in Lowell by the Lowell Phosphate, which will, in turn, supplant some of the older and lighter ones in the service.

The company June 31, 1916, had an actual balance of \$5,532,430.91 and Mr. Elliott states that all of this has been or will be spent for improving the property.

THE ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS COUNCIL MEETS

OFFICERS ELECTED AT ANNUAL MEETING—EXECUTIVE SECRETARY'S REPORT

At the recent annual meeting of the Lowell Anti-Tuberculosis council, composed of delegates from the Middlesex Women's club, the Lowell board of trade, Lowell Guild and the Social Service league, the following officers were elected: President, Rev. James Bancroft, pastor of St. John's Episcopal church; treasurer, Charles B. Redway; secretary, Mrs. Ella P. Marden; executive secretary, Miss Rachel Barrington.

The money realized from the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals, when all has been turned in, will amount to more than \$2,000. Miss Barrington's yearly report follows:

"In a few words, I will outline as



REV. JAMES BANCROFT, President.

briefly as possible the results of the year's work of the Lowell Anti-Tuberculosis council. As we look back it seems as though our progress had been slow, but after all the few things accomplished have established a sound foundation upon which we can build well.

"Previous to my assuming the position of executive secretary six months ago, the council had started its educational campaign by conducting a local health exhibit which was most gratifying in the results obtained. As our work is intended to be along educational lines I feel it would be of great value to conduct another similar exhibit at some future date.

"On beginning my work here the first month was devoted to visiting the different mills, discussing the tuberculosis situation, and if possible, trying to locate suspected cases among the employees. Those in charge of the mills were well disposed toward our work and assured me of their cooperation.

"The moving picture houses were also visited, and I found that the sanitary regulations were being observed. I have met with the physicians and to clergymen of all denominations offering assistance to any of their patients and members who they felt were tubercular or predisposed to the disease. From these sources we have had several calls, and material assistance has been given.

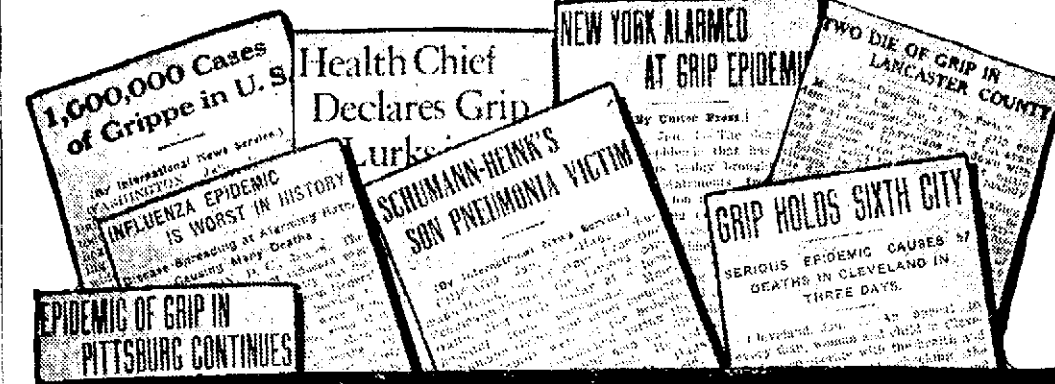
"It is also often difficult to convince the suspected patient that a physician's advice and examination are necessary, and especially is this true where the suspect is the wage earner of the family. While he may realize his condition, he also knows what it means to be told that he has tuberculosis. Prevention is better than cure, and much has been done in this direction, and much more is needed.

"Pre-tubercular cases are frequently brought to our attention. When we find one active tubercular case in the family, we also almost invariably find one or more suspected cases, especially where there are children. Each good preventive work has been done in these families to prevent the other members from being infected.

"I have made 240 home visits the past six months. At present we have 43 families under my supervision, where there is an actual case or one or more suspected cases.

"The last six weeks I have devoted a greater part of my time to the Red Cross seals campaign, in visiting the schools and interesting teachers in our work. Talks to the girls in several of the mills have, I think, been of unquestionable educational value.

"The various organizations have been very co-operative in supplying

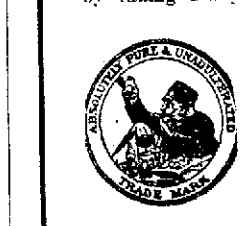


Don't Delay Taking Duffy's

until news dispatches announce the annual epidemic of grip. Get Duffy's now and build sufficient stamina to withstand grip and pneumonia to which you are constantly exposed.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

has long been recognized by the profession and laity as one of the most effective remedies and preventatives of grip, pneumonia, coughs, colds and diseases of the respiratory organs. Unprejudiced physicians readily recommend and use it in practice and hospital work because of its absolute purity and quality. It is acceptable to the most delicate stomach as it is made from the choicest of grains thoroughly malted and requiring little effort of the digestive organs. If taken in tablespoon doses in equal amounts of water or milk before meals and on retiring it assists in checking the disease, helps prevent wasting of the tissues and helps the stomach to more perfectly digest and assimilate food. Fortify your system by taking Duffy's regularly.



The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY by most druggists, grocers and dealers, \$1.00. If they can't supply you, write us. Useful household booklet free.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company, Rochester, N. Y.



CALL ACTION "AFFRONT TO PROGRESSIVES"

PERKINS AND COLBY PROTEST ELECTION OF ADAMS TO G.O.P. COMMITTEE

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The members of the republican national committee appointed to "consider the question of adopting plans of giving recognition to all and promoting the co-operation of all elements opposed to the democratic party" held their first meeting today as a special committee.

Before taking action the members of the special committee waited for a more complete explanation of the attitude of George W. Perkins and Everett Colby, the leading progressive members of the republican national campaign committee, who last night declined to attend a dinner given to the members of the executive and campaign committee by National Chairman W. R. Wilcox. A statement issued by Messrs. Perkins and Colby declared that they had taken the means as a protest against the selection of John Taylor Adams of Iowa, as vice chairman of the national committee.

This statement characterized the election of Mr. Adams as "a deliberate and wilful reflection upon Chairman Wilcox and an affront to every progressive voter in the country." Hitherto the vice chairman of the republican national committee has been appointed by the chairman. At the Chicago convention the national committee adopted rules giving the power to elect a vice chairman to the executive committee. The choice of Mr. Adams is regarded by many as a step toward dual control of the committee, the intention being to place the control of party affairs in the west under the new vice chairman, leaving the east to Chairman Wilcox.

The executive committee will meet again this afternoon.

Officers and Committees Elected at Annual Meeting Held in Church Vestry Last Evening

The annual meeting of the High Street Congregational church was held last evening in the church vestry. The annual parish supper, however, will not take place until Thursday evening, Jan. 25, and further business will be transacted at that time.

The pastor, Rev. A. C. Ferrin, served

as moderator at the meeting last night and Deacon E. W. Clark was clerk. The annual report of the pastor was most interesting and optimistic. The reports of the treasurer, collector and prudential committee, all dealing with the financial affairs of the parish, were satisfactory, and showed the church to be stronger financially than a year ago.

Officers and committees were elected as follows: Prudential committee—Dr. H. W. Jewett, William A. Lamson, Deacon W. H. G. Wright, Carl D. Bartl, Joseph Peabody, Edward T. Wilder and William T. White.

Treasurer, Nelson D. Keables; clerk, Deacon Edward W. Clark; collector, Haven G. Hill.

Sunday school committee—Rev. A. C. Ferrin, Mrs. H. L. Galusha, Miss Helen W. Barnes, Dr. V. E. Darling, Deacon F. R. Woodward.

Musical committee—Mrs. C. I. Hood, Miss N. P. H. Robbins, Robert F. Marden, Deacon F. R. Woodward, Mrs. Robert Robertson.

Parish supper committee—J. Harry Boardman, Mrs. J. L. Robertson, Mrs. W. E. Alwood, Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Ernest G. Dumas, Harold M. Fox.

Delegates to the Andover Association—Mrs. A. C. Ferrin, Mrs. C. H. Nelson, Mrs. A. W. Crocker, Deacon Dudley L. Page.

Delegates to the Ministry-at-Large—Rev. A. C. Ferrin, C. I. Nelson.

Delegates to the Federation of Churches—Rev. A. C. Ferrin, Mrs. A. W. Crocker.

Head usher, Donald E. Cameron.

Four Lowell cases were disposed of as follows at yesterday's session of the superior court in East Cambridge:

John D. Cole, charged with the violation of the milk laws, had his case placed on file on payment of costs, which amounted to \$25.

William Dambrosi, charged with attempting to murder his former wife, heart, Miss Orla Forbe, had his case placed on file after it was made known that he had served one year in the house of correction for assault with intent to kill.

John A. Contas, who figured in a kidnapping case in this city Oct. 21, and who had appealed from a sentence of a year to the house of correction, and who had been confined in jail since Oct. 25, was given four additional months.

Alexander Bender, charged with assault with a knife upon Frank Smith, failed to make his appearance and he was defaulted.

DU PONT EMPLOYE IS ORDERED OUT

MUST LEAVE TOWN OR GO TO JAIL

HASKELL, N. J., Jan. 16.—Jeremiah MacDonald of Boston, who was an employee of the E. I. du Pont de Nemours plant near here, which was wrecked by a powder explosion Friday night, and who was arrested on a charge of larceny after it was al-

leged that he had predicted there would be an explosion in another of the du Pont works, was arraigned before a recorder last night and sentenced to serve 90 days in jail or leave the town. MacDonald accepted the alternative.

Two small fires occurred in the powder plant yesterday. A representative of the company stated both were caused by overheating of powder in the solvent recovery unit and that 400 pounds of powder was burned. The flames were quickly extinguished and none of the employees were injured, it was stated.

MORE SHIPS SUNK

LONDON, Jan. 16.—According to an unconfirmed report received by Lloyds, the British steamer Brookwood, 3083 tons, and the Norwegian steamer Tholma, 1896 tons have been sunk. The Norwegian steamer Graafslund formerly the Alfred Dumols, 729 tons, has been destroyed through striking a mine. Eight members of her crew lost their lives.

He Is Very Happy at His Recovery

South Lowell Man, of 100 Elm Street, Relates That He Took Plant Juice

It is always interesting to listen to the statements of our friends, especially when we know that they are sincere and honest in what they say. Added interest is created in a statement coming from one of Lowell's well known business men, who has a large circle of friends in the business world as well as social life. Such a man is Mr. George C. Chamberlain, of No. 100 Elm Street, South Lowell, who is associated with one of the largest firms in this city, and who, in a recent signed statement, said:

"For a number of years my hands have been all crippled with rheumatism, and when I would take a rest in my hands I felt as if I would drop it. I could not sleep at night, and got very weak and nervous; my stomach was also in a weak condition and I could not digest my food. It fermented and formed gas and I suffered agony after eating; I had headaches, was dizzy and had terrible pains all through my body. I had taken all kinds of medicine but never got anything that would help me until I started to take your Plant Juice. That seemed to be just what I needed for the result was certainly surprising in my case; my hands are all right now and I am able to use them and have no pain whatever. I sleep well and never feel better. My wife is taking Plant Juice also when she saw what it did for me. We both heartily endorse Plant Juice and are glad to recommend it to others."

Such words as these and those of many others which have been printed, have wide influence, for they come from men of standing and integrity, who have given Plant Juice a fair trial and have been greatly benefited thereby.

The Plant Juice Man is at Dows, The Druggists in Merrimack Square, where he is daily meeting the local public, and introducing and explaining the merits of this remedy.

We Pay Highest Prices FOR DIAMONDS, OLD JEWELRY, OLD SILVERWARE

Suggestions gladly given if you want your jewelry made over into latest designs.

RICARD'S JEWELRY STORES

123 Central St. 638 Merrimack St.



A LAXATIVE FOR BABIES GOOD FOR EVERYBODY

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin a Safe and Efficient Family Remedy

Every member of the family is more or less subject to constipation and every home should always be supplied with a dependable remedy to promptly relieve this condition. Whenever the bowels become clogged and the natural process of elimination thereby disturbed, the entire system is affected, and readily subject to attack by disease. Constipation is a condition that should never be neglected.

Mrs. E. R. Gilbert, of Millbrook, Va., says that Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a splendid laxative for children because they like its pleasant taste, and it acts so easily and naturally, without any gripping or strain, and she finds it equally effective for the rest of the family.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin that contains no opiate or narcotic drug. It is mild and gentle in its action, and does not cause pain or discomfort. Druggists everywhere sell this excellent remedy for fifty cents a bottle.

Doctor Tells How to Strengthen Eyesight 50 Per Cent. In One Week's Time In Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home

Philadelphia, Pa.—Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye strain or other eye weaknesses? If so, you will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says after trying it: "I was almost blind, could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully, now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me. A lady who used it says: 'The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read the print without glasses.' It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and be able to see as well as be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules

Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to have them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note: Another prominent physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very remarkable remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. The manufacturer's guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances or refund the money. It can be obtained from any good druggist and is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family. It is sold in Lowell by the Lowell Pharmacy, all Liggett's-Riker-Jaynes stores and other druggists.

Do You Want a Good Used Piano?

You and we will do business this week. We have what you want at your own price, because we must sell, we must have the room. There's no money in second-hand instruments for us—there's a loss when we hold them. We take them simply to accommodate in selling new ones. They have all been put in good condition and will be sold before next Saturday night if prices will sell them.

Prices as Low as \$75 on Uprights \$5.00 on Square Pianos

Largest, Most Reliable Piano House

110-112 MERRIMACK ST.

Select Your Victrola Now

Ring's

110-112 MERRIMACK ST.

Select Your Victrola Now

KAISER FAVORS MORAL DEED TO FREE WORLD

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 15, via London.—The Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung publishes the following autograph letter from the German emperor to the Chancellor, von Bethmann-Hollweg, dated Oct. 21, 1916:

"My dear Bethmann: I have since been turning over our conversation thoroughly in my mind. It is clear that the people in the enemy countries who are kept in hard endurance of the war by lies and frauds, possess no men who are able to have the moral courage to speak the word which will bring relief—to propose

peace. What is wanted is a moral deed to free the world, including neutrals, from the pressure which weighs upon all. For such a deed it is necessary to find a ruler who has a conscience, who feels that he is responsible to God, who has a love for his own people and for those who are his enemies, who is indifferent to any possible willful misinterpretation of his act and possesses the will to free the world from its sufferings.

"I have the courage. Trusting in God, I shall dare to take this step. Please draft notes on these lines and submit them to me, and make all necessary arrangements without delay."

LOWELL GUILD HOLDS ITS ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the Lowell Guild was held yesterday at 2:30 o'clock in the Lowell board of trade rooms. There were about 30 members present. Miss Edith Stott, president, presided. In the absence of Miss Mary Lamson, secretary, Mrs. J. Harry Boardman was chosen secretary pro tem and she read Miss Lamson's report of the last meeting. The report of the treasurer, Mrs. Arthur J. Murkland, was read and accepted. An interesting report was read by the president.

Mrs. Robert F. Marden reported for the anti-tuberculosis society. She stated that the receipts from the sale of Red Cross seals this year amounted to \$2012.70, against \$1808.61 secured from the sale of seals the year preceding. Mrs. Marden's report was most gratifying and showed much hard work on the part of the anti-tuberculosis society. The report of the "Friendly Visitor" department of the guild was given by Miss Jennie.

The defects found were numerous and the treatments many.

An interesting feature was the tooth brush drills, 125 being given, 14 gross of tooth brushes were used.

In selling the brushes there was a gain of a fraction of a cent and this accumulated until we had \$3.00. With this money a loan fund was established.

Children who were not able to buy glasses were loaned the amount necessary returning it at 10 and 15 cents a week. This fund was used again last again, helping forty children to secure glasses.

1,263 children visited the dental clinic, while 461 visited the private dentist. 822 home visits were made instructing mothers in the care of the children.

That the work of the guild has been, I think I may honestly say, successful, during the past year, is due to the willingness of the different organizations when we have called upon them, and in turn to report to us those who need our services; to the cheerful and conscientious work of the nurses; the cooperation of the doctors and the consideration and support of the president and the board of managers.

Visiting nurses cannot accomplish the best results alone. At some time the help of every social agency in town is needed, and it is because of these and the guidance of our local committee that in our final accounting our balance is really on the right side.

Respectfully submitted,

Clara E. Holand, Supt.

Superintendent's Report

During the past year the work of the guild has progressed satisfactorily. 433 regular patients called the guild for visiting nurse service, a gain of 60 patients, with 5208 visits.

To the industrial policy-holders of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company we have made 6344 visits, an increase of 841 visits over last year.

The idea of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company giving nursing service to its policy-holders is, that they consider the value of visiting nurse service an aid in life conservation, which depends very much upon reaching those who are still at the younger ages and have a better expectancy of life.

This company believes visiting nurse work should be supported by large industrial corporations, there being one association already having eight nurses supported by different corporations.

The pre-natal work has been organized, the nurses have given pre-natal care to 63 patients, making 187 visits.

Pre-natal work is largely instructive, teaching the prospective mother how to care for herself that she may have a healthy baby to start with, as "Every child has the right to be well born."

The personnel of the staff of visiting nurses remains the same with the exception of the addition of a French-speaking nurse. This work having been organized so recently it cannot be judged, however, in two months, this staff of nurses have been made to French speaking people.

The superintendent was asked by Washington to examine three classes at Lillierie in elementary hygiene and home care of the sick.

Also talks on personal hygiene, public health and the work of the guild to the Lowell Hospital Alumnae Association, Lowell General Hospital Association, San Walter Fess Literary Club, Calvary Baptist church, Tensbergers' and the personal lecture were given at the Massachusetts Mills, Barry shoe shop, Ipswich history, Hatch's box shop, Edison school, St. Anne's Convent and North Billerica Campfire girls.

The week of May 15 was health week in Lowell. At this time the guild cooperated with other organizations and the state. The exhibit proved a success, 10,690 people attended the lectures and exhibits.

In December the guild lost a patient who was admitted Feb. 1, 1914, a year was made each day except Sundays and holidays, making a total of 152 nurse visits. This is the patient who said: "The one bright spot in my life is the visit of the district nurse; it is the one time in the day the outside world is brought in to me, they are always bright and cheery, making me so comfortable. I don't know what I would do without them. Later, when she found the red was near the again said, 'What would I have done but for the guild nurses?'"

The Milk Station

In the milk station we have supervised 222 babies 159 being fed. It is interesting to see these mothers willing to follow instructions and keep themselves well that the baby may be well. 78 mothers have been taught to prepare the milk at home while 83 babies have had the milk modified at the station. In the modification of milk 6,671 quarts of milk was used, 1761 free quarts.

2566 visits were made at the homes. These visits are wholly instructive, teaching mothers how to keep well babies well. The milk station has enlarged its work by placing a graduate nurse in charge. This enables the same nurse to visit the homes, gaining the confidence of the mother and later the neighbors and friends.

School Work

In the school work the guild visited 1241 schools, inspecting 18,177 pupils.

Biggest Snow Storm on Record in Texas

LALIAS, Tex., Jan. 14.—North and central Texas today were drenched with one of the heaviest snow storms known in the district. The snow began early yesterday and continued until late last night, when it reached a depth in this city of 7.1 inches.

SNOW IN MEMPHIS, TENN.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 15.—Snow, which began here late last night and early today had attained a depth of 11.2 inches. Eastern Arkansas, northern Mississippi and western Tennessee were within the storm area.

DR. CLARENCE H. LELAND DIED YESTERDAY

WELL KNOWN PHYSICIAN PASSED AWAY AFTER ILLNESS OF ONLY TEN DAYS

Dr. Clarence H. Leland, one of Lowell's best known practicing physicians during the past 44 years, died yesterday at his home, 555 Westford street, at the age of 68 years. Dr. Leland had been ill only 10 days and his death will come as a distinct shock to many people. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Emma J. Leland, who is settled in with her two sons, Harold, a senior at Boston University Medical School, and Raymond B., a sophomore at the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, and one brother, Frank C. Leland of Whitehead.

Dr. Leland was a member of the Worcester Spring St. E. church for many years and was a constant attendant at its services.

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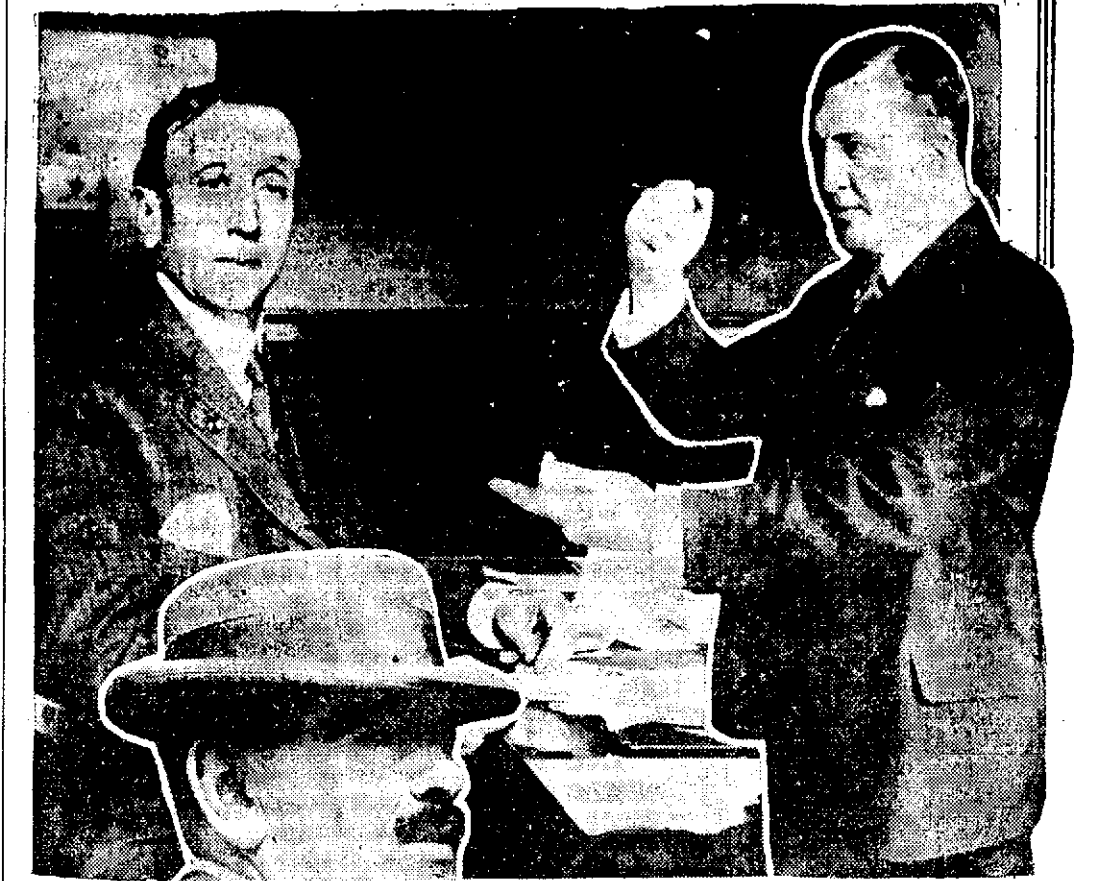
CONGRATULATES KAISER

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The king of Bavaria has sent a telegram to the German emperor congratulating him on his recent proclamation, according to an Amsterdam dispatch. In the telegram the king congratulated the emperor's "strong words to the German people at the arrogant reply of our enemies and a lively reply on all hearts." He offers assurances that the Bavarians will continue "the fight which was forced upon us" in order to enforce peace.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH

RELFEST, Me., Jan. 15.—Mrs. Frank Leach, aged about 77, was burned to death today when her home on Court street, at Castine, in which she lived alone, was burned to the ground. The cause of the fire was not known, but it was supposed she overturned a lamp.

GRAFT ACCUSATIONS STIR CHICAGO; POLICE OFFICIALS AND OTHERS ARRESTED



UPPER LEFT—FORMER CHIEF OF POLICE HEALEY—UPPER RIGHT—STATE'S ATTORNEY HOYNE, LOWER—"MIKE DE PIKE" HEITLER.

Chicago is greatly stirred by the accusations of grafting made against a captain of police, with an immediate leave of absence of 20 days, it was announced—this in accordance with a police department rule granting leave during investigation of charges against officers. Former Deputy Chief, Schuchter, was immediately released on bonds of \$100,000. The charges against him are extortion, bribery and conspiracy.

He was to be reinstated as a captain of police, with an immediate leave of absence of 20 days, it was announced—this in accordance with a police department rule granting leave during investigation of charges against officers. Former Deputy Chief, Schuchter, was immediately released on bonds of \$100,000. The charges against him are extortion, bribery and conspiracy.

According to Mr. Hoyne, they were engaged in dividing money collected in "tribute." Some of the money, he said, bore the serial numbers previously noted by his agents while it was in the possession of resort keepers.

In the upper left picture is former Superintendent Healey, upper right, State Attorney Hoyne, lower picture, Heitler.

TO ERECT MONUMENT AT COL. CODY'S GRAVE

MOVEMENT INAUGURATED BY CLEVELAND BOY SCOUTS—TO BE MADE NATION-WIDE

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 15.—The movement to erect a monument at the grave of Col. George Armstrong Cody, which is to be perpetuated through a movement inaugurated by Cleveland Boy Scouts. The organization this week will start collection of contributions of five cents each from Cleveland children. The fund to be used to erect a monument at Col. Cody's grave on the top of Lookout mountain in Colorado. It is hoped to make the movement nationwide in its scope.

HEAD OF FACTORY WHERE 12 PERISHED ON TRIAL

SAMUEL BARKIN CHARGED WITH MANSLAUGHTER IN CONNECTION WITH FIRE

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The trial of Samuel Barkin, president of the Essex Waist Co., on the charge of manslaughter in that he contributed to the alleged negligence which resulted in the loss of 12 lives in the Diamond candy factory fire Nov. 6, 1915, was begun in Brooklyn today. The prosecution contends that Barkin and Edward L. and Cella Diamond, owners of the building and Samuel Simon, their agent, were responsible for a closed door which trapped the fire victims. The four were jointly indicted. When the cases came up today their attorneys demanded separate trials.

WOMAN WHO TRIED TO SUE T.R. COMMITTED

BY HEAD OF MIDDLETOWN STATE HOSPITAL

NYACK, N. Y., Jan. 15.—Mrs. Ida von Claussen Dona, who has figured frequently in the newspapers because of alleged attempts to annoy Theodore Roosevelt and other noted men, was today committed to the custody of the superintendent of the Middletown state hospital. She was once committed to the Bloomingdale asylum but after being placed under observation of physicians who declared her sane, she was released. Mrs. Dona once tried to sue Col. Roosevelt on the ground that he had, while president, prevented her from being introduced at the Swedish court. Subsequent to leaving Bloomingdale Mrs. Dona was committed to the Middletown institution. She was permitted to go on parole in the custody of a relative. While on parole she married Francis A. Dona, but later was ordered committed to Middletown. In her behalf today a motion was made to have the order of commitment vacated, but it was denied.

INVESTIGATE THE DECLINE IN PRICE OF STOCKS

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—A bill was filed in the legislature today directing the governor to appoint a commission to investigate the cause of the decline since Nov. 7, 1915, in the price of stock of the New York, New Haven & Hartford, and Boston & Maine railroads, the Massachusetts Electric Co., Boston Elevated Railway Co., and the West End Street Railway Co.

The commission is directed to consider the advisability of making changes in the laws with reference to the management of these properties, and to submit its report to the next legislature.

TOWN MANAGER IDEA HAS MANY FRIENDS

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—The town manager plan of government, of which Newwood has the most conspicuous example in this state, is coming before the legislature this year, when it will be asked to pass a general law whereby any city or town in the state may try the town manager idea.

Local work representatives of a group of large and important towns in the eastern part of the state met at the City club to discuss a bill which is intended to offer very soon and to organize a movement in behalf of the measure. There were representatives present from Andover, Georgetown, Needham, Lexington, Needham, Milton, Woburn, Weston and Wintthrop.

George E. Willett of Newwood said yesterday that he had joined the movement to get the legislature to pass a general law of the kind outlined and that he felt certain that any town which tries the town manager plan will never go back to the old way of running things.

"Newwood is pleased with its change," said Mr. Willett, "and I am sure would not think of going back to the old kind of town management."

AMBASSADOR FRANCIS' REMARKS CONFIRMED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Practical confirmation of Ambassador Francis' statement at Petrograd that closer commercial relations with Russia can hardly be brought about "if the principles or resolutions of the economic conference of the allies last June are confirmed and carried out" was given at the state department today, with the statement that an inquiry "probably would not" be sent to the ambassador about his remarks.

In two recent cases—Ambassador Gerard's speech in Berlin and Minister van Dyke's statement at the League of Nations conference in London—the department made inquiries.

The Paris economic conference has been viewed with alarm here as suggestive of exclusive trade agreements, a war after the war, dangerous to American foreign trade.

NEWSPAPERS TO REFLECT LABOR'S ATTITUDE

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The advisability of organizing a group of newspapers which would be under the control of the country's labor interests and which would reflect labor's attitude was discussed here today by about 125 delegates representing fifty organizations in Connecticut, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and New York. The meeting was the first convention of the labor publicity organization.

Samuel Compers, president of the American Federation of Labor, spoke in favor of the project. He pointed out numerous instances of what he declared was either intentional or wilful misrepresentation of labor in the daily press.

U-BOAT IN DUTCH WATERS

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A Flushing despatch to Reuters says that a Dutch warship brought into Flushing last night a U-boat submarine which was found in Dutch waters.

A later despatch says the submarine was released after an investigation and escorted outside territorial waters.

\$1,000 FOR "LITTLE BOY BLUE"

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—A bid of \$1,000 was made today for the original manuscript of the late Eugene Field's poem, "Little Boy Blue," which was contributed to the Allied Bazaar by Simon Thompson, an intimate friend of the poet. The bid was received from David R. Forgan, president of the National City Bank. The bazaar is for the benefit of the wounded of the entire allies.

MURDER TRIAL POSTPONED

SAN ANGELO, Tex., Jan. 15.—When the case of Harry J. Spinnell, charged with killing his wife and daughter, Col. M. C. Butler at Abilene last July was called in district court today, postponement was granted until tomorrow. The defense represented that several of its witnesses, because of delayed trains, had not arrived.

ON TRIAL FOR MURDER

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—Theodore Semon was placed on trial in superior court today on a charge of having murdered Johanna E. Donovan in a Bowdoin Square hotel on Oct. 3, 1915. The girl was strangled to death. Semon is alleged to have registered with her as "J. Brown and wife." The jury in the case was empaneled in the record time of one hour.

BRITISH PLAN A GREAT OFFENSIVE IN WEST

LONDON, Jan. 5.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—English munitions factories are now turning out every 48 hours more heavy gun ammunition than they manufactured in the entire first year of the war, and the production is still increasing week by week in preparation for the great offensive on the western front which British military critics believe will come next spring.

Although figures of the actual production of guns and munitions are jealously guarded and there is no avowal on the part of the ministry of munitions of any intention to discontinue the importations from America, as well as a willingness to give out "comparative figures" to justify that optimism.

"The improvement in our position may be illustrated in this way," remarked an official of the ministry. "We are now manufacturing every week three times as many 155-millimetre shells, five times as many 200-millimetre shells and three times as many 230-millimetre shells as we manufactured during the whole first year of the war."

"Of smaller shells we are turning in about a week the same quantity as was produced during the first year. Finally the number of shells of all kinds completed during the past week exceeded by about 30 per cent, the entire stock of munitions held in reserve at the outbreak of hostilities."

Dealing with guns in the same way it is found that, representing the number of guns manufactured during the first year of the war by 100, the number for the second year would be 841 and for the third year will be somewhere in the neighborhood of 1350. The manufacture of lighter pieces has had to be slackened recently, owing to the fact that the equipment of the British army in light field pieces is approximately complete and it is only necessary to provide for replacements and renewals.

The improvement in the manufacture of machine guns, rifles, grenades and explosives has been equally satisfactory.

Representing the total number machine guns, rifles, grenades and explosives has been equally satisfactory.

Representing the total number machine guns delivered to the army during the first year as 100, the total for the second year was 1250 and for the third year will exceed 6000.

The production of trench mortars, ammunition and grenades has been much developed that any further increase scarcely seems necessary.

The increase in the manufacture of explosives has been tremendous. For every ton of explosive employed in September, 1914, 350 tons were employed in July, 1915, and 12,000 tons in July, 1916.

TO ADVANCE CAUSE OF PREPAREDNESS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Delegates from more than a score of patriotic and preparedness organizations in the United States gathered here today for a conference to consider principally the co-ordination of the country's plans to advance the cause of preparedness. The conference is being held in Memorial Continental hall at the invitation of Mrs. William Cunningham Story, president-general of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The following organizations were represented: American Defense Society, American National Red Cross, American Society, Army League of the United States, National Association for Universal Military Training, Daughters of the American Revolution, Descendants of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence, Military Order of the Spanish-American War, Navy League of the United States, Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States, Naval and Military Order of Washington, Society of American Wars, Sons of the American Revolution, Sons of Veterans, United Daughters of the Confederacy, United Spanish War Veterans, United States Daughters of 1812, Sons of the Revolution, Washington Corral Military Order of the Carabao, Maryland League for National Defense and National Security league.

PRINCE LEOPOLD'S SONS IN GERMAN FLYING CORPS

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 15, via London.—According to the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger, Prince Friedrich Sigismund and Prince Friedrich Karl, sons of Prince Friedrich Leopold of Prussia, have joined the German flying corps. Prince Friedrich Sigismund is 25 years old and his brother is two years younger. They are cousins of the emperor.

B. & M. TELEGRAPHERS THREATEN TO QUIT

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—Troubles brewing among the telegraphers on the Boston & Maine system for 11 months came to a head at a secret meeting in this city yesterday, and the wage committee was instructed to arrange for the 1100 members of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers employed on that road, quitting work if a settlement is not effected within a week.

EXPULSION FROM BERLIN BAR

LONDON, Jan. 15.—Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the German socialist leader, has received an additional sentence of four and one-half years at hard labor and expulsion from the Berlin bar, according to a Central News despatch from Amsterdam today.

Bright, Sears & Co. WYMAN'S EXCHANGE Bankers and Brokers SECOND FLOOR

PURCHASES

Made at this time in the dividend-paying oil shares should result profitably. Let us advise you as to which issues are the most attractive.

This week's Market Review contains reports on a number of active issues, including:

OKLAHOMA PRODUCING & REFINING SINCLAIR OIL
COSDEN & COMPANY FEDERAL OIL
SEQUEYAH OIL COSDEN OIL & GAS

Our special reports on issues meriting your consideration are:

MIDVALE STEEL SUBMARINE BOAT
NIPISSING REEVE MINING
MAGMA COPPER CRESSON CONSOLIDATED
HOWE SOUND CALUMET & JEROME

SEND FOR SPECIAL REPORTS

Our weekly Market Review will be sent free upon request

J. J. Carew & Co.
30 BROAD ST., N. Y. TELEPHONE BROAD 5242

LITTLE ADS FOR
THRIFTY PEOPLE

WANT AND OPPORTUNITY AILETS

MONEY SAVING
HINTS FOR YOU

ACCOUNTS

EVERETT E. TARKER, corporation
and municipal accountant. Audits,
yets, costs. 40 Central st., Boston,
Mass.

APOTHECARIES

IT IS BETTER to get rid of a cold
than let it carry you "off." Use Os-
monds Kidney Pills. 25c. Upper Merri-
mack, cor. Suffolk st.

BAKERS

BURN BREAD—For dys-
pepsia and all stomach troubles.
Wholesome. Johnston's Bakery, 131
Corham st.

BOOTS AND SHOES

BIGGEST SHOE BARGAINS in Low-
ell. Something every day. See us.
John Press, 338A Middlesex st.

CABINET MAKERS

MANTELS, china closets and draw-
ers, panel work and fine cabinet work
at all kinds of reasonable rates. John
shaw, 561 Dutton st. Tel. 2188.

CATERERS

SUPERIOR SERVICE for receptions,
weddings, banquets and parties. Ines-
capable. R. J. Harvey, 42 John st.
Phone.

CHINESE RESTAURANT

CHIN LEE CO.—Chop suey, American
food. Nicest place in the city. Open
from 11 a. m. to 1 a. m. 65 Merri-
mack st.

CLAIRVOYANT

MADAM ADELLA, clairvoyant and
card reader, 43 Branch st.

CLOTHES REELS

BUILDING AND REPAIRING clothes
reels is our particular specialty.
J. E. Cadden, 561 Dutton st. Phone
2488.

COAL—COKE—WOOD

THE OLD RELIABLE coal concern
the always gives you weight. J. R.
Smith's Son, 498 Broadway. Phone.
2488.

COAL—HAY—GRAIN

CLEAN COAL, delivered promptly by
union help. Quality and service.
Joseph Mullin, 955 Gorham st. Phone
660.

CONTRACTORS—BUILDERS

CONTRACTOR and builder. Arthur
F. Rabun, residence 91 Bridge st.
Res. phone 5042-M; shop 1315.

CUSTOM TAILORS

January suits, Suits and Overcoats,
saves you from \$5 to \$10. Roman Tail-
ors, 110 Pauls, 180 Gorham st.

CHIMNEY EXPERTS

LIMBORG CO.—Chimneys swept and
repainted. Residence 1128 Bridge st. Tel.
379.

DENTIST

T. E. MARR, D.M.D., 508 Sun bldg.
Hrs. 9 to 12; 1 to 5 Mon. Fri. Sat. evs.

DRESSMAKING

LEARN TO MAKE your own clothes
at a small cost; patterns made.
Booklikan School, 218 Bradley bldg.

DRESS PLATING

P. B. KIRSCHNER, 226 Merrimack
st. L. V. Press, plating and
buttons. Established 1887.

ELECTRIC SHOP

GLORIA INVERTED GAS LIGHTS,
\$1.11. Regular price \$1.75. Electric
Shop, 62 Central st., 251 Dutton st.
Tel. 1217-W.

FEATHERS CLEANED

PLUMES cleaned and curled. Furs
and gloves cleaned and repaired. Mrs.
A. E. Scraggs, 12 Chalfont bldg.

FLORIST

COLLINS, THE FLORIST—Flowers
for weddings, receptions, parties, etc.
17 Gorham st. Tel. 379.

FURNITURE

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, stoves, beds,
mattresses, rugs, etc. Cash
or credit. Rich, 160 Middlesex st.

GROCERIES

ITALIAN GROCERIES—Imported
Italian groceries, olive oil and macar-
oni. Joe and Susie Carpenito, 152
Gorham st.

HATS REBLOKED

HAT REBLOKING—Ladies and gen-
tlemen's felt, velvet and beaver hats
cleaned or dyed and rebloked into the
latest styles. E. H. Severy, Inc., 133
Middle st.

JEWELRY REPAIRING

ENTIRE SATISFACTION guaranteed
in watch, clock, jewelry and optical
repairing. Price jewelry. Cor. 317
Middlesex st.

LADIES' TAILORING

SPRING STYLES are now ready for
your inspection. Tel. 379. H.
Snider, 224-226 Bradley bldg.

LADIES' SHIRTWAISTS

OUR SPECIALTY—New line. Large
assortment of always good values.
Denney & Co., 255 Middlesex st.

MATTRESS MAKERS

HAIR AND COTTON mattresses
made over. Best work. West End
Spring Bed Co., 38 Fletcher st. Phone
3692.

NICKEL PLATING

CHANDLERS polished, lacquered,
Store work nickel plated. Every kind
of plating done in best manner.
Eugene & Edwin, 37 Shattuck st. cor.
Market. Telephone 2657.

OPTOMETRIST—OPTICIAN

EYE-GLASSES and spectacles for
every requirement. Modern methods
that stand the scrutiny of science and
research. J. J. Cluin, 19 Palmer st.

PIANO TUNERS

J. KERSHAW, piano and organs
tuned and repaired. 90 Humphrey st.
Tel. 914-M.

PLUMBING AND HEATING

GENERAL PLUMBING, heating,
steam and gas fitting, jobbing and re-
pairing. E. W. Devaney, 53 E. Mer-
rimack st. Phone 2157.

RAZORS MADE TO ORDER

BROKEN RAZORS re-ground. Hon-
ing and concealing a specialty.
Gonzales, 125 Gorham st. Phone 4331.

ROOFERS

ROOFERS—J. Burns & Son, slate
roofers. Roofs repaired. Tel. 3255-W.
186 Concord st. Tel. 1453-1, 200 Pleas-
ant st.

SHEET METAL WORK

TIN, SHEET METAL and furnace
work. Lowest prices. Large and
small orders. Ray State Sheet Metal
Works, 55 Appleton st. Tel. 1960.

SHOE REPAIRING

COUGHLIN'S shoe repairing estab-
lishment, 10 Prescott st. Always the
best work.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

WE BUY and sell second hand fur-
niture. Just call and see us on Par-
lor and some good dressers. T. F. Daly,
213 Dutton st.

STOVE REPAIRS

STOVE REPAIRS of all kinds. Lin-
ings, grates and water fronts. I cut
the expense to reduce your cost, that's
why. Such a wonderful stove re-
pair business. Write, call or phone.
C. F. Ineson, 13 White st. Tel. 537-R.

STEVE REPAIRS

QUINN STOVE REPAIR CO., 140 Gor-
ham st., carries in stock, linings, grates,
water fronts and other parts to fix
all stoves and ranges. Work promptly
attended to. Tel. 4170.

LEGAL NOTICES

Commonwealth of Massachusetts—
Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.
To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and
all other persons interested in the es-
tate of Adrienne F. Hall, late of Low-
ell, in said County, deceased:
Whereas, certain instruments sup-
porting and one codicil of said de-
ceased have been presented to said
Court, for Probate, by George E. King,
who prays that the letters testamentary
may be issued to him, the executor
therein named, without giving a surety
on his official bond.
You are hereby notified to appear at a
Probate Court, to be held at Cam-
bridge, in said County of Middlesex,
on the thirteenth day of January, A.D.
1917, at nine o'clock in the forenoon,
to show cause, if any you have, why
the same should not be granted.
And said petitioner is hereby di-
rected to give public notice thereof,
by publishing this citation once in each
week, for three successive weeks, in
The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published
in Lowell, the last publication to be
on one day, at least, before said Court,
and by mailing postpaid, or deliver-
ing personally, a copy of this citation to
persons interested in the estate, seven
days at least before said Court.
Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esq.,
Judge of said Court, at the Court held
on the thirteenth day of January, in the
year one thousand nine hundred and seven-
teen.
F. M. ESTY, Register.

HELP WANTED

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN wanted to
do housework at 22 Lincoln st.FITTED REEL CUTTERS on Haver-
hill dies wanted. Apply W. J. Barry
Shoe Co., 50 Stackpole st.OPERATORS wanted on niggerhead
lathing machine. Apply W. J. Barry
Shoe Co., Stackpole st.40 MEN wanted for the woods, ship
tenorows (Wed.) at 12 o'clock. Meet
boss, 8 to 11 a. m. at Middlesex Service
Bureau, 328 Middlesex st.WEAVERS (male) wanted on two
harness narrow cotton work. Apply
Milford Mfg. Co., Milford, N. H.BOY wanted to work in horse shoe-
ing shop. Apply M. J. Cahill, 131 Gor-
ham st. Tel. 2511-M.MEN wanted to shovel coal. Apply
at 639 a. m. and 12 noon. Horne Coal
Co., 251 Thordike st.CHAMBER MAID wanted at 150
Middlesex st.YARD HELP wanted. Apply to
this Allen & Son Co., 256 Mt. Vernon st.EXPERIENCED MEN wanted for the
wash room. Apply Lowell Laundry,
130 Cambridge st.GIRL wanted for the laundry. Ap-
ply Lowell Laundry, 130 Cambridge st.RAILWAY MAIL CLERK wants
everywhere February 10th. Complete
special preparation by former govern-
ment. Apply to Sample Question, Civil
Service School, Rochester, N. Y.CHIEF ENGINEER wanted for an
established manufacturing concern
New York, 1000 H. P. In re-
sponse, give name, address, whether mar-
ried, salary expected. Experience in de-
tail with dates and names of em-
ployers. Also state where interview
could be held. Replies treated as con-
fidential if so requested. Address Box
H 95, Sun Office.WOMAN wanted to clean one day a
week. Call 45 Thordike st.RAILWAY MAIL CLERK wanted for
the wash room. Apply Lowell examina-
tions for Sample Question, Civil
Service School, Rochester, N. Y.CHIEF ENGINEER wanted for an
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JANUARY

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
1	2	3	4	5	6	
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

Southern Div.				Portland Div.			
To Boston		From Boston		To Boston		From Boston	
Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
6:28	7:06	2:55	3:28	8:35	7:56	9:15	10:33
6:38	7:26	3:05	3:38	7:54	8:45	10:50	11:49
6:47	7:35	3:20	3:47	8:40	10:53	11:50	12:58
6:57	7:53	3:35	4:04	9:07	10:40	12:00	4:41
7:07	8:15	3:45	4:31	12:05	1:15	6:14	6:42
7:21	8:30	3:55	4:34	3:41	4:41	6:03	7:05
7:28	8:45	4:05	4:48	3:42	4:44	6:40	7:57
7:34	8:57	4:09	4:59	7:07	8:13	9:49	11:14
7:44	9:07	4:19	5:09	10:15	11:28		
7:53	9:25	4:30	5:20				

The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JANUARY 16 1917

PRICE ONE CENT

AMERICAN HEBREW CONGREGATIONS

REVIEW OF WORK ACCOMPLISHED BY UNION DURING LAST TWO YEARS

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 15.—An exhaustive review of the work of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations during the last two years was made by J. Walter Freiberg of Cincinnati, president of the organization at the 25th annual council of the union here today. Mr. Freiberg recommended the raising of \$2,000,000, mainly for home mission work and for education. One of the most important of the various reports submitted was that denouncing objectionable literature in public schools and urging the elimination of "The Merchant of Venice," "Christological songs" and the reading of a Bible interpretatively. The contention of the national Jewish advisory board is that Bible reading in schools is an "infringement upon the rights of every citizen" in so far as it compels Jewish taxpayers to send their children to school where a religious interpretation is put upon the Bible. The approval of the convention was asked of the survey which places on the "honor roll of American cities" the names of 19 cities "which have excelled in the civic virtue of having no objectionable literature in their public schools and no religious songs in their school assemblies."

HORSE RESPONSIBLE FOR STILL ALARM

A still alarm was sent in to Engine Company No. 2, this morning at 9:20 o'clock for a fire in Somerset street, but when the firemen reached the place instead of finding a blaze, they were informed that a horse had fallen and assistance was needed to get the animal on its feet again. The men rendered what aid they could, and after receiving the thanks of the driver, went back to their fire house. Nothing like giving the boys something to do.

TRADE BETWEEN ITALY AND SO. AMERICA

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Formation of a corporation by four of Italy's biggest shipping concerns to develop trade between Italy and South America is described in despatches reaching the department of commerce today. The combination has behind it the principal Italian shipping interests with joint resources of about \$20,000,000. The company's first move will be the establishment of a steamship line between Italian ports and Rio de Janeiro.

100 EMPLOYEES GO ON STRIKE AT BATH, ME.

BATH, Me., Jan. 15.—Nearly 100 machinists at the Lynde Windlass company walked out yesterday because of the discharge Saturday night of Benjamin Coombs and Chester Martin, officials in the newly-organized union.

CHIME CLOCKS

Lowell

LOWELL, MASS.

WHY CLOTHES WEAR OUT

Do you know what wears your clothes out so quickly? It's the rubbing on the rough metal washboard. Think how hard it is on the delicate threads of any fabric. It's a wonder that clothes last as long as they do.

THE ELECTRIC WASHER

Will wash your heaviest blankets or most delicate laces without injury. Your clothes will last six times longer than when rubbed on a wash board. A small sum down will place it in your home and a few monthly installments will pay for the machine entirely.

Telephone 821 for Free Demonstration

THE LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.

29-31 Market Street Telephone 821

were in ignorance of any trouble brewing.

According to Walter P. Lemont, president of the local, trouble dates back to about 10 days ago when both he and Loring Bates were discharged, because of their activities in organizing the union. Lemont was elected president; Bates, vice president; James Leete, financial secretary; Chester Martin, treasurer; and William Hamilton, trustees. Yesterday afternoon a committee of former employees, comprising Charles Harrington, William Paisley and A. Wheeler, visited Fred L. Andrews, general manager, and Rodney E. Ross, treasurer, of the Windlass company, to talk over the situation. They were told that the company would be willing to take back all the machinists who walked out with the exception of Lemont and Bates and would take back Coombs and Martin, providing they would resign their offices in the union.

Following this offer the men announced their decision to remain out and said that several departments will be crippled tomorrow.

INCREASE FREIGHT RATES ON GRAIN PRODUCTS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The interstate commerce commission today reversed a previous decision and permitted an increase of approximately one cent per hundred pounds in rates on grain and grain products from points in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri and Kentucky to Atlantic ports for export. The increase was granted after additional evidence had been submitted at a rehearing to the effect that the proposed increases would maintain the present relationship between rates to Atlantic ports and those to Gulf ports.

HARRY G. POLLARD

Joseph Warren Commandery Entertains Grand Warden Pollard and Four Commanders

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—A graceful attention by Joseph Warren Commandery, K.T., last night to the women who stood in the receiving line preliminary to the exercises attending its annual event in Roxbury, was that each received a large bouquet. There were 290 in the company and the varied forms of entertainment occupied until midnight.

Those who took part in the reception were: Grand Commander, Theodore L. Dodd and Miss Gladys Carr, Senior Grand Warden Harry G. Pollard and Grand Lecturer George W. Knowlton and Mrs. Knowlton, Generalissimo Alvin W. Rydstrom, Mrs. Rydstrom, Capt. Gen. Albert E. Carr and Mrs. Carr, Past Commander George E. Painter and Miss Dorothy Foster, Past Commander S. Everett Tinkham and Mrs. Leo W. Twombly, Past Commander Arthur L. Foster and Mrs. Foster, Past Commander Edwin H. Oliver and Mrs. Oliver.

While this feature was in progress there was an organ recital by William W. Chute.

The Making of a Famous Medicine

Few people realize that over 100,000 pounds of various herbs are used annually in making Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and these herbs all have to be gathered at the season of the year when their medicinal properties are at their best.

The watchword in preparing these herbs is cleanliness, the process of percolation is sterilized and the medicine is pasteurized, clarified and filtered before it is bottled for the consumer.

It is this wonderful combination of herbs, together with the skill and care used in the preparation, which has made this famous medicine so successful in the treatment of female ills.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

FOR THE PROTECTION OF LIFE IN DRACUT

It is reported that Mr. George H. Stevens, one of Dracut's most prominent and progressive citizens, will urge at the coming town meeting an appropriation to purchase and install several sets of life-saving apparatus along the most dangerous spots of the waterways in Dracut. Recently, a life was rescued from one of the most treacherous spots on the river near Beaver Brook where he had been clinging to the ice for more than a half-hour. People stood by unable to go to the boy's aid and finally a young man appeared with a long fence rail which was taken from a fence a quarter of a mile away. The boy's life was saved.

Another small boy went through the ice on the Merrimack river near Varnum's Landing and was rescued after struggling in the icy water for more than twenty minutes.

Mr. Stevens contends that any money appropriated by the town of Dracut for this purpose will be money well invested, as it has already been proven in Lowell where several lives have been saved from drowning by the life-saving apparatus at hand, during the past six months.

BAKERS PLEAD GUILTY

Two Pay Fines at Franklin, N. H., For Selling Bread Not Properly Labeled

FRANKLIN, N. H., Jan. 15.—Henry Roultz and Eusebe Lemire, bakers, pleaded guilty in municipal court yesterday afternoon of misbranding bread weight, selling bread with unwrapped, they paid \$10 and costs for the first and \$1 and costs for the third offense, the second being continued. The state board of health agent made complaint, as a result of a statewide investigation, now under way.

NEW SOLDIERS' AID BILL

Extends Time for Payments to Dependents of Men Who Went to Border Until Jan. 1 Next

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—The legislative committee on military affairs yesterday afternoon voted to report a bill recommended by Richard H. Flynn, commissioner of state aid and pensions, to extend to Jan. 1, 1918, the time within which dependents may be made by municipalities on account of the dependent relatives of troops who went to the Mexican border, and to make the provisions of the state aid law applicable to their widows and children.

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing, Tobin's, Asso. Bldg.

Racine Times, Beharrell's.

J. S. Moir, optometrist, Wyman's Ex.

J. F. Donohue, 228 Hildreth bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone.

P. J. McMahon, formerly of Lowell, was re-elected treasurer of the Catholic club of New York city by a unanimous vote last Sunday.

At 8:40 o'clock this morning the ambulance was called to the car house in Middlesex street, where a man named Alton Knowles, residing at 2 Hales place, had fractured his right leg. The injured man was removed to St. John's hospital.

After viewing the remains of Walter J. Merritt, whose body was found in the woods in South (Westford), the funeral director, J. V. Mudge viewed the body and pronounced it "in view of the cuts on one wrist and the fact that a life was used to strangle, he decided an autopsy unnecessary."

Along with a special report submitted yesterday, the Telegram Retirement board today filed a bill with the legislature providing that school teachers who have served in the state's public schools for 15 years or more, if disabled as a result of the service, may be retired by the school committee that hired them.

As a result of a thorough investigation on the part of the police, five proprietors of coffee houses in Market street will appear before the license commission this evening to show cause why their licenses should not be revoked. The police claim they have found five different coffee houses situated in the corner of the game known as "passie" and "poker," which will serve as important evidence at the hearing.

WOMEN POLICE AT WORCESTER

WORCESTER, Jan. 15.—After a public hearing last night in city hall, thirty citizens' committee on police voted to recommend that the police ordinance be amended to provide for appointment of at least two women police officers.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

LISTEN TO THIS!

SAYS CORNS LIFT RIGHT OUT NOW

For restless men and women who are bothered with corns and who have at least once a week invited an awful death from lockjaw or blood poison are now told by a Cincinnati authority to use a drug called "Freezone," which the moment a few drops are applied to any corn, the soreness is relieved and soon the entire corn rots and all lifts out with the fingers.

It is a sticky ether compound which dries the moment it is applied and simply shrivels the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin. It is claimed that a quarter of an ounce of "Freezone" will cost very little at any of the drug stores, but is sufficient to lift out each foot of every hard or soft corn or callus.

You are further warned that cutting at a corn is a suicidal habit.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

OFFICERS ELECTED BY THE VERY BEST SHOW OF THE SEASON

THE MATHEWS' MINSTREL SHOW BIG ATTRACTION AT ASSOCIATE HALL THURSDAY EVENING

All roads will lead to Associate hall on Thursday evening, when the Mathews' Minstrel show will present a minstrel entertainment that promises to be one of the best ever given in Lowell. In the troupe are many of Lowell's most talented performers, and all have been assigned to particularly good parts. The songs are new and catchy, and the jokes are pulled by the "ends" are said to be right up to the minute. Some are dedicated to the city fathers, who are at present in the limelight, while others are "on" other prominent men about town.

The show is in charge of Vice President John Townsend, a capable and enthusiastic director, and he has instilled a great amount of "pep" into the entertainment.

There are over 60 mixed voices in the chorus and the number in the various catchy numbers are given would do credit to professionals.

Those who are to appear on the ends have their parts down to perfection, each and every one presenting a feature that is bound to bring tumultuous applause. As end ladies, Mrs. Hugh Doherty, nee Mary Dillon, will sing and dance in her own inimitable manner; Miss Kitty Dunn and Miss Lillian McPherson, who exceptionally clever performers, will appear in splendid numbers. For end men, Ed "Tip" Hanley will be on the extreme corner, and this fact alone assures a rare treat. Joe Lannan, another well known singer, who recently made his debut as a minstrel entertainer, has an exceptional bill and number. Billy Sullivan of the Sagamore club will be the other "end" and he has a very good feature.

For soloists there is that ever-popular favorite, Commissioner James R. Donnelly; William McNamara, who possesses a beautiful bass voice; Warren Kane, a promising young tenor, and Misses Bella Walsh, Florence McManus and Helen Kennedy, three very artistic soloists. John W. Sharkey will act as interlocutor, with John Broderick accompanying.

Delegations will be present from Lawrence, Woburn, Lynn, North Billerica and North Chelmsford.

After the show there will be general dancing, and this diversion will be continued until 1 o'clock, with music by Broderick's orchestra.

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Aggravation of the glands is so serious that they cannot be removed right away, and it will be several weeks before the physician will permit the operation.

Nevertheless the mayor intends to go to Washington this week with a delegation of the Sons of Israel.

PERIA SEEKS AMERICAN AID

Shah's Note Hopes United States "Will Assist Our Oppressed Nation to Maintain Its Integrity"

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The note reveals that the president's note was transmitted through the United States minister at Tehran, and continues:

"I am further instructed to say that, notwithstanding we declared ourselves neutral, a large part of our country has been disturbed and devastated by the fighting of the belligerents within our boundaries."

The Persian government furthermore adds that because the government of the United States will assist our oppressed nation to maintain its integrity and rights not only for the present but whenever a peace conference shall take place."

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Dr. Augusta A. Carlson Found Guilty But Put on Probation With a Warning

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—Dr. Augusta A. Carlson of Massachusetts avenue, Back Bay, the first woman to be brought into court here on a charge of dispensing narcotic drugs, was found guilty yesterday by Judge Bennett in the municipal court, and after a severe reprimand was placed on probation. Dr. Carlson was told that a man had been sent to jail recently for a year for the same offense.

She pleaded not guilty and said she did not think she was violating the law, but had prescribed narcotic drugs when she saw the patient really needed them because of illness. Two prisoners were brought up from Deer Island on charges to testify against her.

STOLEN CANNON BACK AGAIN

"Big Lizzie" Weight 1250 Pounds, Retrieved From Chelsea Junk Pile and Restored to Providence

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 15.—The 1250-pound bronze cannon, stolen from Roger Williams Park Dec. 31, was back on the job again yesterday.

Police inspectors J. H. Armstrong and L. Felix Godfrey found it in Chelsea, Mass., buried under tons of scrap iron. Three boys, now in Providence jail, will be arrested, charged with the theft, upon finishing their present terms.

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The cannon is worth as old metal just now \$375. It is jocosely known as "Big Lizzie."

BAKER FAVORS SUFFRAGE

Secretary of War Tells Ohio Legislature That Women Are Entitled to Vote as Right

CLEVELAND, Jan. 15.—When Secretary of War Newton D. Baker was consulted by Cleveland members of the Ohio legislature here yesterday he came out strongly for presidential suffrage for Ohio women.

He told his callers that, if he were a member of the Ohio legislature, he not only would vote such a measure, but would get out and work for it to remove it next time.

"Presidential suffrage should be given Ohio women as a matter of justice and right," said Mr. Baker.

THE VERY BEST SHOW OF THE SEASON

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POLICE COURT

Continued

Wanted Application Back
Just because he insisted upon getting back an application he had filed for a loan, after being refused the loan, Francis J. Walsh was arrested for trespassing and arraigned in court this morning. He entered a plea of guilty and after he had informed the court that he is the father of two children, he was released on \$1000 bail.

Francis went to a local loan agency last evening and applied for a loan. He was asked to fill an application and return in an hour. When he returned he was informed that nothing could be learned about his character and accordingly could not get a loan. He then asked the woman back of the counter to return his application, which, by the way, contained the whole history of his life, but the woman refused and accordingly Francis refused to leave the place, with the result that Patrolman Kenney was called in. The complainant in the case was Hattie M. Russell.

Husband and Wife

Samuel Pappas and his wife were both in court this morning, the former on a charge of assault and the latter on a charge of drunkenness. Pappas, whose case is an old one, entered a plea of not guilty and at his request the case was continued till Feb. 27. His better half admitted her guilt and was sentenced to a month in jail.

Long Time Away

According to Mrs. William A. Monty her husband left her three years ago, or shortly after their wedding, and during all that time she has not received one word from him. A few days ago William A. returned to Lowell and she was soon in the clutch of the law. This morning he pleaded with the court for an opportunity to secure employment and promised to do what is right by his wife. In order to give him an opportunity to prove his sincerity the court continued the case for three weeks on condition that during that time he pays his wife \$3 a week.

Cases Continued

Arthur Smart and Laura French were arraigned on a statutory offense, and after entering a plea of not guilty, had their case continued till tomorrow, both being fined at \$200.

James B. McGuinness at Billerica, charged with assault and battery on Judson A. Newcomb, denied his guilt and his case was continued till Jan. 21.

Patrick Roach was found guilty of drunkenness and sentenced to 10 days in the city jail. Thomas E. Lee, who was released Sunday, was again suspended sentence of three months in jail. Three other cases of drunkenness were continued till tomorrow morning.

FUNERAL NOTICES

BAGLEY—The funeral of William F. Bagley will take place Wednesday morning from his home, 77 Adams street, at 10 o'clock. A mass of requiem will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker Peter S. O'Donnell.

BAKER—Died Jan. 15, in this city, Mrs. Sarah J. Baker, aged 59 years and 24 days, at her home, 156 Sixth street, at 10 o'clock. Burial will be held at 10 o'clock, Wednesday, at St. Patrick's church. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

COBURN—Died Jan. 15, in this city, George A. Coburn, aged 74 years, at his home, 17 Adams street, at 10 o'clock. Burial will be held at 10 o'clock, Wednesday, at St. Patrick's church. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

CALLAHAN—The funeral of the late Charles Callahan will take place on Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock from his late home, 17 Adams street, at 10 o'clock. A mass of requiem will be sung at St. Andrew's church, North Billerica, at 9:15 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker James P. O'Donnell.

LELAND—Died Jan. 15, in this city, Dr. Clarence H. Leland, aged 74 years, at his home, 48 Westford street, at 10 o'clock. Burial will be held at 10 o'clock, Wednesday, at St. Patrick's church. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

McGILLY—The funeral of Mrs. Katharine McGilly will take place Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock from her late home, 75 Hoyt avenue. Solemn high mass will be celebrated at the Immaculate Conception church at 10 o'clock. Burial will take place at St. Patrick's cemetery. Funeral arrangements in charge of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

MERRITT—Died in this city, Jan. 15, 1917, Walter J. Merritt, aged 35 years and 11 months. Funeral services will be held at the funeral parlors of undertaker William H. Saunders, 15 Appleton street, on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectively invited to attend.

McCAFFERTY—The funeral of the late Mrs. Hannah McCafferty will take place Thursday morning at 9 o'clock from her late home, 2 Church street, at 10 o'clock. A mass of requiem will be sung at St. Michael's church at 10 o'clock. Burial will take place at St. Michael's cemetery. Funeral arrangements in charge of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

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Fair and continued cold to night and Wednesday; moderate northwest to west winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JANUARY 16 1917

PRICE ONE CENT

HEAVY COUNTER ATTACKS BY RUSSO-RUMANIANS IN RUMANIA

The Russo-Rumanian defense of the Sereth line in northern Rumania has turned to the form of heavy counter attacks, which are being delivered both along the Moldavian frontier and between Pokshani and the Danube. Berlin today announces two such attacks, each delivered in strong force and each without permanent advantage.

It is admitted that in assaults between the Kaspian and suchitza valleys in the Moldavian mountains the Rumanians penetrated the German position at one point but this success is declared to have been but temporary, a counter attack expelling the entire forces.

Attempt to Push Back Teutons

The most ambitious attempt to push back the Teutonic front was made along the main Sereth line between the mountains and the Danube in the vicinity of Pudent. Russian troops in mass formation were thrown into a storm attack yesterday afternoon and evening after violent artillery preparation. Here, too, the Teutonic lines were reached, during the second effort, but could not be held by the attacking forces. The deadly Austro-German curtain of fire broke up the Russian attack. Berlin declares, elsewhere there has been little fighting, so far as the current official statements reveal. There are signs of possible impending activities of an important nature, however, along the front in Macedonia.

German General in Greece

In this connection interest attaches to a news agency report of the presence in Greece of Gen. von Falkenhayn, former chief of the German general staff and latterly in command of important forces in the Rumanian campaign. He is said to have reached Larissa after having travelled in a submarine from Kavala.

A report from Salonika by the communication of a Paris agency says the Greek government is in constant communication with Berlin by means

of a wireless plant hastily constructed at Larissa.

Another report from a correspondent with General Sarraiti's army declares the entire forces in Macedonia are to be augmented preliminary to an offensive which will have for its object the cutting of the Berlin-Constantinople road running through Serbia, Bulgaria and Turkey.

Petrograd's statement on the fighting along the Moldavian frontier of Rumania announces a Russo-Rumanian success. Further inroads upon the Teutonic lines have been made as the result of attacks in the Kaspian river region. It is declared, and hostile attacks have been beaten off.

Neither side has anything definite to report on the struggle for Galatz, on the Danube end of the Sereth line but the Russians appear to be holding on desperately to their positions along the Sereth in the region of Vadoni, six miles southwest of Galatz. The Petrograd war office reports fighting still in progress there.

GERMAN RAID ON SOMME

PARIS, Jan. 16.—A German raid in the Somme region last night made under the cover of the fire of shells, containing asphyxiating gas, was repulsed by the French. Elsewhere on the front there was little activity except for artillery fighting and outpost skirmishing.

ON FRANCO-BELGIAN FRONT

BERLIN, Jan. 16, by wireless to Sayville.—Today's army headquarters statement regarding operations on the Franco-Belgian front reads:

"Western front. An attempt by French detachments to enter our positions near Bouvignes, south of Roy, was frustrated by our trench troops. Otherwise the fighting activity on both sides was within moderate limits, except for livelier artillery fire in certain localities."

There is nothing important to report regarding the Russian front, the statement says.

RUSSIANS SUFFER LOSSES

BERLIN, Jan. 16, by wireless to Sayville.—Russian forces undertook a violent attack in Rumania yesterday on both sides of Pudent. Today's war office report says the advancing Russian waves were cut down by the German fire, which inflicted great losses.

ADMIRAL DEWEY NEAR DEATH AT HOME

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Admiral Dewey's condition at 3:30 o'clock this morning was said by his doctors to be "distinctly worse" and it was feared he would not live through the day. Dr. Fauntleroy issued this bulletin.

Admiral Dewey has slowly declined during the night and early morning. His lungs are beginning to become infected. Temperature (by rectum) 102.5; pulse, 120; respiration, 32. His breathing is more labored and his kidneys are working slowly. Swallowing is very difficult and his general condition is distinctly worse.

Another statement issued by Dr. Fauntleroy at noon said:

"The admiral is slightly worse than at the time the first statement was issued today."

At 1:40 p. m. Doctors Fauntleroy and Shelden issued this statement:

"The admiral is slowly sinking. The end may come at any time."

CITY COUNCIL HOLDS BRIEF MEETING

A session of the city council which was conducted with calmness and dispatch and which was productive of no thrills whatsoever for the handful of spectators in the gallery, was held this morning. The meeting convened at 10 o'clock, Commissioners Morse and Donnelly being absent as Clerk Flynn

Continued to page eight

BRYAN CONFERS WITH PRESIDENT WILSON

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—William J. Bryan conferred with President Wilson today. He has just returned from a trip through the south.

LAWSON SAYS HENRY DID NOT MENTION McADOO'S NAME

Baruch, Von Bernstorff and Lansing Only Names Mentioned by Chairman, Says Lawson at Leak Inquiry — "Unless Chairman Henry Said What I Say He Did, I Am Guilty of Perjury and Unfit to be Anywhere Outside Bars of Prison" Shouts Lawson—J. P. Morgan and Other Bankers Subpoenaed

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The "leak" investigating committee spent another session on Thomas W. Lawson today and then extended its field of inquiry by summoning J. P. Morgan, Henry P. Davison, Frank A. Vanderlip, Sol Wexler and Arthur Lipper, all nationally known bankers. The exact purposes of summoning these heads of the financial center were not disclosed.

Lawson's testimony today was an amplification of his sensational statement of yesterday in which the committee understood him to say that Chairman Henry of the rules committee was the mysterious congressman who told him a cabinet member, a senator and a banker were engaged in a stock gambling pool and that the cabinet member was Pliny Fiske and that the senator's name began with O. Today Lawson declared his information came from another source, which he did not disclose. He declared emphatically that he had not mentioned McAdoo's name and that the only names Henry had mentioned were those of Bernard Baruch, a Wall street operator, Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, and Secretary Lansing. Henry, he said, repeated a rumor that the ambassador made two million dollars in the market and that Lansing and Baruch had conferences in New York.

Archibald S. White, Lawson said, asked to what he had heard about McAdoo's alleged relations with Fiske.

Mrs. Ruth Thomason Visconti who wrote Lawson a letter offering information and later, he says, told him that Secretary Taft and W. W. Price, one of the White House correspondents, profited by the leak, suddenly disappeared today, and the sergeant-at-arms of the house after making a fruitless search with a subpoena reported he was unable to locate her. Members of the committee said there were inklings that she has disappeared.

Tumulty, McAdoo, Price, Paul M. Warburg and others who already have issued statements repudiating Lawson's testimony, were waiting today to testify under oath. The committee had decided to give Lawson opportunity for full statement, and had not finished late today.

LAWSON CALLED.—With administration officials, bankers and other well known men waiting to testify on Thomas W. Lawson's testimony that he had heard they were connected with a stock market leak on President Wilson's peace note, the house rules committee today resumed its hearings with Lawson on the stand.

McAdoo and Tumulty to Testify

Secretary McAdoo, who Lawson said he was given to understand was the mysterious cabinet member involved in his statements; Secretary Tumulty, who Lawson said one of his informants told him was connected with the alleged leak; Paul M. Warburg of the federal reserve board who Lawson said had knowledge of the leak machinery and half a dozen other well known men were waiting to testify under subpoena, or had come before the committee voluntarily.

Before Lawson had been on the stand, the committee broadened to take in some nationally known names not hitherto mentioned.

Morgan Subpoenaed

On motion of Representative Harrison, democrat, the committee subpoenaed J. P. Morgan, J. S. Bache, Henry P. Davison, Frank A. Vanderlip, Arthur Lipper and Sol C. Wexler, all prominent bankers. Mr. Harrison did not disclose his reason for asking for the appearance of the witnesses.

Reiterates Charge Against Henry

At the outset of today's hearing Lawson went over his recital of how he said Chairman Henry himself told him a cabinet member, a senator and a banker were in a stock gambling pool. Referring to Henry's denial that he ever told Lawson such things, Lawson dramatically declared:

"Unless your chairman said what I said he did, I am guilty of foul perjury and unfit to be anywhere outside the bars of a prison."

Lawson Takes Stand

Thomas W. Lawson was called to the witness stand again today when the house rules committee resumed its hearing on the alleged leak to the stock market on President Wilson's peace note.

"You stated," questioned Representative Campbell, "that when you left Washington after talking with Chairman Henry you went to New York and talked with several publishers. Will you state the substance of what you told them?"

"I asked them their opinion of what had happened in Washington," Lawson began slowly, "and told them I would like to get their advice on whether I should go further or drop the entire matter. I said much more than I related here yesterday. I said before them Henry's statement in the press that morning and called their attention to what appeared to be an unfair slant that it took."

"After I left Henry's office I went to New York and first called on John O'Hara Cosgrave in his editorial rooms in the New York World on the following morning."

"When was the interview with Edmund Ridgeway?"

"Tuesday, Jan. 2."

"Where did you see him?"

"At my rooms in the Belmont hotel, New York."

"You spoke of seeing Donald McDonald?"

"The early morning of Jan. 3, I came right from the train and sat down in the Belmont hotel breakfast room, when Mr. McDonald came in and sat at a table across the aisle. He spoke to me. I didn't spoken to him. Lawson dramatically declared to the committee, "and until to be anywhere outside the bars of a prison."

"I was very much worked up about the Henry statement," Lawson continued. "We had agreed on one. He had said 'a fair and gave both sides' and we shook hands on it. When I read his statement it appeared unfair. It looked as though in the three hours and a quarter he had asked me over and over again to give him names and that I had failed."

"He wanted Cosgrave and Ridgeway to hear his story," he said, "because they were men of long experience in handling investigations and he desired to know whether they thought he should drop the entire affair, or if he owed it to the public to go further."

Representative Garrett objected to Lawson repeating his conversations with those men on the ground that they did not tend to cast any light on the case.

Some One Committing Perjury

Representative Campbell, then charged the form of questioning slightly and Lawson continued to repeat his conversation with Henry.

"I will say in view of all that has occurred here," Lawson declared, "that it is right that you should hear all I have to say. What there is a direct difference of opinion—stronger than any I have heard—between the committee and one of the other of us is committing perjury—deliberate rank perjury."

"This is a syndicate or national bank meeting. This is a meeting of a

high committee of congress. In my opinion there is nothing of greater importance than for your committee to arrive at a fair and honest decision, and to do that you must hear what I have to say."

Stormy Wrangle

Representatives Garrett, Foster and others objected to Lawson's argument and there was a stormy wrangle during which Lawson shouted his insistence that he should be heard fully.

Chairman Henry ruled that he would be given an opportunity to tell all he wanted.

Lawson resumed his narrative of his meeting with Henry, reiterating that the chairman told him the "leak" was not serious for an investigation at this time but that he favored a general inquiry later into the stock market. Lawson said he indicated that, and revealed to Henry that he had much to do with the money trust inquiry, though Henry, a member of the committee was unaware of it.

"I told him," Lawson said, "that I dug up much of the information. I remember went to Europe while I did it. I personally paid the bills of the experts, upwards of \$40,000 and asked for no glory, except to appear as a witness."

"This is a chance," I told Henry, "to duplicate that it is the greatest thing that can be done for the American people."

"Go to Wall street and set up shop," was the advice Lawson said he gave Henry. There, he said, all of the stock exchange members could be summoned with their books and led and forced to reveal the inside of transactions.

Referring again to his conference with Henry mentioning Sec. Lansing and Bernard Baruch, Lawson declared Henry told him the committee had the substance of all of one of Lansing's talks at the Belmont hotel with the New York broker and the substance of part of another.

"I said to Henry, 'go through it from A to Z,' Lawson testified, and before you are questioning, done the bill will be blown off. Congress will know the world will know who the hypocrites are that are making millions.' That was what we talked about in the three hours and a quarter I was with him."

"He asked me one thing before we left the meeting. I ask you to do this," he said, "throw this newspaper man at the event. We cannot gain anything by letting them know that we are coming back here at 3 o'clock."

"So I met Mr. Henry again at 3 o'clock," Lawson continued. "He said to me, 'Lawson, I'm sorry that we can't do what you say. I regret it a great time and a good thing, and all I regret is that I am coming out of office on the fourth of March.'"

"I said that there was time enough yet to do something. Then Henry said that since we had parted in the morning he had thought it all over and that he had come to the conclusion that the matter was too serious to be made public now. He then added, 'What do you say if we get it again in thirty days.'"

"I said not at all. I would be outraged by that time and we will never have this opportunity again."

"State the way in which the names came to be mentioned first, in your interview with Mr. Henry," said Representative Campbell, republican.

"I entered the room and the chairman said nice things to me. He wheeled up a chair and said, 'Take a comfortable one.' I asked him to have one of my cigars and he asked me to have one of his cigars."

GARDNER ON JOB BUT HAS NOT QUALIFIED FOR THE POSITION

Commissioner Brown said this morning that Robert Gardner had not qualified for the position of superintendent of water works, but that he was going to take the job. Mr. Brown stated as a reason why Mr. Gardner had not qualified, that he did not wish him to lose his civil service rating, before the outcome of the Thomas case becomes known. Mr. Brown, however, assured the newspapermen that Mr. Gardner would take the position.

It has been noted about that Mr. Gardner did not intend to take the office and, in fact, when asked yesterday if he intended to qualify, he replied that he did not know.

The house in West Sixth street, owned by the city, and which is for the occupancy of the water superintendent, is still being occupied by Mr. Thomas.

City's Gross Debt

The total gross debt of the city is \$5,176,837.50 and the total borrowing capacity for 1917 is \$801,108.13, according to the financial statement of the

year, given out today by the city auditor's office. The statement follows:

City debt	\$2,879,987.69
Water debt	1,387,758.00
Revenue tax loan	800,000.00
Total gross debt	\$5,176,837.69
Limit of municipal debt for 1917	\$2,298,191.45
City debt as relates to limit of indebtedness	\$1,544,077.69
Borrowing limit Jan. 1, 1917	\$454,113.85
Payment, 1917	\$845,991.40
Total borrowing capacity, 1917	\$801,108.13

Moist Department

The moist department has a gang of 19 men at work, both on gypsies and brownstalls. There are a lot of gypsy moths but only a few brownstalls. The gypsy moth egg clusters are being treated with cresote and the brownstall clusters are being cut off and burned.

A general teachers' meeting is to be held tomorrow afternoon in high school hall at 4.15 o'clock.

J. A. Benoit of 746 Lakeview avenue has applied for a building permit for the changing of store front and repairs, at an estimated cost of \$1000.

see whether they should be given to the committee."

"Very well," I said, "but it is understood we are to think out loud." We shook hands on it and Henry said: "That's it exactly. What's proper to give to the public or the committee we'll give and what isn't we'll hold in confidence." I said that was agreed.

"Now," I said, "don't ask me to give names of men who have told the things in confidence, and we'll quit a long talk about the leak, and finally he said: 'All right; but some time I am going to have those names and there won't be any investigation.'"

How Henry Gave Names

Then Mr. Henry said: "To show you where we stand, I'll tell you some of the things we've got. We have it that a Mr. Baruch, who made large contributions to the democratic campaign fund had four conversations with Secretary Lansing."

"That's going some," I replied. "Four of 'em?"

"Yes," he answered, "four of them" and then he added—"I forgot to state this yesterday—we have the conversation of one of the interviews and part of the conversation of another. We also have it that Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, is so mixed up in it that he made over \$200,000. We've got it up to \$400,000 now."

"Then I said to Henry: 'Chairman, it doesn't seem to me that you need me in order to start an investigation.'"

"Then Henry asked me: 'Do you think Baruch could be mixed up in this way, using his friendships in such a way, and involving the integrity of the democratic party?'"

"Mr. Chairman," I said, "I think he would be the last man in the world to do such a thing, and I will stake my head that Secretary Lansing would not take a postage stamp of profit out of such transactions, even though these things were floating all around him."

Big Conspiracy in Wall Street

"Then Henry asked me how these things could happen and I told him that there had been a big conspiracy in Wall street for months and that this leak alone was not responsible. I told him how Mexican war information had been peddled, how situations were made to order and I said that a man like Baruch in the market, keeping posted, naturally, if he unearthed any information through rumor or otherwise and was certain that people were making enormous operations, would take advantage of the market."

Continued to page five

LEAK BULLETINS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Interrupting Thomas W. Lawson's testimony, Representative Harrison, a democrat, at the rules committee, today moved that J. P. Morgan, J. S. Bache, H. P. Davison, F. A. Vanderlip, Arthur Lipper and S. C. Wexler be subpoenaed to appear in the investigation. The motion was carried and the subpoenas were issued. Harrison made no explanation of his reasons for ordering these subpoenas.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Lawson testified that Mrs. Ruth Thomason Visconti, who wrote him a letter and later made a statement in the presence of her attorney, declaring William W. Price, the White House correspondent,

acted as a go-between for Secretary Tumulty and others, stated that Price received \$5000 cash and that Tumulty received a much larger sum.

"I think that is substantially a correct statement of her report to me," said Lawson.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—When Thos. W. Lawson was cross-examined today he declared the impression that Chairman Henry had mentioned Secretary McAdoo in connection with the alleged leak was erroneous. That information, he declared came from entirely another source.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The sergeant-at-arms of the house reported to Chairman Henry today that he had been unable to locate Mrs. Ruth Thomason Visconti, source as a witness in the leak investigation. Members of the committee said there were "inklings" that she has disappeared.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—With regard to subpoenaing J. P. Morgan, H. P. Davison and other financiers, in the leak investigation, Chairman Henry said he did not know any specific reason for calling them. Representative Harrison, who proposed that they be summoned, said he thought that the committee might get some valuable information.

BUCK CASE GOES OVER UNTIL MARCH TERM

TOWNSBURY MAN ALLEGED TO HAVE SHOT LOWELL OFFICERS PLEADS NOT GUILTY

The case of Benjamin Buck of Tewksbury, charged with assault and battery on Capt. James Brosnan, Patrolmen James Considine and Clyde R. Aldrich, was called this afternoon.

Buck pleaded not guilty and the case was put over until the March term of court. Buck is the man who fired on three police officers when they attempted to place him under arrest at or near the plant of the Avery Chemical Co. in Wamecet a couple of months ago. He used a shot gun and Capt. James Brosnan was quite seriously wounded, shots taking effect in his face, arms and hands. Buck had been drinking and liquor was said to have been responsible for his action.

Mathew Minstreis, Thurs., Associate.

DEMAREE TRADED TO CUBS

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—An announcement was made today that Pitcher Al Demaree of the Philadelphia Athletics had been traded to the Chicago Nationals for Pitcher Jimmy Lavender.

OF RECOGNIZED VALUE

The evening newspaper is the recognized advertising medium that reaches the home and is read and discussed not only at the dinner table, but throughout the evening, when the whole family can study the advertisements and leisurely make plans for the next day's shopping. Successful merchants realize this and make their announcements through

THE SUN

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

FARRELL & CONATON

PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS

243 Outton St. Tel. 1619

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

PROVISION DEALERS IN POLICE COURT

Seven local provision dealers were arraigned before Judge Enright at this morning's session of the police court on complaints charging them with unlawfully exposing for sale cold storage goods. All pleaded not guilty, contending, and in each case a fine of \$5 was imposed. Another merchant pleaded not to a complaint charging him with unlawfully exposing for sale cold storage

Continued to last page

Mathew Minstreis, Thurs., Broderick's.

The Lowell Institution

For Savings

18 SHATTUCK STREET

Will be pleased to have you receive one of its

CALENDARS

regularly each year.

If you will come to the Bank or send your address by mail, your name will be put on its mailing list.

CHALIFOUX'S

ON THE SQUARE

KEEP THE SNOW BALL ROLLING

There's a big snow ball rolling around your town, picking up all the time, growing larger and larger. It's something to be in on the rolling of this ball. It is called Good Report. We have been serving our customers to the best of our ability for a long time now and people are talking favorably about us everywhere.

This helps us. The farther you push the ball of Good Report, the easier it will become. It stimulates us to the effort that means saving to you.

BOY WOULD GO WITH "MR. BUFFALO BILL"

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 16.—The editor of the Denver Times received the following letter yesterday:

"Mr. Buffalo Bill, Denver: Dear Sir—My grandpa told me this morning you were ready to start for the hunting grounds. He said a long time ago they had perhaps given you the end of a golden string and told you to wind it into a ball and after you had it most all wound up and it led you to the happy hunting grounds and after you got there they would lock the gate and throw the key away as you were the last one they had been waiting for. Mr. Buffalo Bill, I want to go to the happy hunting grounds too. It looks to me like a nice place than just heaven, where they have only gold and silver and happy and angels and things. Mr. Buffalo Bill, will you please take the key and hold the gate, and make room for just me. I am a little fellow and don't take much room now and I will come as soon as I get through here. Then they can lock the gate and throw the key away forever and ever.

(Signed) "Robert Curtiss Talbot, 4300 West Willow St., Gatewood, Seattle.

"P. S.—Mr. Buffalo Bill says grandpa says you have left my grandpa this letter to a man who works on a big paper and lives there, so if you have started he may know best where to find you, because he was the only man who knew where the west began.

"Bob."

WIFE SLAYER SENTENCED

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—J. Maurice Pettit, who killed his young wife, Mrs. Katherine Pettit, by cutting her throat in their home last August, "to keep her pure," as he said, was sentenced to life imprisonment by Judge Barrett in the same court yesterday. Pettit pleaded guilty. The argument of his counsel was that Pettit was unbalanced mentally.

GIRLS! WOMEN! TAKE CASCARETS IF CONSTIPATED

They live your liver and bowels and clear your complexion.

Don't stay headachy, bilious with breath bad and stomach sour.

Get a 10-cent box now. Tonight sure! Take Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest, clear and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Cascarets will live your liver and clear your thirty feet of bowels without griping. You will wake up feeling grand. Your head will be clear, breath right, tongue clean, stomach sweet, eyes bright, step elastic and complexion rosy—they're wonderful. Get a 10-cent box now at any drug store. Cascarets to children any time when cross, feverish, bilious, tongue coated or constipated—they are harmless.

Big Sugar Special All This Week

10 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar	59
With a pound of High Grade Baking Powder	50
Both	\$1.09
5 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar	23
With a pound of Fresh Roasted Coffee	35
Both	64
100 Green Stamps with a pound of High Grade Tea	60
Another Big Special This Week	
—A Double Boiler with a pound of High Grade Tea	60

If you have not already received a Calendar, it is not too late to call for one.



SAVE TIME

When you want one of the medicinal preparations that is advertised in this or other papers, don't go from store to store, come here.

Freezone, Plant Juice, Pinex; all the newest and best of the old reliable remedies are to be found here. Phone us and we'll send anything.

Two Phones, 1962—82573
HOWARD The Druggist,
197 Central St.

8 Ozs.
**FINEST
VANILLA
EXTRACT**

For 65c
**TALBOT'S
CHEMICAL STORE**
40 MIDDLE ST.

BOY BURGLARS' LOOT FOUND UNDERGROUND

NEW LONDON, Conn., Jan. 16.—After a series of mysterious burglaries in the Pequot summer colony and along the river front at Gates Ferry, Police-men Beebe, Sheehan and Kavanaugh last night arrested three boys, who are believed to be guilty of the wholesale lootings.

The lads are Maurice Glazer, Ellis Schaffer and Everett Bolton, all about 16 years old, of respectable families.

It is reported one of the boys confessed and "squealed" on his associates. In addition, he piloted the officers to woods adjacent to the Pequot colony and several hundred dollars' worth of jewelry, silverware and household furnishings were found buried deep in the ground.

SAYS EDISON CO. COULD HAVE SAVED MILLIONS

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—The Edison company might have saved millions of dollars in the construction of power plants, purchase of equipment, making of coal contracts and other operating expenditures, according to testimony given to the gas and electric light commission yesterday by Benjamin J. Pigott of New York, expert on mechanical and electrical engineering.

So much time was taken up by Expert Pigott's arraignment of the business methods of the Edison company that the commission was unable to begin its examination of President Edison as to the expenditures to the low arm of Burdett, Wardwell & Ives, which was scheduled for yesterday.

Beginning with his assertion at the morning session that \$2,405,723 might have been saved if the company had been careful in its expenditures for construction of the L street plant in South Boston, Pigott devoted the balance of the day to a discussion of coal contracts and expenses connected with the purchase and operation of equipment.

Raps Coal Contracts

Mr. Pigott said he examined a coal contract made for one year by the Edison company with C. H. Sprague & Son of Boston, beginning March 1, 1913. In that contract the Edison company paid \$2.75 a ton for coal, low. Newport News or Sewell's Point, Va., and Mr. Pigott's opinion it was not a favorable contract because the coal was to be so-called "run-of-mine" coal, in other words, not selected. There was a provision in the contract which allowed for a certain premium if the coal came above the standard.

In another contract which he examined, Mr. Pigott said a diver was contracted, beginning Sept. 1, 1915, allowed for a charge of \$2.75 for mine coal and a charge of \$2.75 a ton for nut and slack coal. This also was unfavorable to the company, in the opinion of the expert.

Further criticism of the Edison management was made by Mr. Pigott regarding the purchase of two turbine engines. The Edison company paid \$100,000 for each of the turbines, while under the same conditions the Commonwealth Edison company of Chicago paid \$95,000 each for theirs.

Moreover, there was a lack of efficiency in operation of the turbines, according to Mr. Pigott's testimony. The combined operating cost of four Edison company turbines was, according to their own figures, \$7.22 per horsepower. The figures of Expert Pigott showed that the combined cost should not be more than \$2.75 per horsepower.

The so-called 41 plant of the Edison company at L street, South Boston, was unnecessary in 1914, the date of the company's figures given to the commission, and is not necessary now, according to the expert. The total capacity of that station, 10,000 kilowatts, should be reduced to 8,000 kilowatts, he said.

"My investigation shows me," the expert said, "that the charge of the L street station was \$7,250,000, while I have figured out that a fair investment charge, figured on the basis of an 8,000 kilowatt station, is \$5,750,000. The accounts of the company are inflated to the tune of \$1,500,000 that figure. I never saw such a different set of accounts to get at in my life. More lighting and railway companies adopt a standard method of keeping such accounts, but the Edison accounts, so far as I can find out, are not kept according to any standard method."

After the expert finished his report, he told the commission he would have eliminated from the cost of the power station was an item of \$12,500, which was the cost of installing the No. 2 turbine. This turbine he would have excluded from the station.

He would also have eliminated the cost of the station, in which the company has a \$12,500,000.

"The station practically is not used for generating purposes and certainly is not needed," the expert said. "Furthermore, I find that the kilowatt cost is \$6.60, which I find somewhat high for a power station of that size."

"PROVIDENCE KID" SENTENCED

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—John Russell, known as the "Providence Kid," was sentenced to the house of correction for 15 months, yesterday, on a plea of guilty, on a charge of delivering drugs. He was arrested in Hamilton place, where a crowd of drug users

MILLIONS USE IT TO STOP A COLD

"Pape's Cold Compound" ends severe colds or grippe in few hours.

Relief comes instantly. A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end grippe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or more running, relieves sick headache, dizziness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuff-up! Quit blowing and sniffing! Ease your throats, lungs, head and chest. Pape's Cold Compound gives quick prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only 25 cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine.

assembled, the police say, to get the drugs from Russell.

Josephine Harris, sentenced on a charge of larceny to the house of correction for six months, was given an additional month in the superior criminal court for having a drug in her possession.

Dr. James W. Stevens, whose case in Middlesex county for violating the drug law was not pros'd, pleaded guilty before Judge Morton, yesterday, to a charge of conspiracy to sell drugs, and John F. Smith, a West End druggist, on the same charge entered a like plea. Both will come up for sentence later.

Dr. Lemuel F. Noble of Massachusetts avenue was held in \$2000 bail on an indictment containing 94 counts alleging that he unlawfully prescribed to 13 persons known to be drug users at different times. He pleaded not guilty. His officers were raided a short time ago.

GEN. VON FALKENHAYN SAID TO BE IN GREECE

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The presence in Greece of Gen. von Falkenhayn, former German chief of staff and of late in command of part of the forces engaged in the campaign against Rumania is reported in French official quarters at Saloniki, according to a Renter dispatch from that point. Gen. von Falkenhayn is said to be embarked on a submarine at the Greek port of Kavala, now in the hands of the Germans, and to have landed at a point on the Greek coast, whence he made his way to Larissa.

Previous messages from Saloniki said it was General Baron von Falkenhayn, a member of the German military commission that went to Greece in 1915, who made the trip in the submarine.

MANY VOLUNTEERS FOR GERMANY'S HOME ARMY

REPORTING SO STEADILY THAT
COMPELSION WILL NOT BE
RESORTED TO

BERLIN, Jan. 15, via London, Jan. 16.—Volunteers for Germany's "home army" are many in number and are volunteering so steadily and so fast that compulsion under the terms of the civil service law of November will not have to be resorted to in the near future and may never be necessary, according to Dr. Kurt Sorge, civil chief of staff in the war bureau. The volume of volunteering has come, frankly, as a pleasant surprise to the officials. The country has gradually realized that the war bureau intends to enroll civilian workers only by slow degrees so as to disturb legitimate business as little as possible.

Women, though unaffected by the civil service law have volunteered in great numbers and the bureau has even had to exact a strict check on the youthful population, so large have been the number wanting to leave school in order to work in some way for the fatherland. Only a small percentage of volunteers have been definitely accepted so far but the aggregate is already large enough to release several thousand soldiers weekly who have been engaged in interior garrison duty, bridge watching, service and on posts. These soldiers have been sent into administrative districts close behind the front and in turn are giving more thousands for actual service on the battle line.

According to Dr. Sorge the opposition which the war bureau anticipated from the start from various sources such as labor unions has failed absolutely to materialize. On the contrary, he says, the unions are going the civil service plan enthusiastically as are almost all branches of industry. Dr. Sorge says that the percentage of strikers has been growing smaller from week to week and has now dwindled to such an extent that compulsion is not even being considered.

Through its branches scattered over the empire the war bureau is acquiring a mass of statistics in regard to the available labor force of every kind in the empire, and these statistics are being put to very practical use. A factory in southern Germany, for instance, that needs workmen of a special kind can draw volunteers from a northern district. Gradually the civil service plan is accomplishing the entire reorganization of labor throughout Germany and will accomplish this, according to Dr. Sorge in increasing degree.

Dr. Sorge is determined, however, that the change will be slow and gradual so that business in general will not be unsettled. The only business which has any cause to fear being closed up is that dealing in luxuries, which may have to surrender its workers for more useful pursuits.

RAILROAD NOT HELD RESPONSIBLE

JUDGE PICKMAN REPORTS ON IN-
QUEST INTO DEATH OF JEREMIAH MOYNIHAN

Associate Justice John J. Pickman, who held an inquest on the death of Jeremiah Moynihan, killed by a train of the Boston & Maine railroad, at the School street crossing, June 2, 1916, reported, this report reads that the death was not caused by the criminal negligence of the railroad or its officers or servants.

The finding concludes as follows: "A number of years prior to the day of the accident Jeremiah Moynihan was employed by the Boston & Maine railroad and about two months before the accident to him he was appointed assistant foreman. Two or three weeks before the date of the accident to him there had been a strike of a number of train hands that were employed by the railroad and the foreman where Moynihan was employed and at the time of the strike he left his work with a number of others of his fellow employees."

"On the Monday prior to the accident he went back to his work and on Thursday night, the day before the accident, his foreman told him to go home and stay there until conditions were safe for them to come back to work."

"I find that Jeremiah Moynihan was not at work for the railroad, engaged in no ordinary duties, nor doing any work for the railroad on the day of the accident, and that he went to the crossing for reasons personal to him-

Choice of the House Sale

All Women's and Misses' Suits



All Women's and Misses' Suits

TOMORROW, WEDNESDAY

We Offer Every Suit in Our Store, Without Reservation, That Has Sold at \$25, \$29.75, \$35 and \$39.50

Choice of the House
Sale Price

\$15

Sale Begins at
9 O'Clock

NO RESERVE

Our entire stock is at your disposal. The original tickets remain the same. Whether you select a suit that is marked \$25.00 or one marked \$40.00, the price is \$15.00 just the same.

THE FABRICS

Never such a beautiful display of fabrics. Hundreds of Suits in finest of broadcloth, wool velours, whipcords, gabardines, fine poplins and serges. Sizes for everybody. Misses', ladies' and stylish stouts.

REGULATIONS FOR THIS SALE

Owing to the extraordinary low prices we are obliged to enforce the following regulations. Every sale absolutely final. No Suits credited on charge accounts. No refunds. No exchanges. No Suit held on deposit. No Suit sent C. O. D.

WHAT THIS SALE MEANS TO YOU

In many cases the price does not fully represent the cost of cloth alone. In many cases you will find \$12 worth of fur in trimming many of these models.

THE TAILORING AND WORKMANSHIP

This is one of the wonderful features of this gigantic sale. All our Suits are purchased from the highest grade tailors in the fashion centers. Every Suit will bear the closest scrutiny. The smallest detail has not been overlooked. Every Suit made in the best manner.

Cherry & Webb

12-18 JOHN STREET

self and not in connection with the railroad as an employee.

"I find that while he was not in the ordinary sense of the word a trespasser, yet in legal effect he was such. I find that on Friday afternoon, the second day of June last past Jeremiah Moynihan, while upon or near the railroad tracks on the railroad crossing of the Boston & Maine railroad on School street, in the city of Lowell, was run over by cars that were a part of a railroad train that was upon a track on said crossing, and sustained injuries thereby that caused his death."

"I find that the death of said Jeremiah Moynihan was not caused by the criminal negligence of said Boston & Maine railroad or of its officers, agents or servants."

"Respectfully submitted,
John J. Pickman,
Senior Special Justice of the Police Court of Lowell, and Acting,
Lowell, Mass., Jan. 15, 1917."

TROY, N. Y., ARMORY DESTROYED BY FIRE

TROY, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the armory of the Second regiment, New York National Guard early today.

The armory was valued at \$200,000. The equipment of the various organizations occupying it was destroyed and will pass the total loss close to half a million dollars. The explosion of some 200,000 rounds of small arms ammunition was a danger feature of the fire.

STUDENTS GIVE BLOOD AND SAVE LIFE

HAVERHILL, Jan. 16.—How the heroism of a Haverhill physician and several students in the Tufts Medical school saved the life of seven-year-old Harry Helen Jones, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William W. Jones of 36 Cedar street, became known yesterday.

Among them, the physician, Dr. Robert Rice of 331 Washington street, and the students gave 32 ounces of their blood as the child lay dying from a hemorrhage which had defied all ordinary medical cures. The last of the blood was given Sunday and last night the child was able to sit up and play with her dolls. She will have completely recovered by Friday.

The child was taken with hemorrhages on Jan. 2, following an illness of jaundice. Dr. Rice was called and tried to stop the flow of blood. While it could be checked, it could not be stopped. Three other physicians were called in conference, but their services likewise proved unavailing.

Last Wednesday, when rabbit serum was fully injected and the child lay unconscious, her life ebbing fast, Dr. Rice went to Boston as a last resort to seek the aid of the Tufts Medical school. Dr. Timothy Leary, medical examiner and head of the department of bacteriology and pathology, and his assistant, Dr. J. William Watson, were told of the case and suggested injection of human blood. Dr. Rice immediately offered himself. Dr. Watson took the Haverhill physician into the laboratory and drew off four ounces of his blood. This was brought back and injected. Still there was no appreciable improvement in the child's condition.

Every Student Volunteers

Dr. Rice returned to the medical school last Friday. Dr. Watson stepped from his laboratory into a nearby clinic, where a group of sophomores were attending a lecture, and briefly informed them of the case, asking who would volunteer to give his blood. Every man volunteered. Seven were finally chosen and one by one submitted themselves to Dr. Watson. Four ounces of blood were taken from each student.

Part of the blood was injected into the child Friday night. There was immediate response. The remainder of the blood was injected Sunday. Last night every indication of hemorrhages had disappeared and the pulse, which only Thursday had been 140, had dropped to 80.

HENRI JALBERT MAKES HEROIC RESCUE

A boy, whose name could not be learned has a narrow escape from drowning when he broke through the ice in the Merrimack river in the rear of the ice houses of the Daniel Gage Co., late yesterday afternoon, and it was through the efforts of Henri Jalbert, a poler in the employ of the Gage company that the boy was rescued.

In making the rescue Mr. Jalbert used the life saving apparatus recently placed on the river by the waterway committee and it was stat-

ed today that but for the presence of the apparatus Mr. Jalbert would not have been able to perform the rescue. This information comes from Mr. Howe of the waterways committee.

The little chap, who it is said, resides in the vicinity of Cheever street, was skating on the river and ventured upon a section which had been recently cut and broke through. His shouts attracted the attention of Mr. Jalbert, who, seizing a long pole, presumably the pole that is part of the life saving apparatus, rushed to the lad's rescue, placing his own life in peril by venturing onto thin ice which cracked under his weight. He managed to push the pole to within reach of the boy. The lad grabbed it and was pulled to safety and later removed to his home.

As a result of the accident, Supt. Welch has detailed an officer to the scene today as an extra precaution against a repetition of the near fatality. Jalbert was warmly congratulated for his heroic act.

MURDER DEFENSE VICTORY

Court Rules Letters of Anarchist Telling of California Plot, Are Public Property

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Seized letters of Alexander Berkman, an anarchist, on which the district attorney's office based charges that Berkman and associates plotted to destroy government in California and assassinate Gov. Hiram W. Johnson, were declared public property yesterday by

Judge Franklin A. Griffin in superior court.

The ruling was a victory for the defense in the trial of Thomas J. Mooney for murder in connection with a bomb explosion here last July, costing 10 lives.

W. Bourke Cockran of New York, chief counsel for Mooney, began a fight for a right to inspect the letters after several had been published by the district attorney's office.

LOWELL BAPTIST UNION

The Lowell Baptist union, 172 members strong, met last night at the First Baptist church. Supper was served at 6:30 o'clock and at the close the business meeting was called to order by the president, Rev. W. E. Woodbury, pastor of the Worthen Street church. Reports of committees were submitted, the most important being that of the improvements needed in the French mission church. Basement rooms are needed for social purposes and the cost was estimated at \$750. It was voted to appropriate \$200 from the treasury of the union for the work and \$500 was raised last evening on pieces. The French people have already pledged \$100 toward the work, and a committee will endeavor to secure the remaining \$300.

The principal speaker at the meeting was Rev. Isaac Ward, a member of the staff of Rev. William A. Sunday, and he gave an address of interest and helpfulness.

IN BOSTON

The Sun is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

PRINCE'S January Clearance Sale

Hundreds of Genuine Bargains Throughout
Our Store at 25% to 50% Discount.

MAGNOLIA LINEN PAPER

Special at . . . 23c lb.
Envelopes 10c pkg., 3 for 25c

This cannot be duplicated after this special lot is gone.

MOON PLAYING CARDS

Gold edges, linen finish, whist size, 50c value.

Special at 25c Per Pack

Framed Pictures

Our entire stock of beautiful Framed Pictures at liberal reductions. Some as low as half price.

TOYS, DOLLS and GAMES

—AT—
25% to 50% Reductions
Toy Dept.—Basement Floor

Come to Our Sale and Get the Pick of the Bargains While They Last.

PRINCE'S — 106-108 Merrimack Street

The Bracelet Watch

IS EXTREMELY POPULAR
We carry a full line in HAMILTON and WALTHAM
14K Solid Gold and Gold Filled

Millard F. Wood, Jeweler
104 MERRIMACK ST. FACING JOHN ST.

WOMEN'S SHOES

Women's Gun Metal Calfskin, Kid-skin and Bronze Kid Boots in lace and button, narrow and medium width, mostly all sizes; regular \$4.00 and \$4.50 values. Pennant Day \$2.95

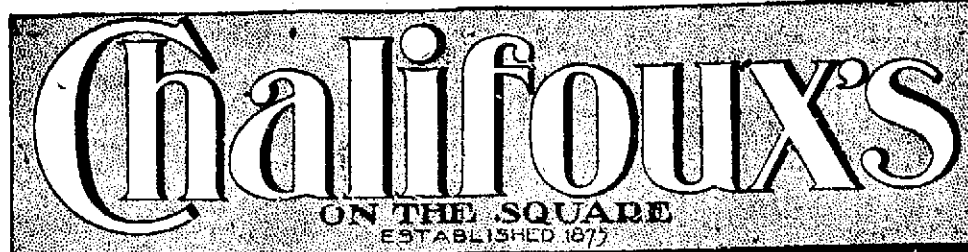
Women's Sathi and Kidskin Slippers in plain and fancy colors, all sizes in the lot; regular \$2.50, Pennant Day \$1.95

\$3.00 and \$3.50 values. Pennant Day \$1.95

FURNITURE DEPARTMENT

40 Telephone Stands with Chairs, in turned oak only; regular \$2.00 value. Pennant Day, while they last \$1.00

Oak Rockers with cobbler seat; extra good value at \$3.75. Pennant Day \$2.49



WOMEN'S GLOVES

Women's Tan Cape One-Clasp Gloves, all sizes; regular \$3.00 values. Pennant Day \$1.95

Women's Mended Kid Gloves, only five dozen in the lot, not all sizes; regular \$1.00 and \$1.50 gloves. Pennant Day \$0.69

Women's Jersey Fleece Lined Gloves, in black only, all sizes; regular \$3.00 values. Pennant Day \$2.50

Women's Chamollette Gloves, in gray, tan and chamollette color; sizes 7 1/2 to 8 1/2 only, either silk lined or without; regular \$5.00 value. Pennant Day \$3.00

Street Floor

Prices
Quoted
Below
Are For
Tomorrow
Only



Prices
Quoted
Below
Are For
Tomorrow
Only

WEDNESDAY, January 17th, is our first Pennant Day of the year. A sale that adds prestige to the CHALIFOUX Store and acquaints many more men and women with the advantages offered here. The goods are on sale at prices quoted below for this one day only. Values are as stated, not exaggerated. Goods are priced lower than they can be bought elsewhere.

Women's and Misses' Dresses

Gingham and Percale Dresses, guaranteed, fast color; good value at \$3. Pennant Day \$2.29

Just 18 Silk Dresses in shades of navy, rose, gray and black; values up to \$22.50. Pennant Day \$10.00

Second Floor

Women's and Misses' Skirts

New Style Skirts of serge and mixtures; worth \$2.98. Pennant Day \$1.69

All Wool Poplin, Serge and Mixture Skirts; regular \$5.00 value. Pennant Day \$3.69

Second Floor

Women's and Misses' Coats

A Small Lot of Mixture Coats, full flare models, velvet trimmed; regular \$7.50 value. Pennant Day \$4.75

This Lot of Coats is not large but splendid values at \$14.50, the sizes are broken and are of good wool mixtures and plain colors. Marked for Pennant Day \$9.75

Lot of Coats in wool velours, heavy cheviot, broadcloth and mixtures; regular \$20.00 values. Pennant Day \$14.50

Second Floor

Women's and Misses' Suits

Small Lot of Poplin Suits; regular \$20.00 value. Pennant Day \$9.75

Suits in broadcloth, wool poplin and serge; values up to \$25.00. Pennant Day \$12.50

High Grade Suits of cheviot, broadcloth and serge; values to \$30.00. Pennant Day \$15.00

Second Floor

Children's Dept.

Children's Heavy Chinchilla, mixture and zibeline coats, sizes 6 to 14 years; regular \$7.00 to \$8.50 values. Pennant Day \$5.00

FURS

Lot of about 30 Pieces in Muffs and Scarfs. Priced for Pennant Day \$7.50

Second Floor

SMALLWARE DEPT.

Silk Finished Lingerie Tape, warranted 10 yd. pieces; regular 10c value. Pennant Day 6c

Clark's 10 yd. Buttonhole Twist, assorted colors; regular value \$5.00. Pennant Day 1c

"Sister Susie" Human Hair Nets, best quality, cap shape, assorted shades of brown; regular 12 1/2c and 15c values. Pennant Day 3 for 25c

Silk and Ribbon Novelties, priced 25c to \$1.00, marked to close. Pennant Day 10c, 25c and 50c

"Pennant" Sewing Cotton, full 200 yd. spool, black and white, all numbers; regular 5c value. Pennant Day 5 for 9c

C. W. C. Hair Wavers, five on a card; regular 10c value. Pennant Day 7c

Fancy Trimming Buttons, suitable for coats and dresses; regular 12 1/2c to 25c values. Pennant Day 12 1/2c

Grograin Collar Sets, black and white, six on card; regular 5c value. Pennant Day 1c Card

Rival Baste Cotton, all numbers, 500 yd. spools; regular 8c value. Pennant Day 3 for 10c

White Bias Seam Tape, widths 2, 3 and 4, 12 yd. pieces; reg. 15c value. Pennant Day 8c

White and Colored Pearl Buttons, assorted sizes; regular 5c and 10c value. Pennant Day 1c Card

HOUSE DRESSES, APRONS AND BATH ROBES

Lot of Good Percale House Dresses in black and white patterns; regular 75c value. Pennant Day 54c

Good Quality Gingham, Chambray and Percale House Dresses, sizes to 46, all fancy makes; regular \$1.25 value. Pennant Day 75c

Fancy House Aprons, made of best quality percale in all styles and colors, also a few bungalow aprons; regular 30c value. Pennant Day 21c

Allover Bungalow Aprons, made of good quality percale, fancy trimmed neck and cuffs; regular 60c value. Pennant Day 54c

Blanket Bath Robes in heavy quality; regular \$2.98 value. Pennant Day \$1.69

Carduroy Bath Robes in pretty shades of blue, rose and lavender; regular \$3.88 value. Pennant Day \$2.69

Second Floor

KNIT UNDERWEAR DEPT.

Women's Flat Wool Vests and Pants, in broken lots; regular \$1.00 and \$1.49 values. Pennant Day 69c

Children's Wool Pants, in broken sizes; regular 50c and 75c values. Pennant Day 29c

Misses' White Fleece Lined Union Suits, (slightly soiled), all sizes; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 39c

Women's White Fleece Lined Vests and Pants, Regular 50c and 58c value. Pennant Day, 35c, 3 for \$1.00

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR DEPT.

Children's Wool Scarfs and Cap Sets, in green and navy only; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 39c

Lot of large Georgette Crepe Collars, lace trimmed; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 25c

Wool Skating Caps, in red, white and blue only; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 25c

Fibre Silk Scarfs in rose, white, green, blue and black, full length, extra wide; regular \$1.50 value. Pennant Day \$1.35

Muslin Vests with large collar, lace trimmed; regular 39c value. Pennant Day 39c

Large Handkerchief Tie for Middy Houses, in red and black only; regular 60c value. Pennant Day 55c

Street Floor

TOILET GOODS

French Wool Puffs; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 18c

Emery Boards; regular 10c value. Pennant Day 6c

Black and White Dressing Combs; regular 10c value. Pennant Day 6c

Palm Olive Talcum Powder; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 17c

Camphorase; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 17c

Jastrite Face Powder; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 17c

Street Floor

JEWELRY DEPT.

Men's Cuff Links and Tie Pins; regular 25c and 50c values. Pennant Day 17c

Jewel Cases; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 17c

Street Floor

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR DEPT.

Second Floor

Corset Covers, made with lace yoke back and front; regular value 50c. Pennant Day 29c

Envelope Chemise, Combinations and Night Gowns; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 55c

Night Gowns, Envelope Chemise, Camisoles and Combinations, counter soiled; regular value \$3. Pennant Day 89c

Night Robes, Envelope Chemise and Long White Petticoats; regular value \$2. Pennant Day \$1.19

Crepe de Chine and Silk Envelope Chemise; regular value \$3.00. Pennant Day \$1.69

Envelope Chemise, made of the best quality crepe de chine with embroidered Georgette and lace yoke; regular value \$5.00. Pennant Day \$3.00

Crepe de Chine and Washable Satin Night Gowns; regular value \$5.00. Pennant Day \$3.00

Pennant Day Law

- 1—Goods must be priced lower than they can be bought elsewhere.
- 2—The prices are the lowest of the month.
- 3—Values are as stated, not exaggerated.
- 4—The goods on sale that one day only.

KITCHEN WARE DEPT.

Clothes Wringers, Horse Shoe brand, 10 inch, guaranteed rolls, wood frame; regular \$3.50 value. Pennant Day \$2.50

Garbage Cans, 14 inch top, 5 1/2 gallon, deep tight fitting cover, galvanized; regular \$8.50 value. Pennant Day 69c

Green Border Decorated 6 and 7 inch Plates, sauce dishes, pickle dishes, small after-dinner cups and saucers, subject to imperfections. Pennant Day 2 for 5c

Fibre Chair Seats, 10c value. Pennant Day 7c

"Wizard" Oil Polish, 25c value. Pennant Day 12c

9-inch Green Band Yellow Mixing Bowls, 10c value. Pennant Day 15c

La Batiste Lamp Chimneys, two sizes, 20c and 25c values. Pennant Day 10c and 15c

3-piece Kitchen Sets, cleaver, knife sharpener, can opener, bread, cake, paring and slicing knives and fork; 75c value. Pennant Day 49c Set

Fifth Floor

Set of six Teaspoons, "Oneida" Community Flat Plate, \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 59c Set

Street Floor

Underpriced Basement Section

Children's Drawers, made of good cotton, size 2 to 12 years; regular value 19c. Pennant Day 19c

Corset Covers, lace and hamping trimmed; regular value 29c. Pennant Day 19c

Long White Petticoats and Night Gowns; regular value 50c. Pennant Day 29c

White and Colored Waists, counter soiled; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 29c

Colored Striped Middy Blouses; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 29c

Colored Gingham Working Waists; regular value 75c. Pennant Day 39c

WAIST DEPARTMENT

Second Floor

White and Colored Waists, counter soiled; regular value \$2.00. Pennant Day 89c

White Cornuway Sport Waists and Middy Blouses; regular value \$3.00. Pennant Day \$1.00

Colored Striped Taffeta, Washable Silk and Crepe de Chine Waists, sizes 36-38; regular value \$3.00. Pennant Day \$1.00

White and Flesh Georgette Crepe and Crepe de Chine Waists, made with and without ruffles; regular value \$4. Pennant Day \$2.00

All our discontinued numbers of \$5.00 Waists. Pennant Day \$3.89

Colored Silk Petticoats; regular values up to \$5.00. Pennant Day \$2.39

Women's Fibre Silk Sweaters; regular value \$6.00. Pennant Day \$3.00

Women's All Wool Sweaters, made with large sailor collar and belt; regular value \$1.50. Pennant Day \$0.50

Children's All Wool Sweaters; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day \$0.79

INFANTS' DEPT.

Infants' Short Dresses, lace and embroidery trimmed, slightly soiled; regular \$1.48 and \$2.98 values. Pennant Day \$1.00

Infants' Short Dresses, some hand embroidered and daintily trimmed with lace; regular \$3.98 value. Pennant Day \$1.98

Infants' All Silk Vests—baby comfort style, sizes 3 months to 3 years; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 59c

CHILDREN'S DEPT.

Children's All Wool White Sweaters, sizes 1 to 6 years; regular \$2.00 value. Pennant Day \$1.49

Children's Sweaters in dark red only, sizes 2 to 4 years; regular \$1.49 value. Pennant Day 98c

Children's Knit Leggings in all sizes 1, 2 and 3 years; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 79c

Children's Angora Brushed Toggles and Scarfs in gray, blue and red; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 79c Set

Children's Knit and Angora Toggles; regular 49c value. Pennant Day 25c

Second Floor

White Voile and Organdy Waists; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 49c

Black Poplin Waists, sizes from 38 to 50; regular value \$1.25. Pennant Day 69c

Children's Sleeping Gowns and Bloomers, made of good quality flannel; regular value 50c. Pennant Day 25c

Women's Short Flannellette Kimonos; regular value 39c. Pennant Day 15c

Women's House Dresses, all sizes; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 49c

Women's and Children's Hosiery

Women's Pure Thread Silk Hose in high spliced heel and double sole, in black, white and a few colors, seconds of \$1.00 grade. Pennant Day 59c

Women's Fibre Boot Silk Hose in black only, double heel and sole and garter top of lisle; seconds of 25c quality. Pennant Day 17c

Children's Fine Quality Cashmere Hose in black and a few colors; seconds of 25c quality. Imperfections are very slight. Pennant Day 10c Pair

RIBBON DEPT.

Ribbons in lengths from 1 to 5 yards, 1 to 1 1/2 inches wide; regular 5c value. Pennant Day 3c Yard

Ribbons in lengths from 1 to 5 yards, 1 inch to 3 inches wide; regular 8c value. Pennant Day 5c

Taffeta Hair Bow Ribbon, 5 inches wide; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 15c

Street Floor

DAYLIGHT BASEMENT SHOE DEPARTMENT

Women's Shoes, made of gun metal and patent leather with high cut button tops and high lace in patent leather, all sizes; Goodyear welts; regular \$3.50 values. Pennant Day \$2.15

Women's Overshoes, two and three buckle, high Jersey tops, narrow widths; regular \$2 value. Pennant Day \$1.19

Women's Party Slippers, in black and bronze kid, open-work with beaded vamp, covered kidney heels; slightly factory damaged. Special for Pennant Day \$1.49

Odd Lot of Women's Shoes in small and large sizes, lace and button, some are cloth top, some flannel lined. Pennant Day 87c

Women's Satin Slippers, assorted colors; slightly soiled; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 49c

Women's House Slippers, crocheted and felt with lamb's wool soles; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 35c

Women's Boudoir Slippers, felt, ribbon and pom-pom trimmed, in red, blue, gray and pink; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 59c

Women's Indian Moccasins, made of Elk skin with pink flannel lining, all sizes; regular \$1.50 value. Pennant Day \$1.19

Children's Shoes in black and tan, button style, sizes 4 to 8; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day 75c

Girls' Slippers in black, gray and purple with beaded design on vamp; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 31c

Girls' Indian Moccasins, made of deer skin with blue fleece lining; regular 75c value. Pennant Day 57c

Girls' Storm and Low Cut Rubbers, broad last. Special for Pennant Day 35c

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

Men's Silk Four-in-hand Ties, open end with slide easy band; regular 25c value. Pennant Day 12 1/2c

Men's Neglige Shirts in percales, madras and seersucker, made coat style, with double sort French cuffs; regular \$1.09 value. Pennant Day 59c

Men's Heavy Donnet Night Shirts with collar on, cut big and long, sizes 15 to 20; regular 60c value. Pennant Day 55c

Men's Pure Thread Silk Half Hose, double heel, sole and toe, in black only, seconds. 50c value. Pennant Day 29c Pr, 4 for \$1.00

Men's Blue Jersey Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, all sizes; regular 30c value. Pennant Day 29c

Street Floor

SHOE DEPARTMENT

Daylight Basement

Men's Black and Tan Calf Skin Lace, Blucher and Button Shoes, with leather or rubber soles; regular \$3.50 and \$4.00 values. Pennant Day \$2.65

Men's Heavy Double Soled Shoes, made in tan and black, soft leather, every pair is made for service; regular \$3.50 value. Pennant Day \$2.75

Men's Working Shoes, heavy black and tan, double sole, Blucher style, also dress boots with cloth top; regular \$2.00 value. Pennant Day \$2.25

Men's "Emerson" Pumps, dull leather, light welted sole with leather laces; regular \$1.00 value. Pennant Day \$2.35

Men's House Slippers, in black and tan, soft kidskin, in opera, Everett and Romeo styles; regular \$1.50 value. Pennant Day \$1.19

Men's Felt and Rubber Combination, first quality felt and rubbers; regular \$3.00 value. Pennant Day \$1.85

Men's and Boys' Slippers, in black and tan leathers, in all sizes; regular 50c value. Pennant Day 39c

Boys' Shoes and Rubbers

Boys' Plain Edge Rubbers, in all sizes up to 6; regular 60c values. Pennant Day 45c

Boys' School Shoes, gun metal Blucher style, also black Scout Shoes with heavy sole, in all sizes; regular \$2.00 value. Pennant Day \$1.45

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPT.

Annex ———— Main Store

Men's Suits and Overcoats, fancy mixtures in brown and gray, plain or patch pockets; regular \$15.00 value. Pennant Day \$10.75

Men's Fancy Vests in regular or stout sizes; regular \$2.50 to \$3.00 values. Pennant Day \$1.00

Men's Suits in dark blue serge, well tailored and good venetian lining sizes 31 to 40; regular \$8.00 value. Pennant Day \$5.00

Students' Suits in heavy cowhide, size 15 only; regular \$4.00 value. Pennant Day \$3.00

Men's Bath Robes that sold for \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00. Pennant Day \$5.00

Men's Overcoats in plain oxford gray, also fancy mixtures, plain or velvet collars, in conservative or box models; regular \$10.00 value. Pennant Day \$5.98

Men's Carduroy Pants in mouse color, fine rib, finished plain or cut bottom, hip straps and belt loops; regular \$3.00. Pennant Day \$2.00

Men's Pants in blue and gray serges, fancy mixtures in worsted or heavy woolsens, sizes 31 to 42 only; regular \$3.50 value. Pennant Day \$2.39

Men's Mackinaws in wool, fancy \$5.00 to \$6.50 values. Pennant Day \$4.19

Street Floor

BOYS' CLOTHING DEPT.

Boys' Overcoats in blue and brown chinchilla, sizes 3 to 7 years; regular \$3.00 value. Pennant Day \$1.98

Boys' All Wool Mackinaws in gray and dark red plaids; regular \$5 value. Pennant Day \$4.79

Boys' Norfolk Suits in dark mixtures, sizes 7 to 15 years; regular \$3.00 value. Pennant Day \$1.98

Boys' Card

SAYS ALLIES' REPLY TO WILSON BLOCKS PEACE

BERLIN, Sunday, Jan. 14, by wireless to the Associated Press, via Sayville.—Dr. Alfred Zimmermann, the German foreign minister, informed the Associated Press today that, in his opinion, the entente reply to President Wilson's peace note bars the possibility for the present for further German steps to bring about peace. In particular, he said, it precluded any direct announcement by Germany of her peace conditions in answer to the terms set forth in the latest entente note.

Deemed Sign of Weakness
Dr. Zimmermann asserted, however, that the answer of the entente to the president did not finally and completely close the door to later efforts for peace before one side or the other was completely crushed.

The foreign minister, in the course of a conversation with the Associated Press correspondent, declared, although with obvious reluctance, that it was impossible for him to give a more definite statement of the peace program of the central powers than that indicated in the declarations of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the chancellor, because the German terms were such that the unsolicited promulgation of them in their moderate details, after what he characterized as the starting program of conquest and dismemberment outlined by the entente, would be interpreted by the entente powers as a sign of weakness and a desire for peace at any cost.

Rebuff to President Wilson
Publication of the peace terms of the central powers, therefore, would defeat its every purpose, said Dr. Zimmermann. The foreign minister expressed doubt whether, after what he described as the rebuff to President Wilson's peace efforts given in the reply of the entente, the president could take any further action for the present, adding that the entente answer excluded, for the present, any possibility of peace.

\$7500 HEART BALM
BOSTON, Jan. 16.—Eva McClements of 445 Bennington street was awarded \$7500 damages by a jury in the superior court before Judge Fessenden, yesterday, in a suit against Francis P. Howard of 108 Byron street for \$10,000 alleging breach of promise to marry her.

WOMEN SUFFERERS NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

The kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer a great deal with pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness and may be dependent and irritable.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, restores health to the kidneys and is just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a fifty cent or one dollar bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention The Lowell Sun.

STUBBORN BLAZE IN TENEMENT BLOCK

The alarm from box 6 at 6.45 o'clock last evening was for a stubborn blaze in a six-tenement block owned by Joseph Kubacki at 25-29 Front street. The occupants of the building were forced to leave the premises and it was only after nearly two hours' work that the firemen succeeded in extinguishing the fire.

When the fire was discovered the flames had gained access to the partitions and when the firemen reached the premises flames were breaking through the side and roof of the structure. Several lines of hose were laid and at 8.15 o'clock the all-out signal was sounded, but not before the property and its contents had suffered considerable damage from fire, water and smoke.

CORONER NOT CONVINCED LEWIS KILLED MODEL

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—The marks on the hands of Bernard W. Lewis of Pittsburg, whom the police declare to have been the slayer of Marie Colbert, the model, were not made by teeth, according to a statement issued last night by Coroner Knight. "The coroner," the statement adds, "is not convinced that Lewis killed Miss Colbert."

Coroner Knight's statement was issued upon the return from Frank Paul, coroner's detective, and Dr. W. S. Warrsworth, his physician, from Pittsburg, where they examined Lewis' body after it had been exhumed. The coroner declined to state whether the result of the examination had caused him to issue the statement.

Capt. Tate of the detective bureau said last night that while both he and the district attorney were continuing their investigations into the mystery, nothing had been discovered to change their belief that Lewis was the girl's slayer.

Lewis, who was a member of a wealthy Pittsburg family, committed suicide in an Atlantic City hotel as he was about to be arrested in connection with the murder.

MAN NEARLY BURIED ALIVE IN SANDBANK

CHICOPEE, Jan. 16.—Jeremiah P. Cronin of 337 Centre street was nearly suffocated yesterday when a sandbank on St. James avenue, Chicopee Falls, caved in while he was shoveling dirt into a wagon.

He was removed to the Mercy hospital in Springfield, where physicians found him to be suffering from internal injuries, two contusions at the base of the brain, a fractured shoulder blade, lacerations of the left ear and hand and bruises.

When the landslide occurred he was alone. By sheer good fortune, however, Joseph Smith and Adam Astrowsky, teamsters, who a few moments before had left the sandbank with their teams, chanced to return to get their coats and pipes.

They were amazed when they saw the slide and Cronin's hair protruding. Working like hammers, they uncovered Cronin's face so that he might breathe.

EVERY GIRL

Loves beautiful clothes, but not all can afford them, unless they make them themselves. Learn at the **SOCKKIAN SCHOOL** start next Monday when school opens. Office open afternoons and Monday, Friday and Saturday evenings for registration.

147 CENTRAL STREET
Room 202 Bradley Bldg.

PRES. WILSON TO NAME NEW MINISTERS
WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—American ambassadors and ministers abroad inquiring of the state department as to whether they are expected to resign at the beginning of President Wilson's second administration have been informed by the department that it will be considered proper for all diplomats to send in their resignation before March 4.

It became known yesterday that as a result of the published statement some time ago outlining the administration's attitude, many letters of inquiry have come from embassies and legations. The reply to each has made clear that the policy of the government applied to all, and was not as a reflection on any one person.

The demands of the war have put American diplomats to a strain never before dreamed of and have brought out strength in some places and weaknesses in others.

A few members of the corps are felt by others to have proved themselves incapable of the peculiar duties imposed on them, and as a result the inauguration of a second term is welcomed as an opportunity to strengthen the service.

INAUGURATION OF GOV. EDGE OF NEW JERSEY

SUGGESTS IN INAUGURAL ADDRESS THAT "SEVEN SISTERS" ACTS BE CAREFULLY SCANNED

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 16.—Walter E. Edge of Atlantic City, who became governor of New Jersey today, suggested in his inaugural address that the so-called "seven sisters" acts relating to corporations be carefully scanned to find out whether the state is losing revenue and business prestige without compensation. These acts, designed to prevent the fostering of monopolies, were placed on the statute books during the administration of Gov. Woodrow Wilson.

"It is a well known fact," said Gov. Edge, "that a considerable number of the provisions of the so-called 'seven sisters' are in conflict with the Clayton act of the federal government. It is not untrue that our state laws regulating business should conflict with the last word that the federal government has had upon this important subject."

He also asked these questions in a spirit of antagonism based on an opinion already formed, but rather in a spirit of genuine inquiry.

REPORT GERMAN RAIDER SEIZED TREASURE SHIP

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—The British steamship *Yankee* of the Lamport and Holt line, which carried \$500,000 in gold sent by Boston wool importers to Argentina, has been captured by a German raider, according to persistent rumors which disturbed local insurance circles yesterday afternoon.

While there is no official confirmation of the report, the story first came from New York and shortly afterward a message from Philadelphia said that the same information had been received in that city.

Underwriters in Boston who are carrying policies on the vessel's cargo, fear that the report is true, pointing to the fact that the rumor, while in a sense vague, came from reliable sources.

The *Yankee* belongs to the same steamship company which owned the *Voltaire*, which is now believed without doubt to have been captured or sunk by a German converted cruiser somewhere in the North Atlantic. The *Yankee* sailed from Brooklyn Jan. 7 for Rio Janeiro and Buenos Aires, and it is said in addition to an exceptionally valuable general cargo, carried the half million in gold of Boston wool men, and a similar amount from New York importers. The gold is in coin. It was assumed in marine circles yesterday that the Germans may have learned that the gold was on board and in some way this knowledge was conveyed to the raider which lay in wait for her. The *Yankee* also carried a very heavy mail for Brazil and other countries in South America.

One insurance man said last night that the fact the story came from two different sources leads him to believe it may be true.

The *Yankee* is commanded by Capt. A. Cadogan and is a registered steamship of 16,000 tons. It is 455 feet long, 51 feet beam and 25 feet depth of hold.

FAVOR WITHDRAWAL OF U. S. TROOPS

BORDER BOARD DISSOLVED—MEXICANS ELATED AT RECOMMENDATION

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 16.—The news that the American commissioners to the Mexican-American conference had recommended the withdrawal of Gen. Pershing's force and the sending of Ambassador Fletcher to Mexico City was received here with general rejoicing. Gen. Obregon, minister of war, has directed Gen. Murguía to be prepared to occupy the positions now held by Gen. Pershing. In official circles this is pointed to as proof that the Carranza government is determined to prevent the Ybustas gaining any advantage from the withdrawal of the American expedition. The commission was formally dissolved last night.

NEW CONSTITUTION

QUERETARO, Jan. 16.—Several sections of the new constitution were ratified yesterday by the constitutional assembly, specifying the powers of congress. Congress was authorized to admit new states and to raise territories into states, to impose taxes, to regulate interstate and foreign commerce, declare war, regulate immigration

AMUSEMENT NOTES

B. F. KETH'S THEATRE
This is the week that the girls hold the whip hand at B. F. Keth's theatre and put on the whole program all day Monday when school opens. Office open afternoons and Monday, Friday and Saturday evenings for registration.

Clara Kimball Young
—IN—
"THE FOOLISH VIRGIN"
LOUISE HUFF and **JACK PICKFORD** in
"GREAT EXPECTATIONS"
Pictograph—Comedy—Other Plays

Kim vs. Nebes
Famous Skaters Rematched for series, Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, at Rollaway.

JEWEL THEATRE

Shown Again Twice Today
WILLIAM FARNUM
In "The Man From Bitter Root"
Amateurs Tonight

Academy of Music

Week of Jan. 15. Two Shows
Daily—Mat. at 2. Eve. at 8
JOHN Y. QUIGLEY
Presents the Original
PHIL OTT
AND HIS
Musical Follies

A riot of melody and mirth. Big laughing melodious show. See the Lowell favorites—Alice Bagley, Mattie Quinn, Dan McCaffrey, Eddie Healey.

Opera House

"Just a Woman," a four-act drama from the pen of Eugene Walter is being presented at the Opera House this week by the Emerson Players and which has been a great success. The play is a very general and generous applause that greeted the players and sanctioned their career.

The scene of the play is the city of Pittsburg, while the plot deals with a young man and his wife, who tell their story in a series of flashbacks. Through hard work and sacrifice the couple manage to save a few dollars, which they later invest in a new invention, which makes them rich. The sudden rise to wealth and social position turns the man's head and he seeks to rid himself of his wife so that he may marry another woman whose money and social standing has attracted his attention. The divorce is contested by the young wife and the matter is brought to court. The young woman is wrongly accused of having broken her marriage vows with the result that the judge threatens to take her child from her. The man rises to the occasion and thwarts the scheme of the husband. The divorce proceedings are dropped and the last scene finds the pair in their little home, the past forgotten and everything fine and dandy.

The play exemplifies the wonderful depth and breadth of woman's love, woman's sacrifices and woman's fortitude and it develops a highly interesting story, which is carried through from beginning to end with fine interpretation on the part of the players.

Miss Ann O'Day, a favorite among the patrons of the Opera House, who has been away from the stage for some time, has returned to her post much to the satisfaction of her admirers and is the star of the evening. The play will be repeated twice daily for the remainder of the week.

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OWL THEATRE
"The Right to Be Happy," a wonderful dramatization of Charles Dickens' famous classic, "A Christmas Carol," the sweetest story ever told, will again start this afternoon and evening. Rupert Julian, the talented dramatic star, will be seen in the stellar role and he will be ably assisted by an all-star cast. The first and second

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OPERA HOUSE

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Anyone Who Has Seen It.

147 CENTRAL STREET
Room 202 Bradley Bldg.

EVERY GIRL

Loves beautiful clothes, but not all can afford them, unless they make them themselves. Learn at the **SOCKKIAN SCHOOL** start next Monday when school opens. Office open afternoons and Monday, Friday and Saturday evenings for registration.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

B. F. KETH'S THEATRE
This is the week that the girls hold the whip hand at B. F. Keth's theatre and put on the whole program all day Monday when school opens. Office open afternoons and Monday, Friday and Saturday evenings for registration.

Clara Kimball Young
—IN—
"THE FOOLISH VIRGIN"
LOUISE HUFF and **JACK PICKFORD** in
"GREAT EXPECTATIONS"
Pictograph—Comedy—Other Plays

Kim vs. Nebes
Famous Skaters Rematched for series, Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, at Rollaway.

JEWEL THEATRE

Shown Again Twice Today
WILLIAM FARNUM
In "The Man From Bitter Root"
Amateurs Tonight

Academy of Music

Week of Jan. 15. Two Shows
Daily—Mat. at 2. Eve. at 8
JOHN Y. QUIGLEY
Presents the Original
PHIL OTT
AND HIS
Musical Follies

A riot of melody and mirth. Big laughing melodious show. See the Lowell favorites—Alice Bagley, Mattie Quinn, Dan McCaffrey, Eddie Healey.

Opera House

"Just a Woman," a four-act drama from the pen of Eugene Walter is being presented at the Opera House this week by the Emerson Players and which has been a great success. The play is a very general and generous applause that greeted the players and sanctioned their career.

The scene of the play is the city of Pittsburg, while the plot deals with a young man and his wife, who tell their story in a series of flashbacks. Through hard work and sacrifice the couple manage to save a few dollars, which they later invest in a new invention, which makes them rich. The sudden rise to wealth and social position turns the man's head and he seeks to rid himself of his wife so that he may marry another woman whose money and social standing has attracted his attention. The divorce is contested by the young wife and the matter is brought to court. The young woman is wrongly accused of having broken her marriage vows with the result that the judge threatens to take her child from her. The man rises to the occasion and thwarts the scheme of the husband. The divorce proceedings are dropped and the last scene finds the pair in their little home, the past forgotten and everything fine and dandy.

The play exemplifies the wonderful depth and breadth of woman's love, woman's sacrifices and woman's fortitude and it develops a highly interesting story, which is carried through from beginning to end with fine interpretation on the part of the players.

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UNIQUE SONG RECITAL TOMORROW NIGHT

The program of the song recital by Prof. Albert E. Brown at Colonial hall tomorrow evening is by far the most pretentious this accomplished vocalist has ever attempted. It is a portrayal of the rarest genius of song that have won popularity for the last 500 years. The program gives a sketch of each, its author and its origin. In variety and classical character, it is one of the best programs ever offered to the Lowell public. Mr. Brown's rendition of Schubert's ballad "Erlkönig," considered by many the best ever written, will be worth the entire price of admission, yet it is but one of nearly twenty celebrated songs that make up the program. Coming down to modern times from the classical selections mentioned, Mr. Brown will give the following songs in their finest setting: "Traditional"—On the Banks of Allan Water (Old English); "My Love Nell" (An Ulster Ballad); "Loch Lomond" (Old Scotch); "Deep River" (Traditional American Negro Spiritual); "Huntington Woodman" ("I am Thy Harp"); Frank Hastings, "A Red, Red Rose"; Arthur

Sullivan, "Ho! Jolly Jenkin." (Friedrich's Song from the opera "Ivanhoe"); Amy Woodforde-Pinden, "Far Across the Desert Sands"; (From the Song Cycle—"A Lover in Damascus"); Edna St. Vincent Millay, "The Pipes of Pan"; Frederic H. Cowen, "Border Ballad."

This song recital is to be given under the auspices of the School and Society League of the Normal School. Mrs. Brown will be the accompanist. Concert at 8 o'clock.

Pickets at Steinert's and Kershaw's.

LEAK INQUIRY

Continued

Again repeating what he alleged Henry had said to him about Secretary Lansing, and Ambassador von Bernstorff, Lawson added that upon repeating the rumor about the ambassador, Henry had said: "Do you think that is possible?"

An extended discussion over whether Henry had said the rumors had come to the committee or to him personally followed, and Lawson said he was not certain how the chairman had expressed it.

Representative Garrett then requested Lawson to detail just what he said the chairman told him about Secretary McAdoo, a banker and a senator. Lawson insisted that the impression that he had coupled their names with Chairman Henry's statement was erroneous. That information, he said, came from another source which he did not name.

"Henry mentioned only Baruch, Lansing and Count von Bernstorff," Lawson declared.

Representative Leuroot, republican, said he thought it only fair to state that in the prepared questions asked upon by the committee and handed to Chairman Henry the names of the cabinet member and the banker had not been asked for, but that they had been included in the questions by the chairman when he propounded them to Mr. Lawson. This led up to Mr. Leuroot asking for a detailed account of Mr. Lawson's alleged conversation with Archibald S. White about Pliny Fiske's alleged relations with Secretary McAdoo.

Lawson testified he met White at a hotel in New York some time late in December and spoke to him about the rumors of "leaks."

"I said to White," Lawson testified, "they tell me your friend Fiske is engineering or superintending this stock stock gambling affair; that Harvey Fiske & Sons are handling this in connection with C. D. Barney & Co., and that Pliny Fiske is doing the steering. The story is that he (Pliny Fiske) is working with McAdoo and that it's a terrific affair. Do you know anything?"

"White said: 'You asked me just in

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Wednesday Steak Day

Sirloin Steak

Best Cuts, lb. 28c
Porter House, lb. 26c
Small Cuts, lb. 20c

Snider's Tomato Catsup, new pack, big bottle, 18c

Round Steak

Top Round, lb. 26c
Bottom Round, lb. 20c
Whole Round, lb. 21c

NEW PACK TOMATOES, can. 10c and 12c

Rump Steak

Fancy Cuts, lb. 29c
Best Cuts, lb. 31c
Short Cuts, lb. 33c

NEW PACK GREEN PEAS, large can. 7c

VEIN STEAK

A Rare Bargain, lb. 23c

NEW PACK SUGAR CORN, tender, creamy, can 10c

PORK STEAK, lb. 16c

Campbell's or Snider's Tomato Soup 3 cans 25c

VEAL STEAK, lb. 19c

PEARS or PEACHES, large No. 3 cans. 10c

HOME-MADE SAUERKRAUT, lb. 7c

CATALINA TUNY FISH, white meat, can. 15c

New Cabbage, lb. 8c

Pink Salmon, can. 10c

Small Hams, lb. 19c

Old Cabbage, lb. 6c

Sardines in Oil, can 4c

Hamburg Steak, lb. 12c

MUSKETEER FLOUR Bbl. in Wood \$9.50

FOR THIS SALE ONLY

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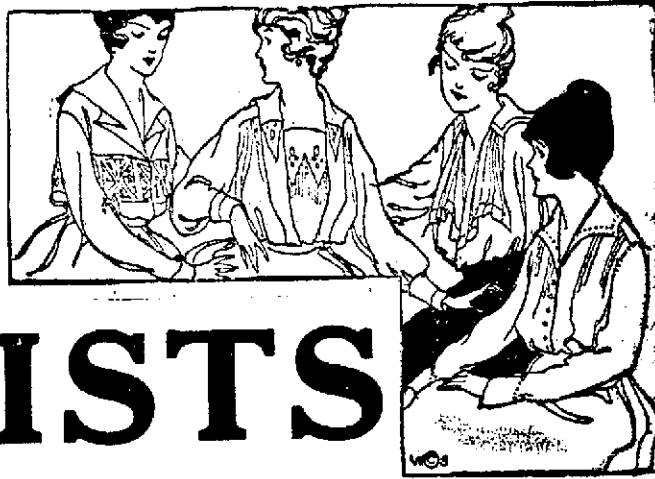
THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

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WAISTS

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\$1.98

\$3.98 and \$5

WAISTS

—NOW—

\$2.98

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

Cloak Department

Second Floor

BASEMENT BARGAIN DEPARTMENT

SPECIAL SALE OF Ladies' Imported NECKWEAR

ON SALE TOMORROW

200 Dozen Sample Lots of Crisp and Up-to-Date Neckwear. Having bought these lots direct from the IMPORTER, which means a great saving for us, it will also mean a great saving for you, as we will offer them at a reduction of one-half.

For 25c

All shapes and designs, all new, in Venise and Irish lace; a regular 50c to \$1.00 value.

For 12½c

All shapes and styles, new, in embroidered organdy; some are lace trimmed; a regular 25c to 50c value.

Ladies, Listen!

Will you buy a Fall and Winter Suit at less than half price? Here's the opportunity. Today we offer the balance of our Fall and Winter Suit Stock (including Woolltex) at less than half price in many instances. There are just 122 Suits left from the season's selling and they go on sale, beginning Wednesday morning, at the prices printed below:

38 SUITS

That Were Priced Up to \$50, Marked

\$21.50

48 SUITS

That Were Priced Up to \$35, Marked

\$16.50

36 SUITS

That Were Priced Up to \$25, Marked

\$12.50

On account of the low prices put on these Suits, for quick clearance, there will be no charges, no memos, none reserved or exchanged. We will also have to make reasonable charges for alterations.

Merrimack Clothing Company

ACROSS FROM CITY HALL

OPEN FRIDAY EVENINGS

time. I talked with Fiske the other night, (down at the club, I think he said.) He got on this subject and he wanted to show me how he controlled McAdoo, and he almost insisted that I go to the telephone with him while he called McAdoo out of bed and maybe ask him to come to New York."

"I asked him: 'Didn't you go' and he said 'no.'"

Feeling "Quite Jolly"

Further questioning by Representative Patten led Lawson to say he understood Fiske had been out late that night and was feeling "quite jolly."

"White did say," Lawson continued, "of course I couldn't go to the phone with a friend when he was in his cups."

"As a matter of fact," suggested Representative Patten, "Fiske was drunk, wasn't he?"

"No, I wouldn't say that. He probably had been to his club late and had eaten and smoked a good deal."

"And his tongue got to running?" suggested Mr. Patten.

"Yes, I guess that's it," said Lawson. "Many a man has had the same experience."

Representative Patten questioned Lawson closely about the letter he produced yesterday from Mrs. Ruth Thompson Visconti, who offered to give him information about a "White House official" in connection with the alleged leak.

"My only reason for putting in that letter," Lawson said, "was because I was asked flat-footedly if I had any other information that had been referred to in questions asked me at the previous hearings."

Being under oath and having the letter, I produced it. I had no intention of using it and would not have used it had I not been asked that direct question. I almost regretted that I had the letter with me."

Says Tumulty Got Over \$5000

Representative Garrett then asked about the amounts which Mrs. Visconti told him at his hotel here on Jan. 10 which W. W. Price and Secretary Tumulty were reported to have received. Lawson said as he recalled it Mrs. Visconti said Price had received \$5,000 and Secretary Tumulty a much higher sum.

Representative Patten asked Lawson if at this conference with Senator Henry the latter volunteered to mention the name of Ambassador von Bernstorff.

"Yes, he volunteered it," said Lawson. "I didn't ask him for it."

Representative Henry, referring to Lawson's conference with Cosgrave, Ridgway and others to whom Lawson related the substance of his alleged interview with the chairman, asked Lawson if he thought that was the way to keep a confidence.

"You refused to give those names and your information to this committee and yet you already had told it to several newspapermen and others," said Henry.

Henry Questions Lawson

"Yes, in confidence," Lawson replied, "because I wanted their advice, and yesterday I begged your committee to take it in confidence and then to judge what it was worth being made public."

"The chairman did not want anything given in secret," rejoined Henry, "and the house had prepared papers to file you for contempt because you wouldn't give the name you already had given to several other men."

Not to Be Made Goad

"Yes," returned Lawson, "I read in the papers of the tortures being prepared for me and of schemes being concocted to force me to take it. It was a deliberately thought-out conspiracy to discredit me and I determined to make the best of it. Even then I pleaded with the committee to take my information in secret and to see if you thought it was serious and should be made public the publication of it throughout the world would be up to you and not to me."

Lawson related meeting Samuel Untermyer and Senators O'Day and Owen on a train Sunday, Jan. 14, and how Untermyer had said to him: "You are in close quarters, Lawson, and must handle yourself carefully."

"Then I told Untermyer," Lawson

continued, "I would like to get his opinion and as a result of a talk with him I told you here that I would go to jail before I would repeat what Mr. Chairman had said to me in our interview. Then you said I was free to tell it all, and I said that your attitude was too square and too sporty a proposition and that I did not think I would tell anyway. And I stuck to it to the last ditch."

Henry's declaration that he still believed his statement correct, caused Lawson to inquire if Henry thought the "leak" story was a "mirage" as Henry had said in a statement to the newspapers.

"Yes," responded Henry. "God help the American people and the nation if they get many more of these mirages," exclaimed Lawson.

Representative Patten attacked Lawson for bringing in the name of Price merely on the strength of a letter from Mrs. Visconti, who cannot now be found.

Lawson defended himself by saying the woman appeared honorable and made a statement before a man he supposed was a reputable attorney. He also said that he withheld Price's name as long as he could.

"Do you imagine," Patten asked, "that this woman was actuated by high motives?"

"No," Lawson said. "I think there was some great wrong under this thing."

At that point the hearing adjourned for luncheon.

LAWSON'S SENSATIONAL CHARGES

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Thomas W. Lawson, hailed before the house rules committee to tell what he knew or had heard about a leak to the stock market on President Wilson's peace note, or be punished, calmly declared yesterday that the mysterious congressman who told him a cabinet officer, a senator and a banker were engaged in a stock gambling pool was none other than Representative Henry, chairman of the committee.

Then, before his hearers had time to recover from the shock, Lawson sprung one sensation after another by declaring that the cabinet officer referred to was Secretary McAdoo, that the banker was H. Pliny Fiske of New York, and that he knew the senator only by the initials "O."

Names Count von Bernstorff

To complete the explosion, Lawson went on to charge that Paul M. Warburg of the federal reserve board had knowledge of the leak machinery; repeated a rumor that Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, had made \$2,000,000 in the stock market, and mentioned a list of well known men who, he thought, should be questioned.

The committee promptly issued subpoenas for all of them.

Mr. Lawson said he had been told that Maholin McAdoo, the secretary's brother, knew of the leak, as did C. D. Barney & Co. and Stuart G. Gibboney of New York.

A Mrs. Ruth Thompson Visconti of this city, he said, had declared to him in the presence of her attorney, that Secretary Tumulty "received his bit," and that W. W. Price, one of the White House correspondents, was "the go-between for Tumulty and others."

Pliny Fiske, Lawson said, was the banker to whom he referred previously as denouncing a cabinet officer, and Archibald S. White, he said, had given him this information.

Henry Makes Complete Denial

Representative Henry was said by Lawson to have told him at his conference that preceded the opening of the leak investigation of reports connecting the cabinet officer, banker and senator and also to have told him of reports that Secretary Lansing had been seen conferring with Bernard Baruch, the Wall Street operator, said to have made a clean-up on the falling market, which accompanied the peace note.

Lawson declared Henry had asked him on patriotic grounds not to press his charges. At no time, the Boston financier testified, did he ever say he had direct information.

When Lawson had finished his recital, Chairman Henry took the stand and swore that at no time had he mentioned to Lawson the names the financier brought out on the witness stand, that he had no information then and

had none now of his own knowledge, and denied generally and completely all of Lawson's testimony relating to him.

Lawson Almost in Tears

When he had concluded, Lawson rose and solemnly declared that every word he had uttered on the stand was the "truth, so help me God, without variation."

To back it up, Lawson said that immediately after leaving Henry at his first conference he laid his information before John O'Hara Cosgrave, Sunday editor of the New York World; Erman J. Ridgway, president of Everybody's Magazine; and Donald McDonald, publisher of a Boston financial paper.

"Call these men," he demanded, "and they will bear me out in what I say."

Almost in tears at Henry's absolute denial of his statements, Lawson shouted:

"I'll make good here, and I won't go to jail as the goat."

Amusement in Washington

Lawson's testimony caused a wave of excitement, not unmixed with amusement, in Washington.

Sens. McAdoo and Tumulty and Mr. Price at once issued statements denying Lawson's references to them.

The committee promptly ordered subpoenas for Ridgway, Cosgrave, Warburg, Fiske, Price, White, Macomb, McAdoo, Gibboney, Barney & Co., Mrs. Visconti and John F. Nathan, editor of the Providence Journal, who published some articles about "leaks."

Fisks, Tumulty and McAdoo will appear without subpoenas.

With that, the committee adjourned until this morning to resume its hearing on the most dramatic charges of

scandal the capital has seen in many years.

"WANTON LIE," SAYS McADOO

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo and Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to the president, last night emphatically denied the allegations contained in Thomas W. Lawson's testimony that they were concerned in stock speculation as a result of the alleged peace note leak.

Secretary McAdoo said: "No man should be called upon to notice such detestable and irresponsible gossip and slander, but since my name has been mentioned I wish to say that no more shameless and wanton lie could be conceived than the rumor or suggestion that I have been interested at any time and in any manner whatever in stock speculation or purchases of stock in New York or elsewhere, or that I have been connected in any manner whatever with the alleged 'leak' about the so-called peace note."

The putrid partisan politicians and the putrid stock gamblers in New York and Boston are giving the country a painful exhibition of the contemptible methods to which they resort in their efforts to injure the administration.

"If any man, in or out of congress, will assume responsibility for these slanders, or if I can secure legal proof of the guilt of such a man, I will have him put in the penitentiary, where he belongs."

"It is time that an example be made of the foul scoundrels who make a profession of whispered and basest slanders against men in public life."

Secretary Tumulty gave out this statement:

"After the complete and definite

statement which I made to the rules committee last week, it should hardly be necessary for me to say that there is not a scintilla of truth in these new, flimsy charges."

NOT TRUE, SAYS GIBBONEY

PITTSBURG, Jan. 16.—Stuart G. Gibboney, named by Thomas W. Lawson in the leak investigation at Washington, is in Pittsburgh, appearing as counsel before the United States court.

"I never knew a thing about the president's note until it appeared in the newspapers," he said last night. "I never bought or sold a share of stock in my life and I have no connection with any of the others Mr. Lawson named."

"I am a friend of Secretary McAdoo, and in the pre-convention campaign of 1912, before the Baltimore convention, was associated with Mr. McAdoo and W. F. McComb, then national democratic chairman, in organization work for the first Wilson campaign. I am ready and perfectly willing to go to Washington and to appear before the committee at any time. I have no connection with the administration."

"The only possible cause I can conceive for my name being mentioned is because I am a friend of Mr. McAdoo, or possibly because I am counsel for the controller of the currency in national bank mobilizations in New York city."

SWISS MOBILIZATION

BERNE, Switzerland, Jan. 15, via London, 3:45 p. m.—Official announcement was made today that the federal council had decided, as a measure of precaution, to mobilize on Jan. 24 the second division and the contingents of the fourth and fifth divisions which have not yet been mobilized.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

RACE WAR IN CONGRESS

The effort of the democratic party to pass a Corrupt Practices law with teeth in it, has stirred up the republican leaders to such an extent that they have raised the race issue in a manner such as it has not ranked in congress for many years.

Perhaps it would be well in dealing with this republican spasm to state the steps by which the row in congress has been precipitated.

In 1910 the republican congress passed a so-called Corrupt Practices act providing that only the national campaign committees report their expenditures, and that after the election. This law was a palpable evasion inasmuch as it left so many loopholes that it did not change the pre-existent situation in the least.

President Wilson favored the passage of an act that would in reality put a stop to the vast expenditure of money by which the republicans had repeatedly attempted to carry the country in presidential elections.

Accordingly on July 15 of last year the democratic house passed a Corrupt Practices act that went much farther than any republican measure. It provided that before both nomination and election, candidates for president, vice president, senators and representatives, shall make reports of their campaign expenditures and the source of their contributions. The measure came up in the senate previous to adjournment last summer but was pushed aside for one cause or another.

The fact that it limited candidates for the presidency to an expenditure of \$50,000 and those for vice president to \$25,000 was too much for the republicans who had been in the habit of raising two, three, four, five and even six million dollars to elect their candidate.

The bill is now up in the senate and Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire has started a filibustering movement to have it defeated unless it be amended to reduce the representation of southern states where, as republicans allege, the negroes are denied the right to vote.

On this point the New Hampshire senator takes up the role of former Senator Chandler who spoke with an air of authority on this and similar questions. He was the commissioner who was sent south in the Hayes-Tilden fight, to secure the vote of the southern states for the republican party. Whatever he did is not historically clear; but anyhow his mission was a pronounced success from the republican standpoint.

Mr. Chandler came out with a statement claiming that the election of President Wilson should be contested on the ground that the negroes in certain southern states were denied the right to vote and that the representation of such states had not been reduced in proportion as required by the Fourteenth amendment to the constitution. Apparently the republican leaders did not see any prospect of success in that direction and the matter was dropped.

The solid democratic south, however, is a great bazaar to republicans and it is not surprising that Senator Gallinger, who, like his party, is strongly opposed to the Corrupt Practices act, should bring up this racial question in an effort to defeat the measure.

The south generally feels sensitive on the matter, and there is reason to believe that some states do impose restrictions that deprive many of the negroes of the right to vote.

One method formerly resorted to by some of the states and said to prevail still in a modified form is the "Grandfather law," which provides that the grandfather of the would-be negro voter must have been a property holder or a voter in that state. Such a law, if it really exists at the present time, must certainly offer a great barrier to the enfranchisement of the negroes; and it would be only just and fair to have such laws repealed or else have the representation reduced in proportion.

But assuming that some such injustice is practised upon the negroes in a few southern states, why should that be made a pretext for opposing the passage of a law to prevent the corruption of the ballot all over the country by the purchase of elections?

Let the republicans push their campaign for a reduction of the representation in congress from the southern states, but let them not try to disguise their opposition under a mantle of hypocrisy. It is worse to defeat the will of all the people than to prevent some of the southern negroes from voting. Senator Gallinger will not strengthen his party by opposing a measure intended to prevent hoodlums in elections, and to restrict the control of national elections by the money power of the country. His counter move on the alleged disfranchisement of the southern negro will not deceive anybody as to his real purpose or that of his party.

ENGLAND'S MUNITIONS OUTPUT

At the opening of the year in 1914, England was found wholly unprepared. She had been fooling with Sir Edward Carson's threatened rebellion to such an extent that she neglected her im-

perial interests and her preparedness for war.

The Tenthons, however, thought her hands were tied and that she could not afford to enter the war. It took a year to convince the average Englishman that England would have to fight for her very life. Not until Lloyd George took hold, was there any adequate attempt to put the country upon a real fighting basis or in a position to grapple with the real situation. Here is a statement of the progress made in the munition factories in England which shows a wonderful contrast with the situation at the beginning of the war.

In 1914 the British army numbered 275,000, today it numbers more than 1,000,000.

In 1914 the number of workers engaged in war industries was 1,536,000; now it has risen to 3,500,000. The weekly output of machine guns during 1915-16 was more than 14 times what it was during 1914-15.

In high explosives the production is now 65 times what it was in January, 1915. Before the war, there were three national factories working for the land service; today there are 55.

The monthly output of heavy guns during 1915-16 was more than six times what it was during 1914-15. Between May, 1915, and May, 1916, the output of bombs was increased 22 fold.

By the erection of new factories and the adaptation of the old factories to war purposes, the output of munitions in the British Isles has been increased more than 30,000 per cent.

In the last week of June, 1916, a quantity of light and medium munitions was consumed by the British armies on the western front alone, greater than that produced in the whole of Great Britain during the first eleven months of the war.

Great Britain is now manufacturing and issuing every week to her armies on the western front an amount of munitions equal to the total stock available for her entire land service at the outbreak of the war.

HIGH SCHOOL COMMISSION

As a result of the controversy over the new high school, the school board, supported by Mayor O'Donnell and Commissioner Donnelly, has petitioned the legislature for the appointment of a commission to take charge of the work and carry it through to completion.

With such a commission as petitioned for in charge of the construction, the city would be assured of getting its money's worth whatever the cost of the building might be.

In view of the wrangling over the matter and the prospect of further complications arising from the biennial changes in administration at city hall, the building commission, if allowed by the legislature, should give the city the best building possible for the amount of money to be expended.

The work of the city hall commission so far surpassed anything that could have been accomplished by the city council, that there is a very strong feeling among our citizens in favor of a commission to take charge of constructing our new high school, which, according to some estimates, may cost a million dollars. It is certainly an undertaking in which the interests of the city should be fully safeguarded against any possible mismanagement due to political changes or political rivalries.

LIBRARY EMPLOYEES

It would be just as well to exempt library employees from the operation of the civil service law. Such employees require special training for positions in the library and once they have such training they are not likely to be removed if the librarian knows his business and is honest. Nothing is more annoying to people who call at a library than to be waited upon by attendants who do not know much more about the routine of finding what you want than the average patron.

We do not intimate that any such condition has existed at the local library, but under civil service employees it might be the fixed condition.

At certain seasons and in rush hours high school boys are employed at city libraries to assist in the general work of the library. This would not be allowed under civil service regulations.

Not for a long time has Lowell lost a more talented or a more successful



Gasoline

BLOW TORCHES

For thawing out frozen water pipes

Always Reliable.....\$5.30

Dreadnaught.....\$5.90

Free City Motor Delivery
C. B. COBURN CO.
63 MARKET ST.

business man than the late Charles M. Williams. Always unassuming, genial, and obliging, yet discreetly conservative in business, he prospered because of the confidence placed in him by all those with whom he came in contact. The soul of honor and probity, he was most zealous to guard and protect every trust confided to his care. The passing of such a business man after a long and honorable life naturally leaves a void that it will be very difficult to fill.

Although not all will agree with everything that Mrs. J. Sheehy Skeffington may say, yet none can refuse her the sympathy due a refined lady whose husband was brutally murdered without cause by a British captain in Dublin, during the Sinn Fein rebellion. It was a costly blunder for England and one for which there was no excuse, although the perpetrator of the crime was declared insane. Very few people are convinced that he was more insane than some of the other military captains commissioned to deal with that trouble.

Greece has again accepted the ultimatum of the allies, but the king will soon find another way to make trouble. He is strongly pro-German and would apparently enter the war on behalf of the Teutons if he were not held in passive subjection.

Lowell is to get some unsavory advertising in the courts over the removal of two municipal officials. When that question is settled there will probably be others awaiting attention and equally undesirable as a municipal advertisement.

Seen and Heard

Some wag suggests that to make more room for the strap-hangers, the seats in the street cars should all be removed. Strange the street car companies haven't thought of this before.

Wasn't She a Robber?
A girl was required to write a brief sketch of Queen Elizabeth. Her paper contained this sentence:

"Elizabeth was so dishonest that she stole her soldiers' food."

The teacher was puzzled and called the girl.

"Where did you get that notion?"

"Why, that's what it says in the history."

The book was brought forth and the passage was found. It read:

"Elizabeth was so parsimonious that she even pinched her soldiers' rations."

—Exchange.

The Amateur Militant
He was a "brookie" on his first sentry duty at the training camp. The corporal told him what to do when the officer of the day appeared, which should be about 3:30. The sentry was to notify the corporal when he passed.

to feel
Fresh and Fit

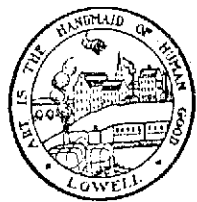
—you must keep your stomach well, your liver active, the bowels regular, and your blood pure. Your physical condition depends on the health of these organs. When anything goes wrong

just take

a few doses of Beecham's Pills and avoid any serious illness. They are a fine corrective and tonic for the system, and a great help in maintaining good health. A single box will prove the remedial value of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.
Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.



Notice to Water Takers

All persons paying their January, 1917, water bills previous to February 1, 1917, will be allowed 10 per cent discount on their bills. All who have paid will be allowed credit on their next bill for amount of discount on January bill.

J. W. CRAWFORD,
Clerk of Water Works.
Per order
HON. GEO. H. BROWN, Commissioner, Water Works and Fire Protection.
January 12, 1917.

KRYPTOK
GLASSES, K
THE INVISIBLE BIFOCALS
CASWELL OPTICAL CO.
39 MERRIMACK ST.
Established 1893

FELT LIKE A NEW PERSON

After Taking Only One Box Of "Fruit-a-lives"

EAST SHIP HARBOR, "It is with great pleasure that I write to tell you of the wonderful benefits I have received from taking 'Fruit-a-lives'. For years, I was a dreadful sufferer from Constipation and Headaches, and I was miserable in every way. Nothing in the way of medicines seemed to help me. Then I finally tried 'Fruit-a-lives' and the effect was splendid. After taking one box, I feel like a new person, to have relief from those sickening Headaches."

Mrs. MARTHA DEWOLFE.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ogdensburg, N.Y.

but at 10 had made no report. The corporal investigated.

"I haven't seen him, corporal," said the sentry.

"Well, keep me posted; he's mighty late."

Twenty minutes later the officer appeared.

"Who goes there?" challenged the sentry.

"Officer of the day," came the reply. "You're late, you are," replied the sentry. "Just wait, you'll catch it when the corporal sees you."—Exchange.

The Giant Operator
"About a year ago while I was working on Route 55 in Manchester, N. H., says J. H. Johnson, Jr., Associated Press operator at Boston, a discussion arose one morning after closing hours as to which man on the paper worked the hardest. For some time it was only a matter of conjecture and argument, but the final decision was in favor of one of the stenographers who lifted the ladies of hot lead for the plates. My claims, as telegraph operator, were laughed to scorn. Without trial by jury I was declared to have the lightest job in the office. I determined to find out just how much work I really did in the means of a contest. The principal element of which was a postal scale and which I rigged up in conjunction with the office boy. I found that it took ten ounces of pressure to print each letter and that in the course of the night, with an average report of 11,000 words and following the letters to the press, the pressure I exerted lifted 700,000 ounces, or 21 1/2 tons. I submitted my tabulations to the jury and was declared without a dissenting vote to be the hardest worked man in the place."

Egg as Cupid's Aid
The sequel to this story is yet to be recorded. Started as a pleasantly it has developed into what bids fair to be a real romance.

A certain young man is employed on a counter where eggs, now a valued commodity ranking with gold and precious stones, were sold. Business was slack, the price of hen fruit having risen to war time prices, and the clerk looked around for something to pass the time away. Not being in immediate line for the position of general manager of the store or president of the company he did not seek for something that would be beneficial to himself or the concern.

Looking around the store he saw a young man known to him over a counter talking to a clerk. That suggested borrowing a pencil and printing the name and address of the visitor in large letters on an egg. Then he put the egg back in the dish and on the next sale, the customer being an attractive looking girl, he slipped it in with her purchase. The incident was then dismissed from his mind.

About two weeks later a young man

came to the counter where the clerk was sitting. He was looking for a pencil and printing the name and address of the visitor in large letters on an egg. Then he put the egg back in the dish and on the next sale, the customer being an attractive looking girl, he slipped it in with her purchase. The incident was then dismissed from his mind.

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and young woman, the former the previous visitor, the latter the customer, walked into the store. Very much engrossed in each other. They walked up to the egg department and asked to speak with the head clerk. When he came forward he recognized the pair and blushed.

"You needn't feel offended at what you did the other day," remarked the caller. "If it hadn't been for you perhaps I never would have met Miss Blank. When she found my name on the egg she looked me up and I suppose was satisfied, else I would not have received an invitation to her home."

"I suppose there is no need to thank you, either," put in the gentler of the two.

That was a short time ago. Now it looks as if City Clerk Barrett might be filling out a license for the pair before many months have elapsed.—Brockton Enterprise.

Remember when you write the date, it's Seventeen.
Resolve you never will be late.
In Seventeen.
Make up your mind to do your best.
To try to meet well every test.
And leave to heaven all the rest.
In Seventeen.

Perhaps the great world war will end in Seventeen.
Who knows what great things now impending.
In Seventeen.
Armies may come to fight and kill.
Sweet peace may give the world a thrill.
But Mr. Bryan won't keep still.
In Seventeen.

The cost of living may decrease in Seventeen.
If so, all complaining cease.
In Seventeen?
This world of ours is going some.
But though some wondrous things may come.
Don't look for the millennium in Seventeen.

—Somerville Journal.

They Do Say

That collecting old bills is no joke.
That the ice is smooth at Shedd park.

That a bold front is almost as good as a strong arm.
That the tightwad is the firm-flamer's easiest mark.

That political positions are mostly "in again, out again."
That every joke takes a post-graduate course in vaudeville.

That some of the New Year's resolutions are still holding good.
That the man looking for trouble can close his eyes and find it.

That it's a whole lot safer to "sit in" at home than at the "club."
That the triumvirate at city hall is not as triumphant as it might be.

That some of the city hall departments are running in double harness.
That the Kirk Street church has lost its roof and is coming down gradually.

That when street car companies fall down on service the jitneys get their dues.
That "I'll thump you on the nose" was always more or less an idle threat.

That the Lowell Morris Plan Co. is proving a big help to many Lowell people.
That the high school officers' ball on Friday night promises to be a great success.

That the lads and lassies are taking advantage of the good skating at Shedd park.
That those who gambled on the green Saturday night, assessed \$5 in police court yesterday.

That when the average man attempts to live by his wits he is inviting a dog biscuit diet.
That there may be another duplication at city hall next Saturday when the new treasurer arrives.

That the name of success is attained by combining speed with good judgment and good plans.
That the fellow who mounts the pedestal of fame by the skyrocket route is liable to come down with the stick.

That the ideal husband is the man who remembers his wife's birthday without being reminded to remember it.
That it is possible to grow hair on a bald head do you suppose John D. Rockefeller would be wearing a wig?

That a man can be pleasant when out in company and still act like a circus boss canvasser when around home.
That a rolling stone may not gather moss but a rolling collar button generally collects its full meed of profanity.

That success is usually with the man who works his own business for all it is worth and doesn't try to beat down his competitors.
That walking two miles for gasoline at midnight when the thermometer registers close to zero is a good reason for a man to place his automobile on the market.

RAILROAD'S BEST ASSET
Good Passenger Service and Hearty Co-operation of Personnel Acclaimed by F. A. Ogden

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—Good passenger service is a railroad's best way of advertising itself to the potential freight shipper. Florence A. Ogden told 150 big business men associated with railroads at the dinner of the Traffic Club of New England last evening in the Coppley Plaza grill. A former official of the Pennsylvania railroad, Mr. Ogden is now freight agent of a steel company.

"Passenger traffic used to be considered a joke by railroad men," he said. "It has improved since the time, 21 years ago, when the passenger manager of the Baltimore & Ohio said every passenger bailed over his head was a new customer, because they never would ride on the now famous B. & O. again after one experience."

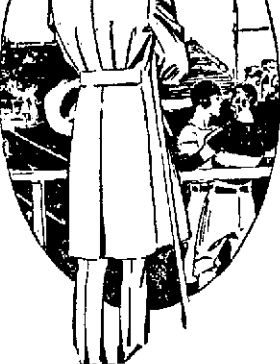
"Nowadays we are a traveling public, not for pleasure but for business, and we all prefer to pay high and get the best service, with stenographers and telephones and hotel food aboard trains, than pay less and get commensurate service. It is the same way with freight traffic."

Required for getting freight traffic, according to Ogden, are the two by-words of co-operation and loyalty that must be upheld by everyone "from the stockholders of the railroad down to the water boy on the tracks."

"An unkind word by a train conductor," he said, "or the refusal of a yard master to do some favor can turn away more traffic than the traffic department can get in a month, although the traffic department is the salesman of the railroad's service." Mr. Ogden none the less advised that agents of none

Young Men's Very Smart Overcoats

—"Pinch-back" Belters, brown, blue and oxford coatings, velvet collar, satin yoke and facing and satin sleeve linings—sold up to \$18.00, now



\$14.50

Men's Fine Dress Overcoats—

Conservative model, the single breast Chesterfield, in oxford and blue velours, and a few very smart fancy box overcoats that sold for \$25.00—all today together for

\$20.00

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 CENTRAL STREET

traffic department be stationed in all the larger cities of the country to solicit shipping. "But if all the rest of the departments don't co-operate," he continued, "all the solicitation will be wasted."

"Loyalty must be cultivated, too, between superiors and men and men and superiors, and if there is any one trait I would have you inspire in the young railroad men of today it is that. My advice to young men is: If Mr. Jones wants you to clean out the spittoons and empty the waste-baskets, do it. Do anything that is honorable."

Older men must help young subordinates not only for the satisfaction of giving aid, but so they will themselves "get a sunny room with southern exposure" when they begin to get old. Mr. Ogden argued.

Meanwhile, if the youngsters would get along, they "must lay off drink; meet every man in their territory pleasantly, if they are traveling salesmen, boost their own line, not knock the others; and don't forget the little things."

REINFORCE ALLIED ARMY ON SALONKI FRONT

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The allied army on the Salonki front will be reinforced as a preliminary to an effort to force the Berlin-Constantinople railroad, according to a dispatch from a British correspondent with General Sarrajl's forces. The writer says it is down as the most urgent task of the Salonki army to cut the railroad and shut off Germany from the supplies of foodstuffs and men which she is drawing from Asia Minor.

The correspondent writes that a plan is being developed on Salonki lines while it also the home of 2,000,000 magnificent fighters who, he says, are being trained and drilled under German instructors.

"Only by cutting the railroad," the correspondent writes, "can this process be stopped and this is the only justification for maintaining our expensive but hitherto inadequate force in Macedonia. It can only be hoped that reinforcements that will arrive in 1917 will make it possible by next New Year's day to get astride of the vital trans-Balkan railway."

The dispatch of German expansion in the near east is specified by the correspondent as an even greater end to be aimed at by the allied army. He declares that the Germans plan to establish themselves at Salonki, a stepping stone to a near eastern empire, and that the Balkan sea so as to "build a Slav dam across the tideway of German ambition."

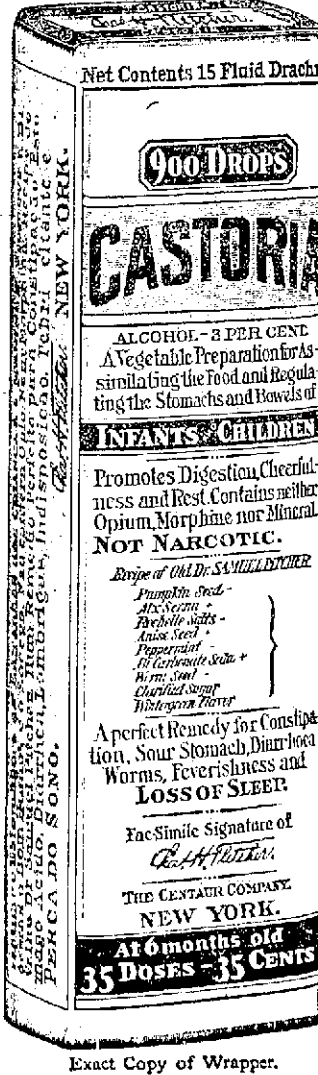
VON HINDENBURG DUE
LONDON, Jan. 16.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg is rumored on the Berlin bourse to be laid up at headquarters with a severe chill, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph.

BRISTOL, Jan. 16.—Fire Chief William F. Bailey and 11 other Brockton men were overcome by smoke and charcoal fumes in a two-alarm fire in the basement of the Hotel Grayson on High street last night, and 20 occupants of the hotel were driven to the street thinly clad.

Mrs. E. P. Raymond, one of the hotel guests, fainting when told a fire had broken out, was carried through the smoke-filled building to the street by fireman George "Crane."

The fire raged two hours and destroyed the lower part of the building before it was under control at 11 o'clock. The greatest damage was done by smoke and water. Several stores on the ground floor suffering the heaviest.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

STATE AIDED 34,496 OLD PEOPLE DURING YEAR

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—A report of a special inquiry relative to aged and dependent persons in Massachusetts, prepared by the state bureau of statistics, was made public yesterday. Although the investigation was made by order of the 1914 legislature it is of considerable interest at this time because of Gov. McCall's inaugural recommendations concerning social insurance.

The inquiry was ordered to aid the general court in considering the subject of old age pensions and the result of statistics was directed to ascertain the number of persons 65 years of age and over, length of residence in the state, number of dependent persons and the number receiving aid from any source.

The bureau explains that it was impossible to obtain complete information implied by a literal construction of the legislature's order, but offers much, including the following:

The total number of persons 65 years of age and over in the commonwealth, as determined by the decennial census, April 1, 1915, was 189,047. The number of dependent persons 65 years of age and over aided in the commonwealth, as ascertained by a canvass of 5707 institutions, organizations, and other sources of such aid, for the year ending March 31, 1915, was 34,496 (14,573 males and 19,923 females).

Granted \$2,333,949 Aid

"The amount of aid granted these aged dependent persons aggregated \$2,333,949. The amount granted males was \$1,144,713 and the amount granted females being \$1,189,236. This amount is exclusive of United States pensions, but includes aid given by public correctional institutions, hospitals for the insane, state pauper institutions, overseers of the poor, state and military aid, and soldiers' relief, private relief rendered by benevolent homes, private medical and insane institutions, G.A.R. posts, churches, trust funds and miscellaneous sources. Classifying these sources into public and private relief, we find that of the total number of aged and over given aid, 26,463 were given public relief to the amount of \$2,250,686 and 8662 were given private relief to the amount of \$83,263. The amount of aid dispensed from all sources to persons 65 years of age and over amounted to an average, or per capita, of \$67.50.

By a special tabulation it was determined that 73.02 per cent of the total number of aged dependent persons covered by this inquiry received aid amounting to less than \$100 in each case, while only 2.77 per cent received aid amounting to \$500 or over. After a hearing upon the important consideration, namely, the amount of annual pension, if any, which should be established as a standard.

More Foreign-Born Helped

"Of the total number 65 years of age and over (189,047), 114,638, or 60.6

per cent, were native born, and 74,409, or 39.4 per cent, were foreign born; of the native born, 73,307 were born in Massachusetts and 1,102 were born elsewhere in the United States. But of the 74,409 persons 65 years of age and over who were aided, the majority of only a little more than half, namely, 38,344, could be ascertained. Of this number 5406, or 29.5 per cent, were born in Massachusetts and 18,938 per cent, were born elsewhere in the United States; and 9570, or 52.2 per cent of the whole number whose country of birth was ascertained were foreign born.

"Of the total number 65 years of age and over for whom the length of residence in Massachusetts was known, 157,690, or 83.4 per cent, were found by the census to have been residents of Massachusetts for 10 years or over; and of this number 68,495, or 43.5 per cent, were foreign born, this latter number being 23 per cent of the total foreign-born population (74,409) of age 65 and over for whom the length of residence in Massachusetts was known. Of the 34,496 dependent persons of age 65 and over, it was possible to ascertain the period of residence in Massachusetts of 8499, or 24.3 per cent, and of this number 87.3 per cent had been residents in the state for 30 years or more, while 232, or a little less than 3 per cent, had been resident for less than 10 years; whereas for the general population 65 years of age and over, regardless of dependency, 5.1 per cent had resided in the state less than 10 years.

"Of the 34,496 dependent persons of age 65 years and over covered by this inquiry, 4158 were single persons, 5408 married, 11,938 widowed, 415 divorced or separated, and the conjugal condition of 12,819 was unknown. Of the aged dependent women whose conjugal condition was reported 66.2 per cent were widows, while of the aged dependent men only 36.5 per cent were widowers.

Gifts to Charity \$1,750,799

"In this connection it is of some collateral interest to note that a tabulation, made by the bureau of statistics, of the receipts of 805 incorporated charitable organizations, which filed returns with the state board of charity during the year ending Nov. 30, 1915, and whose reports were accepted as suitable, for tabulation, shows that a total of \$1,750,799 was received by these organizations during the year for dispensing aid to persons of all ages.

"If to this sum, dispensed by various private incorporated charitable organizations to persons deemed to be in need of aid, we add \$11,643,939, the amount as computed for this report expended during the year as public relief to persons of all ages, granted through state public institutions, overseers of the poor, state and military aid and soldiers' relief, we have a total of \$23,354,738.

"In view, however, of the fact that

Doctor Tells How to Strengthen Eyesight 50 Per Cent. In One Week's Time In Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home

Philadelphia, Pa.—Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye strain or other eye weaknesses? If so, you will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man writes after trying it: "I was almost blind, could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used to wear glasses at night, after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. "I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitudes more will be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules.

Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and allow it to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly during the first start and improvement will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note: Another prominent physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very reliable remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances or refund the money. It can be obtained of the very best preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family. It is sold in Lowell by the Lowell Pharmacy, all Liggett's-Riker-Jaynes stores and other druggists.

Do You Want a Good Used Piano?

You and we will do business this week. We have what you want at your own price, because we must sell, we must have the room. There's no money in second-hand instruments for us—there's a loss when we hold them. We take them simply to accommodate in selling new ones. They have all been put in good condition and will be sold before next Saturday night if prices will sell them.

Prices as Low as \$75 on Uprights
\$5.00 on Square Pianos

Ring's Largest, Most Reliable Piano House
110-112 MERRIMACK ST.
Select Your Victrola Now

the returns to our state board of charity of aid rendered by private incorporated organizations are not complete and that the tabulations for the several sources of aid do not cover precisely the same period of time and that for these reasons a statistically accurate aggregate cannot be given, it would, nevertheless, probably be well within the truth to assume, on the basis of all available data, that there is annually expended for charitable purposes in Massachusetts, exclusive of United States pensions, at least \$23,354,738, of which apparently about \$12,732,599 is derived from taxation, leaving about \$10,622,139 as the amount derived from private contributions."

NEW HAVEN DIVIDED TO AID SERVICE

SYSTEM NOW UNDER TWO GENERAL SUPERINTENDENTS—TO SPEND \$30,000,000

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—In compliance with the order of the public service commission relative to an investigation of the passenger train service on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, President Howard Elliott has designated certain officials of the road to take up the questions of service, and to expedite matters has divided the system into two parts with C. N. Woodward, general superintendent, in charge of the eastern territory, and J. A. Droege, general superintendent, looking after the divisions that reach Springfield, Northampton and Pittsfield.

Mr. Woodward is general superintendent for the Boston, Old Colony, Midland, Providence and New London divisions, which cover Eastern Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Eastern Connecticut. Mr. Droege is general superintendent for the Hartford, New Haven and Highland divisions. These officials have been instructed to pay particular attention to all suggestions made by the public service commission and to consider more carefully than ever all questions of service.

Owing to the complications and intricacies of the service such general superintendent will have the assistance of a committee of experienced officials. To assist Mr. Woodward, Pres. Elliott has appointed E. L. Wilson, assistant general passenger agent, G. M. Wood, assistant general freight agent, W. H. Wright, manager of the terminal station and E. M. Willis, assistant to Pres. Elliott.

To Meet Daily in South Station

General Superintendent Woodward and his staff will meet their offices in the South Terminal station, where they will meet daily when practicable. They will take up the questions of service in the territory assigned Mr. Woodward, who is fully authorized, subject to the "committee on service," to add to and change existing schedules of local freight and passenger trains in Massachusetts, and to add to and change working forces and requirements for caring for the business of the public, subject to the regulations of the interstate commerce commission and other commissions and to the physical capacity of the company.

Mr. Droege will act in a similar manner and has positive instructions to consider service first of all. In his letter to the public service commission, in which Pres. Elliott acknowledges receipt of his order, he states that the company will be glad to have one of the representatives of the commission meet with the "service committee" in Boston at frequent intervals so as to get the viewpoint of the commission as to details, give the commission information as to what is being done and obtain suggestions for remedial measures.

Mr. Elliott informed the commission that the company would comply with its order calling for a monthly statement of train delays at Boston.

Plan \$30,000,000 Improvements

Some idea of the improvements under way or proposed by the company is given in Pres. Elliott's communication to the commission. These approximate \$30,000,000 and to complete them will depend, Pres. Elliott states, upon the ability of the company to raise the necessary money by the sale of property and the issue of new securities.

The legislation now asked for in Massachusetts will, if passed, settle finally the local status of the company in this state, according to Mr. Elliott, and he adds that the friendly cooperation of the commission in having operation of the company begin at an early date will be of assistance to the company in formulating any plans for obtaining money.

Many of the improvements will directly benefit the Boston service. On Nov. 30 of last year, the unexpended balance for improvements already authorized, based on definite plans, was \$7,247,024.50. Some of these items are:

Signals for Boston territory	\$ 175,000.00
Improved signals between Boston and New York	284,435.23
South Boston engine facilities	511,253.66
New street engine facilities	108,672.45
Four tracks through South Boston cut for freight	716,613.58
Improvements Providence	115,844.50
Gasoline houses	57,290.08
Midway—additional tracks	281,144.42
Groton and Midway, four tracks	1,174,213.59
Bridge over the Thames river at New London	175,452.27
Additional main tracks through New Haven	175,452.27
Total	\$3,682,569.78

The following improvements have also been authorized by the board, and detailed plans are being perfected:

Improvements and additions Boston freight yard	\$500,000.00
Additional facilities for handling, storing and caring for passenger equipment, Boston	300,000.00

Has 608 Steel Cars Now

President Elliott reports that on July 1, 1913, the company had in its passenger train service 45 steel, or steel underframe, cars, and on Oct. 31, 1916, there were 608. There are 32 cars due in the 1916 order for 100 steel cars, and 100 steel cars are ordered for 1917 delivery. In addition, 50 heavy steel freight locomotives have been ordered, but delivery cannot be obtained before the latter part of the year. These locomotives will release 100 to 150 passenger locomotives, which will, in turn, displace some of the older and lighter ones in the service.

The company June 31, 1916, had an actual balance of \$6,532,439.91 and Mr. Elliott states that all of this has been or will be spent for improving the property.

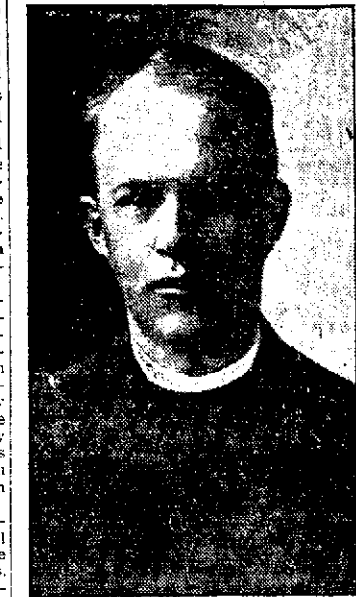
THE ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS COUNCIL MEETS

OFFICERS ELECTED AT ANNUAL MEETING—EXECUTIVE SECRETARY'S REPORT

At the recent annual meeting of the Lowell Anti-Tuberculosis council, composed of delegates from the Middlesex Women's club, the Lowell board of trade, Lowell Guild and the Social Service league, the following officers were elected: President, Rev. James Bancroft, pastor of St. John's Episcopal church; treasurer, Charles B. Redway; secretary, Mrs. Ella P. Marden; executive secretary, Miss Rachel Barrington.

The money realized from the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals, when all has been turned in, will amount to more than \$2,000. Miss Barrington's yearly report follows:

"In a few words, I will outline as



REV. JAMES BANCROFT, President.

briefly as possible the results of the year's work of the Lowell Anti-Tuberculosis council. As we look back upon the year we find our progress had been slow, but after all the few things accomplished have established a sound foundation upon which we can build well.

"Previous to my assuming the position of your executive secretary six months ago, the council had started its educational campaign by conducting a local health exhibit which was most gratifying in the results obtained. As our work is intended to be along educational lines I feel it would be of great value to conduct another similar exhibit at some future date.

"On beginning my work here the first month was devoted to visiting the different mills, discussing the tuberculosis situation, and if possible, trying to locate suspected cases among the operatives. Those in charge of the mills were very disposed toward our work and assured me of their co-operation.

"The moving picture houses were also visited, and I found that the sanitary regulations were being observed. Letters have been sent to the physicians and to the clergy of all denominations offering assistance to any of their patients and members who they felt were tubercular or predisposed to the disease. From these sources we have had several calls, and material assistance has been given.

"In making home visits, I find it at times very difficult to gain admittance into the home and it often requires many visits before a friendly footing and confidences are established.

"It is also often difficult to convince the suspected patient that a physician's advice and examination are necessary, and especially is this true where the suspect is the wage earner of the family. While he may realize his condition, he also knows what it means to be told that he has tuberculosis. Prevention is better than cure, and much has been done in this direction, and much more is needed.

"Pre-tubercular cases are frequently brought to our attention. When we find one active tubercular case in the family, we also almost invariably find one or more suspected cases, especially where there are children. Much good preventive work has been done in these families, and the other members from being infected.

"I have made 240 home visits the past six months. At present we have 42 families under my supervision, where there is an actual case or one or more suspected cases.

"The last six weeks I have devoted a greater part of my time to the Red Cross seals campaign, in visiting the schools and interesting teachers in our work. Talks to the girls in several of the mills have, I think, been of unquestionable educational value.

"The various organizations have been very co-operative in supplying

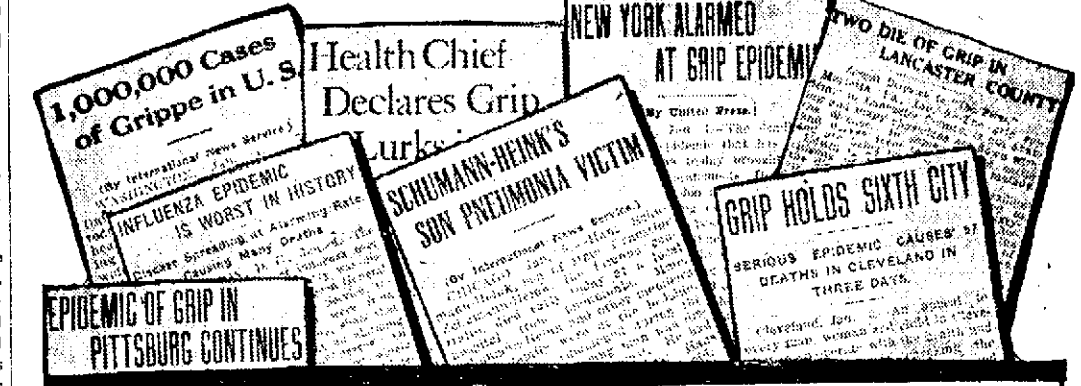
A LAXATIVE FOR BABIES GOOD FOR EVERYBODY

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin a Safe and Efficient Family Remedy

Every member of the family is more or less subject to constipation and every home should always be supplied with a dependable remedy to promptly relieve this condition. Whenever the bowels become clogged and the natural process of elimination thereby disturbed, the entire system is affected, and readily subject to attack by disease. Constipation is a condition that should never be neglected.

Mrs. E. R. Gilbert, of Millbrook, Va., says that Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a splendid laxative for children because they like its pleasant taste, and it acts so easily and naturally, without griping or pain, and she finds it purely effective for the rest of the family.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin that contains no opiate or narcotic drug. It is mild and gentle in its action, and does not cause pain or discomfort. Druggists everywhere sell this excellent remedy for fifty cents a bottle.



Don't Delay Taking Duffy's

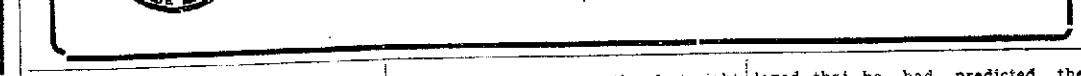
until news dispatches announce the annual epidemic of grip. Get Duffy's now and build sufficient stamina to withstand grip and pneumonia to which you are constantly exposed.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

has long been recognized by the profession and laity as one of the most effective remedies and preventatives of grip, pneumonia, coughs, colds and diseases of the respiratory organs. Unprejudiced physicians readily recommend and use it in practice and hospital work because of its absolute purity and quality. It is acceptable to the most delicate stomach as it is made from the choicest of grains thoroughly malted and requiring little effort of the digestive organs. If taken in tablespoon doses in equal amounts of water or milk before meals and on retiring it assists in checking the disease, helps prevent wasting of the tissues and helps the stomach to more perfectly digest and assimilate food. Fortify your system by taking Duffy's regularly.

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY by most druggists, grocers and dealers, \$1.00. If they can't supply you, write us. Useful household booklet free.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company, Rochester, N. Y.



relief such as clothing, groceries and milk to needy families. The co-operating agencies were the Lowell Guild, Social Service league, board of health, Lowell Humane society, and department of charity.

CALL ACTION "AFFRONT TO PROGRESSIVES"

PERKINS AND COLBY PROTEST ELECTION OF ADAMS TO G.O.P. COMMITTEE

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The members of the republican national committee appointed to "consider the question of adopting plans of giving recognition to and promoting the co-operation of all elements opposed to the democratic party" held their first meeting today as a special committee.

Before taking action the members of the special committee waited for a more complete explanation of the attitude of George W. Perkins and Edwin Colby, the leading progressive members of the republican national campaign committee, who last night declined to attend a dinner given to the members of the executive and campaign committees by National Chairman W. R. Wilcox. A statement issued by Messrs. Perkins and Colby declared that they had taken this means as a protest against the selection of John Taylor Adams of Iowa, as vice chairman of the national committee.

This statement characterized the election of Mr. Adams as "a deliberate and wilful reflection upon Chairman Wilcox and an affront to every progressive voice in the country." Hitherto the vice chairman of the republican national committee has been appointed by the chairman. At the Chicago convention the national committee adopted rules giving the power to elect a vice chairman to the executive committee. The choice of Mr. Adams is regarded by many as a step toward dual control of the committee, the intention being to place the control of party affairs in the west under the new vice chairman, leaving the east to Chairman Wilcox.

The executive committee will meet again this afternoon.

HIGH STREET CHURCH

Officers and Committees Elected at Annual Meeting Held in Church Vestry Last Evening

The annual meeting of the High Street Congregational church was held last evening in the church vestry. The annual parish supper, however, will not take place until Thursday evening, Jan. 25, and further business will be transacted at that time.

The pastor, Rev. A. C. Ferrin, served

as moderator at the meeting last night and Deacon F. W. Clark was clerk. The annual report of the pastor was most interesting and optimistic. The reports of the treasurer, collector and prudential committee, all dealing with the financial affairs of the parish, were satisfactory, and showed the church to be stronger financially than a year ago.

Officers and committees were elected as follows:

Prudential committee—Dr. H. W. Jewett, William A. Lamson, Deacon W. H. G. Wright, Carl D. Burt, Joseph Peabody, Edward T. Wilder and William T. White.

Treasurer, Nelson D. Keables; clerk, Deacon Edward W. Clark; collector, Haven G. Hill.

Sunday school committee—Rev. A. C. Ferrin, Mrs. H. L. Galusha, Miss Helen W. Barnes, Dr. V. E. Darling, Deacon F. R. Woodward.

Music committee—Mrs. C. I. Hood, Miss N. F. H. Robbins, Robert F. Marden, Deacon F. R. Woodward, Mrs. Robert Robertson.

Parish supper committee—J. Harry Boardman, Mrs. J. L. Robertson, Mrs. W. F. Alwood, Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Ernest G. Dunn, Henry M. Fox.

Delegates to the Andover Association—Mrs. A. C. Ferrin, Mrs. C. H. Nelson, Mrs. A. W. Crocker, Deacon Dudley L. Page.

Delegates to the Ministry-at-Large—Rev. A. C. Ferrin, C. H. Nelson.

Delegates to the Federation of Churches—Rev. A. C. Ferrin, Mrs. A. W. Crocker.

Head usher, Donald F. Cameron.

South Lowell Man, of 100 Elm Street, Relates That He Took Plant Juice

It is always interesting to listen to the statements of our friends, especially when we know that they are sincere and honest in what they say. Added interest is created in a statement coming from one of Lowell's well known business men, who has a large circle of friends in the business world as well as socially.

Such a man is Mr. George Q. Chamberlain, of No. 100 Elm Street, South Lowell, who is associated with one of the largest firms in this city, and who, in a recent signed statement, said:

"For a number of years my hands have been a little crippled with rheumatism, and when I would take a tea-cup in my hands I felt as if I would drop it. I could not sleep at night, and got very weak and nervous; my stomach was also in a weak condition and I could not digest my food. I was fatigued and formed gas and suffered agony after eating; I had headaches, was dizzy and had terrible pains all through my body. I had taken all kinds of medicine but never got anything that would help me until I started to take your Plant Juice. That seemed to be just what I needed. As the result was certainly surprising in my case, my hands are all right now and I am able to use them and have no pain whatever. I sleep well and never felt better. My wife is taking Plant Juice also when she saw what it did for me. We both heartily endorse Plant Juice and are glad to recommend it to others."

Such words as these and those of many others which have been printed, have wide influence, for they come from men of standing and integrity, who have given Plant Juice a fair trial and have been greatly benefited thereby.

The Plant Juice Man is at Dows, The Druggist, in Merrimack Square, where he is daily meeting the local public, and introducing and explaining the merits of this remedy.

We Pay Highest Prices FOR DIAMONDS, OLD JEWELRY, OLD SILVERWARE

Suggestions gladly given if you want your jewelry made over into latest designs.

RICARD'S JEWELRY STORES 123 Central St. 636 Merrimack St.

The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JANUARY 16 1917

PRICE ONE CENT

AMERICAN HEBREW CONGREGATIONS

REVIEW OF WORK ACCOMPLISHED BY UNION DURING LAST TWO YEARS

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 16.—An exhaustive review of the work of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations during the last two years was made by J. Walter Freiberg of Cincinnati, president of the organization at the 25th biennial council of the union here today. Mr. Freiberg recommended the raising of \$3,000,000, mainly for home mission work and for education. One of the most important of the various reports submitted was that denouncing objectionable literature in public schools and urging the elimination of "The Merchant of Venice," "Christological songs" and the reading of a Bible interpretatively. The contention of the national Jewish advisory board is that Bible reading in schools is an "infringement upon the rights of every citizen" in so far as it compels Jewish taxpayers to send their children to school where a religious interpretation is put upon the Bible. The approval of the convention was asked of the survey which places on the "honor roll of American cities" the names of 19 cities "which have excelled in the civic virtue of having no objectionable literature in their public schools and no Christian songs in their school assemblies."

HORSE RESPONSIBLE FOR STILL ALARM

A still alarm was sent in to Engine Company No. 2 this morning at 9:20 o'clock for a fire in Somerset street, but when the firemen reached the place instead of finding a blaze, they were informed that a horse had fallen and assistance was needed to get the animal on its feet again. The men rendered what they could, and after receiving the thanks of the driver, went back to their fire house. Nothing like giving the boys something to do.

TRADE BETWEEN ITALY AND SO. AMERICA

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Formation of a corporation by four of Italy's biggest shipping concerns to develop trade between Italy and So. America is described in despatches reaching the department of commerce today. The combination has behind it the principal Italian shipping interests with joint resources of about \$20,000,000. The company's first move will be the establishment of a steamship line between Italian ports and Rio de Janeiro. There has been no shipping service between Italy and Brazil by Italian maritime interests since the outbreak of the war.

100 EMPLOYEES GO ON STRIKE AT BATH, ME.

BATH, Me., Jan. 16.—Nearly 100 machinists at the Hyde Windlass company walked out yesterday because of the discharge Saturday night of Benjamin Combs and Chester Martin, officials in the newly-organized union.

CHIME CLOCKS

Lyle

LOWELL, MASS.

WHY CLOTHES WEAR OUT

Do you know what wears your clothes out so quickly? It's the rubbing on the rough metal washboard. Think how hard it is on the delicate threads of any fabric. It's a wonder that clothes last as long as they do.

THE ELECTRIC WASHER

Will wash your heaviest blankets or most delicate laces without injury. Your clothes will last six times longer than when rubbed on a wash board. A small sum down will place it in your home and a few monthly installments will pay for the machine entirely.

Telephone 821 for Free Demonstration

THE LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.

29-31 Market Street

FOR THE PROTECTION OF LIFE IN DRACUT

It is reported that Mr. George H. Stevens, one of Dracut's most prominent and progressive citizens, will urge at the coming town meeting an appropriation to purchase and install several sets of life-saving apparatus along the most dangerous spots of the waterways in Dracut. Recently a lad was rescued from one of the most treacherous spots along Beaver Brook where he had been clinging to the ice for more than a half-hour. People stood by unable to do the boy's aid and finally a young man appeared with a long fence rail which was taken from a fence a quarter of a mile away. The boy's life was saved. Another small boy went through the ice on the Merrimack river near Varum's Landing and was rescued after struggling in the icy water for more than twenty minutes.

INCREASE FREIGHT RATES ON GRAIN PRODUCTS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The interstate commerce commission today reversed a previous decision and permitted an increase of approximately one cent per hundred pounds in rates on grain and grain products from points in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri and Kentucky to Atlantic ports for export. The increase was granted after additional evidence had been submitted at a rehearing to the effect that the proposed increases would maintain the present relationship between rates to Atlantic ports and those to Gulf ports.

HARRY G. POLLARD

Joseph Warren Commandery Entertains Grand Warden Pollard and Four Commanders

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—A graceful attention by Joseph Warren Commandery, K.T., last night, to the women who stood in the receiving line preliminary to the exercises attending the annual event in Roxbury, was that each received a large bouquet. There were 200 in the company and the varied forms of entertainment occupied until midnight. Those who took part in the reception were: Eminent Commander Geo. La Doud and Miss Gladys Carr, Senior Grand Warden Harry G. Pollard and Mrs. Pollard, Grand Lecturer George W. Knowlton and Mrs. Knowlton, Generalissimo Alvah W. Rydstrom and Mrs. Rydstrom, Capt. Gen. Albert E. Carr and Mrs. Carr, Past Commander George F. Tabler and Miss Dorothy Butler, Past Commander S. J. Thibault and Mrs. Geo. W. Twombly, Past Commander Arthur L. Foster and Mrs. Foster, Past Commander Edwin H. Oliver and Mrs. Oliver. While this feature was in progress there was an organ recital by William W. Chute.

The Making of a Famous Medicine

Few people realize that over 350,000 pounds of various herbs are used annually in making Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and these herbs all have to be gathered at the season of the year when their medicinal properties are at their best. The watchword in preparing these herbs is cleanliness, the process of percolation is perfected, the herbs are pasteurized, clarified and filtered before it is bottled for the consumer. It is this wonderful combination of herbs, together with the skill and care used in the preparation, which has made this famous medicine so successful in the treatment of female ills.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

FOR THE PROTECTION OF OFFICERS ELECTED BY THE VERY BEST SHOW

OLD LOWELL BANK

JOHN L. ROBERTSON ELECTED PRESIDENT—TWO NEW DIRECTORS CHOSEN

At the annual meeting of the shareholders and directors of The Old Lowell National Bank held at its banking rooms today, John L. Robertson was elected president and J. Munn Andrews was elected vice president. There were two new directors chosen, Mr. Freeman M. Hill, the well known and successful wholesale grocer, and Thomas B. Doe, general manager of the

BAKERS PLEAD GUILTY

Two Pay Fines at Franklin, N. H., For Selling Bread Not Properly Labelled

FRANKLIN, N. H., Jan. 16.—Henry Koulins and Eusebe Lemire, bakers, pleaded guilty in municipal court yesterday afternoon of misbranding bread weight, selling bread with weight not marked and selling bread unwrapped. They paid \$10 and costs for the first and \$1 and costs for the third offense, the second being continued. The state board of health agent made complaint, as a result of a statewide investigation, now under way.

NEW SOLDIERS' AID BILL

Extends Time for Payments to Dependents of Men Who Went to Border Until Jan. 1 Next

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—The legislative committee on military affairs yesterday afternoon voted to report a bill recommended by Richard H. Flynn, commissioner of state aid and pensions, to extend to Jan. 1, 1918, the time within which payment may be made by municipalities on account of the dependent relatives of troops who went to the Mexican border, and to make the provisions of the state aid law applicable to their widows and children.

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing, Tobin's, Asso. Bldg.

Racine Times, Beharrell's.

J. S. Mohr, optometrist, Wyman's Ex.

J. F. Donohoe, 228 Hildreth bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone.

P. J. McMahon, formerly of Lowell, was re-elected treasurer of the Catholic club of New York city by a unanimous vote last Sunday.

At 9:10 o'clock this morning the ambulance was called to the car house in Middlesex street, where a man named Milton Knowles, residing at 2 Hale's place, had fractured his right leg. The injured man was removed to St. John's hospital.

After viewing the remains of Walter J. Merritt, whose body was found in the woods in South Chelmsford, Medical Examiner J. W. Meigs signed the death certificate "Suicide," and in view of the cuts on one wrist and the fact that a tie was used to strangle, he decided an autopsy unnecessary.

Along with a special report submitted yesterday the Teachers' Retirement board filed a bill with the legislature providing that school teachers who have served in the state's public schools for 15 years or more, if disabled as a result of the service, may be retired by the school committee that hired them.

As a result of a thorough investigation by the police, three proprietors of coffee houses in Market street will appear before the home commission this evening to show cause why their licenses should not be revoked. The police claim they have found five different coffee houses slates used in the serving of the same known as "baccarat" and "poker" which will serve as important evidence at the hearing.

WOMEN POLICE AT WORCESTER

WORCESTER, Jan. 16.—After a public hearing last night in city hall the city council committee on police voted to recommend that the police ordinance be amended to provide for appointment of at least two women police officers.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

LISTEN TO THIS! SAYS CORNS LIFT RIGHT OUT NOW

You restless men and women who are pestered with corns and who have at least once a week visited a painful death from badger or blood poison are now told by a "certain" authority to use a drug called freemore, which the moment a few drops are applied to any corn, the soreness is relieved and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts out with the fingers.

It is a strictly other compound which drives the moment it is applied and simply shrivels the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin. It is claimed that a quarter of an ounce of freemore will cost very little at any of the drug stores, but is sufficient to rid you of every hard or soft corn or callus.

You are further warned that cutting a corn is a suicidal habit.

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JOHN L. ROBERTSON President

United States Cartridge Co., and prominent in Lowell's affairs since the recent activities of the Cartridge company began.

The two new directors were elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders, held prior to the directors' meeting. They were elected to fill the vacancies caused by the death of Mr. Charles M. Williams, president and director, and the resignation of Dr. William G. Ward, whose resignation was accepted with regret.

The directors re-elected are: John L. Robertson, J. Munn Andrews, Arthur B. Woodward, Peter H. Donohoe, Luchas W. Duffell, James J. Kerwin, James M. Abbott, J. Harry Boardman and William A. Mitchell.

Since the organization of the bank in 1828 the stockholders have received in dividends \$338,000 which represents over three times the outstanding capital of the bank.

Mr. Robertson, the newly elected president, was born in Lowell in 1867, was elected a director of The Old Lowell National bank in 1912, and was elected vice president of the bank Jan. 1915. He is a trustee of The Central Savings bank, and is treasurer of The Robertson Co., well known furniture dealers located in Prescott street.

Mr. Andrews, the vice president, was born in Somersworth, N. H., in 1855 and was educated in Lowell schools. He was one of the organizers of the Sullivan Rubber Heel Co., and was its secretary and manager until 1910 when the Lowell interests were sold out. He was elected a director of the bank January 13, 1915, and is now engaged in the manufacturing business in Lowell, besides having many outside interests.

FIRST DRUG WOMAN

Dr. Augusta A. Carlson Found Guilty But Put on Probation With a Warning

BOSTON, Jan. 16. Dr. Augusta A. Carlson of Massachusetts avenue, Rock Bay, the first woman to be brought into court here on a charge of dispensing narcotic drugs, was found guilty yesterday by Judge Bennett in the municipal court, and after a severe reprimand was placed on probation. Dr. Carlson was told that a man had been sent to jail recently for a year for the same offense. She pleaded not guilty and said she did not think she was violating the law, but had prescribed narcotic drugs when she saw the patient really needed them because of illness. Two prisoners were brought up from Deer Island on caprices to testify against her.

STOLEN CANNON BACK AGAIN

"Big Lizzie," Weight 1250 Pounds, Retrieved From Chelsea Junk Pile and Restored to Providence

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 16.—The 1250-pound bronze cannon, stolen from Roger Williams Park Dec. 31, was brought on the job again yesterday. Police inspectors J. H. Armstrong and L. Felix Godfrey found it in Chelsea, Mass., buried under tons of scrap iron. Three boys, now in Providence jail, will be arrested, charged with the theft, upon finishing their present terms.

Mechanics today made the cannon fast to the foundation from which it was taken. Park Supt. Green said it would require dynamite and a derrick to remove it next time. The cannon is worth as old metal just now \$375. It is jocosely known as "Big Lizzie."

BAKER FAVORS SUFFRAGE

Secretary of War Tells Ohio Legislature That Women Are Entitled to Vote as Right

CLEVELAND, Jan. 16.—When Secretary of War Newton D. Baker was consulted by Cleveland members of the Ohio legislature yesterday, he declared strongly for presidential suffrage for Ohio women.

He told his callers that, if he were a member of the Ohio legislature, he not only would vote for such a measure, but would not get out and work for it.

Presidential suffrage should be given, said Baker, as a matter of justice and right," and Mr. Baker.

THE MATHEWS' MINSTREL SHOW

BIG ATTRACTION AT ASSOCIATE HALL THURSDAY EVENING

All roads will lead to Associate hall on Thursday evening, when the Mathews Temperance institute will present a minstrel entertainment that promises to be one of the best ever given in Lowell. In the troupe are many of Lowell's most talented performers, and all have been assigned to particularly good parts. The songs are new and catchy, and the jokes are pulled by the "ends" are said to be right up to the minute. Some are dedicated to the city fathers, who are at present in the limelight, while others are "on" other prominent men about town.

The show is in charge of Vice President John Townsend, a capable and enthusiastic director, and he has instilled a great amount of "pop" into the entertainment.

There are over 60 mixed voices in the chorus and the manner in which the various catchy numbers are given would do credit to professionals.

Those who are to appear on the ends have their parts down to perfection, each and every one presenting a feature that is bound to bring tumultuous applause. As end ladies, Mrs. Hugh Doherty, nee Mary Dillon, will sing and dance in her own inimitable manner; Miss Kitty Dunn and Miss Lillian McPherson, two exceptionally clever performers, will appear in splendid number. For end men, Ed "Tip" Hanley will be on the extreme corner, and this fact alone assures a rare treat. Joe Lannan, another well known singer, who recently made his debut as a minstrel entertainer, has an exceptionally good number, Billy Sullivan of the Sagamore club will be the other "end" and he has a very good feature.

For soloists there is that ever-popular favorite, Commissioner James E. Donnelly; William McNaughton, who possesses a beautiful bass voice; Warren R. Kane, a promising young tenor; and Misses Bella Walsh, Florence McManis and Helen Kennedy, three very artistic soloists. John W. Sharkey will act as intercomer, with John Broderick accompanist.

Delegations will be present from Lawrence, Woburn, Lynn, North Billerica and North Chelmsford. After the show there will be general dancing, and this diversion will be continued until 1 o'clock, with music by Broderick's orchestra.

MAYOR TO LOSE TONGUES

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—Speaking engagements for the next three weeks were marked off Mayor Curley's list yesterday when Dr. Edwin M. Holmes of Beacon street, whom he consulted, told the mayor he had throat trouble and must have his tongue cut out. An operation of the glands is so serious that they cannot be removed right away, and it will be several weeks before the physician will permit the operation.

Nevertheless the mayor intends to go to Washington this week with a delegation of the Sons of Israel.

PERIA SEES AMERICAN AID

Shah's Note Hopes United States Will Assist Oppressed Nation to Maintain Its Integrity

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Persia, in a note handed to the state department yesterday by Minister Mehdi Khan, expresses the hope that President Wilson's note to the belligerents regarding the peace terms will prove successful and calls attention to her own sufferings as an invaded neutral.

The note reveals that the president's note was transmitted through the United States minister at Teheran, and continues: "I am further instructed to say that, notwithstanding we declared ourselves neutral, a large part of our country has been disturbed and devastated by the fighting of the belligerents within our boundaries."

The shah's government furthermore ardently hopes that the government of the United States will assist our oppressed nation to maintain its integrity and rights not only for the present but whenever a peace conference shall take place."

WINTER SESSIONS NOW STARTING

Take the first step on the Road to Success by training yourself for better paying positions.

All courses of Business Training taught.

WOOD'S Business College

Washington Institution For Savings Bldg.

MIDDLESEX STREET

POLICE COURT

Continued

Wanted Applicant Back

Just because he insisted upon getting back an application he had filed for a loan, after being refused the loan, Francis J. Walsh was arrested for trespassing and arraigned in court this morning. He entered a plea of guilty and after he had informed the court that he is the father of two children, his case was placed on file.

Francis went to a local loan agency last evening and applied for a loan. He was asked to fill an application and return in an hour. When he returned he was informed that nothing could be learned about his character and accordingly could not get the loan. He then asked the woman back of the counter to return his application, which she said was, contained the whole history of his life, but the woman refused and accordingly Francis refused to leave the place, with the result that Patrolman Kenney was called in. The complainant in the case was Hattie M. Russell.

Husband and Wife

Samuel Pappas and his wife were both in court this morning, the former on a charge of non-support, while the woman was charged with drunkenness. Pappas, whose case is an old one, entered a plea of not guilty, and at his request the case was continued till Feb. 27. His better half admitted her guilt and was sentenced to a month in jail.

Long Time Away

According to Mrs. William A. Monty her husband left her three years ago, or shortly after their wedding, and during all that time she has not received one word from him. A few days ago William A. returned to Lowell and was soon in the clutch of the law. This morning he pleaded with the court for an opportunity to secure employment and promised to do what is right by his wife. In order to give him an opportunity to prove his sincerity the court continued the case for three weeks on condition that during that time he pays his wife \$3 a week.

Cases Continued

Arthur Smart and Laura French were arraigned on a statutory offense, and after entering a plea of not guilty, had their case continued till tomorrow, bail being fixed at \$500.

James R. McGulgan, of Billerica, charged with assault and battery on Judson A. Newcomb, denied his guilt and his case was continued till Jan. 24.

Patrick Roach was found guilty of drunkenness and was sentenced to three months in jail. Thomas E. Lee, who was released Sunday, was again this morning fined a fine of \$5 as imposed. James Flansbury was given a suspended sentence of three months in jail. Three other cases of drunkenness were continued till tomorrow morning.

FUNERAL NOTICES

BAGLEY.—The funeral of William E. Bagley will take place Wednesday morning from his home, 77 Adams st., at 8:15. High mass and requiem will be said at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker Peter Schuler.

BAKER.—Died Jan. 15, in this city, Miss Sarah J. Baker, aged 89 years, 23 days, at her home, 156 Sixth st. Private funeral services will be held at 8:15, Saturday, Jan. 20, at St. Patrick's church. Please omit flowers. Burial will be at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

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CALLAHAN.—The funeral of the late Charles Callahan will take place on Wednesday morning at 8:15 o'clock from his late home on Boston street, at 8:15. High mass and requiem will be said at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

LELAND.—Died Jan. 15, in this city, Dr. Clarence H. Leland, aged 63 years, 1 month and 6 days, at his home, 156 West street. Private funeral services will be held at 8:15, Saturday, Jan. 20, at St. Patrick's church. Please omit flowers. Burial will be at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

MCGILL.—The funeral of Mrs. Katharine McGill will take place Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock from her late home, 156 West street. High mass and requiem will be celebrated at the immediate church at 10 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Funeral arrangements in charge of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

MERRITT.—Died in So. Billerica, Jan. 12, 1917, Walter J. Merritt, aged 49 years, and 11 months. Funeral services will be held at the funeral parlors of Undertaker William H. Sullivan, 215 North Main street, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

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DEATHS

WALTER J. MERRITT, 49 years, died last night at St. John's hospital. Besides his wife, Mrs. Mary M. Merritt, he leaves two sons, Walter and William, and Mrs. Frances Allard of Lowell. The body was removed to 6 Clinton avenue.

DEVENY.—Sarah L. Deveny died yesterday afternoon at the home of her mother, Mrs. David Deveny, 1835 Lakeside avenue, aged 72 years. She is survived by her father, two brothers, Joseph and David L. Deveny. She attended the Collingdale school.

BAKER.—Miss Sarah J. Baker, aged 89 years, 23 days, died yesterday at her home, 156 Sixth st. She leaves a brother, Walter L. Baker of this city.

MCCAFFERTY.—Mrs. Hannah H. McCafferty, wife of James McCafferty, died this morning after long illness. She was 81 years old. Deceased was well known and a highly respected member of St. Michael's parish. She is survived by her two sons, James and Matthew, and eight grandchildren. She was a member of the Holy Rosary society of St. Michael's church and a resident of Centralville for 60 years.

BAKER.—Died Jan. 15, in this city, Mrs. Sarah J. Baker, aged 89 years, 23 days, at her home, 156 Sixth st. She is survived by one brother, Walter L. Baker of this city.

MASS NOTICE

There will be a monthly mind mass Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock at St. Patrick's church for the repose of the soul of Mrs. Patrick Lynch.

CARD OF THANKS

To the many dear friends who endeavored to console us in the hour of affliction we wish to express our heartfelt and grateful thanks. The many evidences of sincere sympathy received, for the beautiful floral offerings and for every kindly word and deed that helped us bear the loss of a beloved husband, father and brother, we are deeply grateful. We wish to thank the employees of the Barry shoe factory for their hospitality. Their many kindnesses will long be remembered by us.

Mrs. Catherine Connors, Mrs. Thomas Connors, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Harrigan, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Connors.

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